

NO. 37

| | | AMENDMENTS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|------------|----|----|----|-----|----|-----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|-----|----|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| TAYLOR BIENNIAL ELECTION OF COUNTY OFFICERS, ART. XIV, SEC. 8 | | 27 | 11 | 20 | 21 | 26 | 10 | 75 | 17 | 21 | 40 | 45 | 33 | 10 | 12 | 66 | 174 | 167 | 250 | 154 | 81 | 168 | 179 | 166 | 137 | 225 | 124 | 7 | 106 | 128 | 141 | 115 | 120 | 89 | 131 | 88 | 146 | 135 | 121 | 127 | 66 | 71 | 82 | 127 | 15 | 4823 | 468 | | | |
| For | | 30 | 11 | 28 | 25 | 114 | 88 | 117 | 65 | 79 | 91 | 3 | 11 | 15 | 1 | 12 | 16 | 4 | 10 | 9 | 4 | 6 | 10 | 3 | 7 | 15 | 16 | 2 | 26 | 25 | 20 | 1 | 10 | 20 | 17 | 21 | 10 | 19 | 21 | 146 | 9 | 12 | 12 | 14 | 1 | 15 | 20 | ... | 738 | ... |
| Against | | 10 | 11 | 33 | 25 | 118 | 90 | 117 | 65 | 79 | 91 | 3 | 11 | 15 | 1 | 12 | 16 | 4 | 10 | 9 | 4 | 6 | 10 | 3 | 7 | 15 | 16 | 2 | 26 | 25 | 20 | 1 | 10 | 20 | 17 | 21 | 10 | 19 | 21 | 146 | 9 | 12 | 12 | 14 | 1 | 15 | 20 | ... | 738 | ... |
| TAYLOR BIENNIAL ELECTION OF COUNTY OFFICERS, ART. XIV, SEC. 9 | | 27 | 11 | 20 | 21 | 26 | 10 | 75 | 17 | 21 | 40 | 45 | 33 | 10 | 12 | 66 | 174 | 167 | 250 | 154 | 81 | 168 | 179 | 166 | 137 | 225 | 124 | 7 | 106 | 128 | 141 | 115 | 120 | 89 | 131 | 88 | 146 | 135 | 121 | 127 | 66 | 71 | 82 | 127 | 15 | 4823 | 468 | | | |
| For | | 30 | 11 | 28 | 25 | 114 | 88 | 117 | 65 | 79 | 91 | 3 | 11 | 15 | 1 | 12 | 16 | 4 | 10 | 9 | 4 | 6 | 10 | 3 | 7 | 15 | 16 | 2 | 26 | 25 | 20 | 1 | 10 | 20 | 17 | 21 | 10 | 19 | 21 | 146 | 9 | 12 | 12 | 14 | 1 | 15 | 20 | ... | 738 | ... |
| Against | | 10 | 11 | 33 | 25 | 118 | 90 | 117 | 65 | 79 | 91 | 3 | 11 | 15 | 1 | 12 | 16 | 4 | 10 | 9 | 4 | 6 | 10 | 3 | 7 | 15 | 16 | 2 | 26 | 25 | 20 | 1 | 10 | 20 | 17 | 21 | 10 | 19 | 21 | 146 | 9 | 12 | 12 | 14 | 1 | 15 | 20 | ... | 738 | ... |
| TAYLOR BIENNIAL ELECTION OF COUNTY OFFICERS, ART. XIV, SEC. 10 | | 27 | 11 | 20 | 21 | 26 | 10 | 75 | 17 | 21 | 40 | 45 | 33 | 10 | 12 | 66 | 174 | 167 | 250 | 154 | 81 | 168 | 179 | 166 | 137 | 225 | 124 | 7 | 106 | 128 | 141 | 115 | 120 | 89 | 131 | 88 | 146 | 135 | 121 | 127 | 66 | 71 | 82 | 127 | 15 | 4823 | 468 | | | |
| For | | 30 | 11 | 28 | 25 | 114 | 88 | 117 | 65 | 79 | 91 | 3 | 11 | 15 | 1 | 12 | 16 | 4 | 10 | 9 | 4 | 6 | 10 | 3 | 7 | 15 | 16 | 2 | 26 | 25 | 20 | 1 | 10 | 20 | 17 | 21 | 10 | 19 | 21 | 146 | 9 | 12 | 12 | 14 | 1 | 15 | 20 | ... | 738 | ... |
| Against | | 10 | 11 | 33 | 25 | 118 | 90 | 117 | 65 | 79 | 91 | 3 | 11 | 15 | 1 | 12 | 16 | 4 | 10 | 9 | 4 | 6 | 10 | 3 | 7 | 15 | 16 | 2 | 26 | 25 | 20 | 1 | 10 | 20 | 17 | 21 | 10 | 19 | 21 | 146 | 9 | 12 | 12 | 14 | 1 | 15 | 20 | ... | 738 | ... |
| TAYLOR BIENNIAL ELECTION OF COUNTY OFFICERS, ART. XIV, SEC. 11 | | 27 | 11 | 20 | 21 | 26 | 10 | 75 | 17 | 21 | 40 | 45 | 33 | 10 | 12 | 66 | 174 | 167 | 250 | 154 | 81 | 168 | 179 | 166 | 137 | 225 | 124 | 7 | 106 | 128 | 141 | 115 | 120 | 89 | 131 | 88 | 146 | 135 | 121 | 127 | 66 | 71 | 82 | 127 | 15 | 4823 | 468 | | | |
| For | | 30 | 11 | 28 | 25 | 114 | 88 | 117 | 65 | 79 | 91 | 3 | 11 | 15 | 1 | 12 | 16 | 4 | 10 | 9 | 4 | 6 | 10 | 3 | 7 | 15 | 16 | 2 | 26 | 25 | 20 | 1 | 10 | 20 | 17 | 21 | 10 | 19 | 21 | 146 | 9 | 12 | 12 | 14 | 1 | 15 | 20 | ... | 738 | ... |
| Against | | 10 | 11 | 33 | 25 | 118 | 90 | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

ADDITIONAL TESTIMONY IN REGARD TO FREIGHT RATES

By Associated Press.

Chicago, Nov. 7.—President A. B. Stickney of the Chicago Great Western railroad, was the first witness at the second day's session of the interstate commerce commission today. He had prepared a number of figures to show that the rates imposed by that road were not unreasonable. Mr. Stickney's testimony was to the effect that while there was an apparently large discrepancy between the rates on live stock

THE SUICIDE OF
CHAS. O. ZEIGENFUS

By Associated Press.

San Francisco, Nov. 6.—Charles O. Zeigenfus, editor and part owner of the Manila American, a newspaperman once widely known in the United States, ended his life today by turning on the gas in his room. He recently came from Manila and offered his newspaper for sale, saying he could not live in that climate. He had been very ill. He had been twice editor of many western papers.

Denver, Nov. 6.—Charles O. Zeigenfus, whose death is reported from San

WASHINGTON MYSTERY HAS
POSSIBLY BEEN SOLVED
 City Associated Press.
 Washington, Nov. 7.—(Richard Cole, a colored porter 20 years old, was arrested today and charged with the murder of a section of the grand jury on the charge of committing the assault on Mrs. Gilbert Dennis, a well known dress-maker at her home in this city over 10 years ago. Mrs. Dennis died from her injuries about a fortnight ago without recovering sufficiently to talk rationally. Julius Van Brakle, colored, formerly a porter at the same place, was testified today before the coroner's jury that in March Cole had said something to him to the effect that he (Cole) would be a happy man if Mrs. Dennis died. Van Brakle said he had said nothing when he looked worried.
 "Yes, if you had on your mind what I have on my mind you would look worried," Van Brakle said.
 Van Brakle said Cole made statements regarding the reason why he did

ed may be shared by two different garri-sons in the several fields of de- fense." General Corbin adds: "The command is issued by the commanding general in charge of the land defenses that every officer and enlisted man of the army and official of the National guard who took part in the maneuvers, possesses a feeling of admiration for the elements of the navy in which the naval part of the program has been conducted whereby the confidence in and affection for the sister service ever constant have been re- newed and emphasized by this ex- cellently and patriotically conducted professional work of great im- portance to the nation, voices a sentiment heartily concurred in by the army." The adjutant general has obtained a number of kind of arms in the hands of the hands of the several states, and finds less than 4,000 United States magazine rifle in their

in the right of the Philippine Commission and its staff, Captain J. R. Lindsey, Lieutenant R. B. Carper, Major J. L. Phillips, R. William H. Arthur, Judge James H. Blount, and others in the government, Lieutenant Colonel James Kerr and wife and a large number of other persons of sterling honor.

General Chaffee had been in this country for over three years, during which time duty called him to various parts of the Philippine Islands. His services in China were well known and he was recognized the world over as a tactician of wonderful knowledge and force of character. His diplomatic and military attainments were well known to General Chaffee's efforts were due the speedy and peaceful settlement of the difficulty, and in recognition of his services to the country he was to go to the Philippines to bring about a more harmonious condition of affairs.

When I left Manila everything was progressing in a most satisfactory manner.

The bridge extends from the foot of De Lancy street, Manhattan, to the foot of 12th street, Brooklyn. It was designed to carry four tracks for elevated trains, two tracks for elevated street cars, and two tracks for elevated trolley cars. The bridge is 1,350 feet long, and is 110 feet wide. It is 110 feet above the river in the center of the main span. The main cables have recently been completed. The work of laying the main span was soon to have begun. The cost of the bridge was estimated at \$10,000,000.

Congressman Cannon.

**WOMAN DROWNED IN A
 MILL RACE AT CANON CITY**
 By Associated Press.
 Denver, Nov. 10.—A special to the
 Republican from Canon City says Mrs.
 Kate G. Furnald, aged 59, was drowned
 and W. G. McClure, aged 65, escaped the
 Emily Sournier narrowly
 when Kate threw herself overboard
 Monday night, frightened at an automobile
 and backed the buggy into a swimming
 pool during a mill race. Mrs. Furnald
 was caught under the buggy. The other
 occupants of the buggy, but not Mrs. Sournier,
 exhausted herself swimming and
 slipped into the ice cold water in a vain
 attempt to rescue her companion. Mr.
 McClure is not strong and serious re-
 sults from the accident are feared in
 this case.

Reliable

THE GAZETTE'S SPECIAL STATE NEWS SERVICE

Complete

GOVERNOR PROCLAIMS DAY OF THANKSGIVING

Special to the Gazette.
Denver, Nov. 7.—Governor Orman today issued the following proclamation:
"State of Colorado. Executive Chamber, Denver.
"PROCLAMATION—THANKSGIVING DAY.
"In accordance with that sacred and time-honored custom which has prevailed since the Pilgrim Fathers set apart a day of thanksgiving and prayer to God, the Father, for his care and blessing, and pursuant to the proclamation of the president of the United States, I, James B. Orman, governor of the state of Colorado, do hereby proclaim and recommend the observance of Thursday, the twenty-seventh day of this November, as a day of thanksgiving to God for his numerous blessings and great kindness to us as a people and a nation.
"We have much for which to praise and thank God, and should show forth our gratitude to him for his mercies. He has given us bountiful harvests, has kept us in peace and safety, has kept famine and pestilence from our shores, and given us great material prosperity in all lines of industry.
"Let us therefore render unto him our heartfelt praise and grateful acknowledgment for his many blessings by convening in our respective homes and churches, praising and worshipping him, in accordance with the dictates of our consciences, not forgetting that while we have been especially blessed, others may be in trouble and distress. Recognizing therefore that our prosperity greatly adds to our responsibility for their welfare and happiness, we should endeavor to do something that will make the world brighter and better, and for the upliftment of our fellow man. May all our acts be characterized by Christian charity and love.
"In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of state to be affixed.
"Done at the city of Denver, this 7th day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand, nine hundred and two, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and twenty-seventh."
[SEAL]

James B. Orman
By the Governor, Attest:
David A. Mills, Secretary of State.

Denver, Nov. 8.—The state home for dependent and delinquent children, which ever since its organization has been occupying rented quarters, moved today into what is known as the El Dorado building in South Denver today. The board of control of the home, purchased the property for \$30,000 cash. The home is surrounded by 40 acres of land, most of which is under water. The home is a well-constructed stone residence of 12 rooms, and has few alterations necessary to adapt it to its new use. Aside from the residence, there are three large tent cottages, one of which will be used for the dormitory for boys, one for the emergency hospital and one as a school room. The home now contains 115 children.

INCORPORATED—Among the articles of incorporation filed with the secretary of state today were papers for the Apapetola Mines company of Colorado Springs. The company is incorporated for \$1,000,000 and the following are its directors: Grant B. Schley, Bertrand E. Taylor, Frank G. Peck, Irving W. Bonbright, George M. Harnan, George W. Ellibney, P. W. Stehr.

SHOT WHILE SCUFFLING—Theodore Dozet was shot by his friend, Bud Muslikosa, during a friendly scuffle at their home on Fourteenth street last evening. Both men were said to have been under the influence of liquor.

BOARD OF PARDONS—The state board of pardons recommended three pardons and the commutation of two sentences last evening. Both pardons recommended for commutation were for those serving minor sentences.

FAMOUS SONG WRITER—Rev. E. E. Ufford, the composer of the hymn, "The Old Rugged Cross," is spending a few days in this city while on a tour around the world. He will preach at the Central Hill Baptist church tomorrow morning.

WENT TO CELEBRATE—Chairman Marley, Secretary Vivian and a large number of other Republicans left this city at 1:15 this afternoon for Colorado Springs, where they will participate in the Republican ratification meeting at that city tonight.

SUES FOR LOST BRAIN—Merritt F. Fritts has brought suit against the T. M. Machinery company for \$50,000 damages. He sustained the loss of a small amount of gray matter from his head through an accident which he alleges was caused by the carelessness of one of the employees of the company. This will probably be the first time that a jury has been asked to fix the value on a portion of a man's brain.

HEARING POSTPONED—A report from Golden says: "By agreement of counsel on both sides in the Salter, Schroeder and Thomas are defendants, the hearing of the second plea in abatement was postponed until Monday morning, November 17."

TELLER'S ESCAPE—U. S. Senator Henry M. Teller narrowly escaped what might have been a serious accident last evening. He stepped off an eastbound street car, not noticing that a westbound car was immediately behind him. A young man who was sitting near him grabbed the senator and pulled him back to the foot board of the eastbound car in time to avoid the accident. The young man failed to give his name.

FRANCHISES GRANTED—The board of supervisors has passed a bill granting the Tramway company franchises to lay tracks along 34th avenue, Cook's addition, and also from Fourth and Downing avenues, south along Downing through the Myrtle Hill addition.

CRIPPLE CREEK

Cripple Creek, Nov. 8.—This afternoon at 4 o'clock Mayor Crane pulled the whistle of the Enterprise Gas Mining company for its first time. The occasion was the starting of the first shift to work on Dan Hanley's mine which will work under the streets and alleys of the city of Cripple Creek. A large number of prominent miners and business men were present, and after the

VICTOR

Victor, Nov. 8.—Sam Jordan, aged 50 and married, was instantly killed at about 8:30 tonight in the Independence mine. Mr. Jordan fell 60 feet in the slope of the fourth level, rightfully fracturing his skull, indicating that he must have fallen head foremost. One of the workmen, who was working with him at this time, cannot understand how the accident happened, as he said they both had safe footing where they were working. Deceased leaves a wife and one stepson, who reside on South Fourth street in Victor.

MARRIED IN KANSAS—J. M. Simmons, manager of the Colorado Trading & Transfer company, was married last night at Manhattan, Kan., to Miss Edith Lantz, daughter of Professor Lantz of the State Agricultural college of that state. Mr. Simmons left a few days ago and would not say what his destination was, and it is a great surprise to his many friends in this city.

DIED OF CROUP—The two-and-a-half-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. O. J. Tweed, who reside near the Taylor & Brunton sampler, died this morning of membranous croup. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon from the residence. Interment will be made at Sunnyside cemetery.

FELL DOWN STAIRS—Mrs. R. H. Atchison, residing at 212 S. Third street, was seriously injured this morning, by falling head foremost down a long flight of stairs, breaking her arm and badly bruising her right temple. Mrs. Atchison is a very large woman, and it is wonderful, the doctor says, that the fall did not kill her.

MARRIED—W. R. Cox of Goldfield and Miss Burns of Independence were married this afternoon by Justice Corbin in this city.

CLAIMS PROPERTY—In a suit for the attachment of some furniture of John Ketselson vs. Rose A. Doyle, Mrs. Ada Atkins of Cripple Creek intervened in the proceedings of the trial, claiming all the property that Ketselson was suing for was hers by a former chattel mortgage. Mrs. Doyle is running a rooming house and rented from Ketselson, who seems to have been Mrs. Atkins a chattel mortgage on all the furniture before Mr. Ketselson sued for his rent. The case was set for Saturday afternoon.

VERDICT EXONERATES THE MINING COMPANY

Victor, Nov. 7.—The coroner's jury impeached to investigate the death of Samuel Jordan, who was killed last night by falling 50 feet down a slope in the Independence mine, brought in the following verdict this afternoon: "We, the jury, find that the deceased, Samuel Jordan, came to his death last night while employed on the Stratton's Independence mine, and attribute the accident to carelessness on the part of the victim, hereby exonerating the management from any responsibility."

WHOLELY RECOVERED—Philip Whalen has at last been discharged from the Sisters hospital as he recovers from the injuries he sustained in his home in Goldfield. Mr. Whalen sustained a fracture of the jaw and other serious injuries in a cave-in at the Last Dollar mine, a couple of weeks ago.

SEVERELY INJURED—Butt Pratt was severely injured today by falling off a ladder on the Anna May Wells claim near the War Eagle on Bull hill. Mr. Pratt was climbing out of a prospect hole about 20 feet deep when suddenly he lost his hold and fell backwards to the bottom. The ambulance from this city brought him to his home on B street. His back is severely sprained and his body is generally bruised.

OFFICIAL COUNT OF THE MESA COUNTY VOTE

Special to the Gazette.
Grand Junction, Colo., Nov. 7.—County Clerk Mann finished the official count today for Mesa county. Brooks has a majority over Starn. Haggitt over Angus. 24, Cowie over Angus. 39, Newton over Carlin. 39, Henson over Insley. 42, Brandt over Grenfell. 26, De Long over Whiting. 32, Hoyt over Noland. 22. The Bucklin amendment did not carry in Mesa county. For colon nine 82 votes were cast for, 32 against, for section two 82 votes for and 51 against.

Cripple Creek, Nov. 8.—The suit for damages of Owen Bennett versus the Consolidated Mining company, filed on August 12 of this year, was dismissed this evening by Judge Cunningham. This case will be remembered, that on April 8 on the above property an order was given to lower Mr. Bennett, who was on the cage, down to the eighth level. The cross bars were out to stop the cage, but by some mistake of the engineer, he tried to jam the cage through the bars, resulting in breaking Bennett's leg. The result was alleged permanent injuries on the foot. From this accident, defendant sued for \$10,000 damages, and tonight the case was dismissed, as it had been settled out of court for \$1,000.

WARNE'S CASE—The case of Warne versus Joel Winchester, tried before Judge Cunningham about a month ago, and taken under advisement, was finally handed this afternoon to the district court, Judge Cunningham ruling in favor of Winchester, holding that no mining partnership existed, and dismissing the injunction suit. The transfer of 100,000 shares of the Jack Pot stock. Mr. Winchester was not in the city when the judge handed down his decision.

JUDGE SALISBURY INJURED—Judge Salisbury was injured yesterday by falling down the steps from the district court room to the sidewalk. Slipping on the top step, he was caught by the judge received several bad bruises about the shoulders, and his left side was considerably bruised up. Today he is resting easily, and hardly seems any the worse for his mishap.

CALLS UNION STATE MINE INSPECTOR

Cripple Creek, Nov. 9.—A miner's wife has called upon the mine inspector to examine the Hull City Placer, by direct, having a letter to one of the local papers today in which she says: "For the last 10 days there has been an accident nearly every day in that man-killing trap, a human life sacrificed and a little home made desolate by the death of a father and husband." She claims the general community calls loudly for the presence of the state mine inspector in the district. She goes on Hull City Placer mine is in the most dangerous condition. On this authority, my husband worked there. He is an old-time miner and a good one, too. When he explained the dangerous position he was daily placed in, I do not think he was less than a month ago, and how many accidents have there been in this small space of time?"

Two fast trains to Texas. Seven fast trains to Denver and Pueblo. Through sleepers to Oklahoma City, Memphis, Houston, Ft. Worth. Best service at best hours, via Colorado & Southern Ry.

corpus to release W. E. Sayers and William Hyman, who a year ago were sentenced from seven to eight years in the penitentiary for passing counterfeit silver coin. The ground on which the writ is asked, is that the prisoners violated the government law, and yet were not tried in the federal courts. In other words, they were sentenced without legal authority. Several hours were occupied in the argument of the case, which was finally taken under advisement, without any statement from the district attorney, which the court stated was not necessary. This is said to be the first case of the kind that has ever come up in Colorado.

FREIGHT WRECK—Rio Grande

wrecking train was called this morning at 5:15 and was steamed up and on the road at 5:20. A freight train had jumped a frog near Florence, and knocked a number of cars off the track. The damage was very quickly repaired.

BESSEMER SAFE JOBBED—Last night the safe in the office of the Continental Oil company on Pavilion street, was cracked with nitroglycerine, and about \$200 in money and stamps, removed. Entrance to the office was gained by means of a window shutter. This is the second time in a little over a year that this office has been burglarized. It is thought that a gang is systematically working that part of Bessemer, as the safe of Anderson & Moore on the same street, was blown open a week ago.

LADY BURNED—The 3-year-old son of F. M. Gray of the Star-Journal editorial staff, ran into a pile of hot ashes on Broadway this morning, and before he could be rescued, was so badly burned that the skin peeled off his legs and feet up to the knees.

SELECT RECRUITS—Sergeant Butz, the recruiting officer at this place, has received orders not to accept any recruits except men who have already been in the service and are in the best of condition.

SUIT FOR DAMAGES—Harry M. Jackson and James Reed, competing for the Sage Transfer company, have brought suit for \$1,200 damages in the district court against the Union Coal and Coke company for violation of an agreement. The complaint recites that the defendant company refused to deliver any coal to the Standard Fire Brick company, but have done so, greatly to the detriment of the plaintiff who seeks the damages as remuneration.

MARRIAGE LICENSES—Marriage licenses issued today are: Richard C. Mooney of Saguaque, Colo., to Mrs. Jane Wiley of El Paso county; William H. Webster to Mrs. Francis Knecht of El Paso county; Vernon Sova and John Malnosky of Brown county, Wis., to Miss Mabel Cummings of the same place. The latter couple were extremely anxious that no announcement of their marriage be made until the license was purchased.

GOLDEN WEDDING—Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Harris celebrated their 50th marriage anniversary last evening at their home in Bessemer. Their sons were born in 1839 and Mr. Harris has been a Methodist minister for half a century. At the request of the couple, the Rev. L. M. Potoshinsky, pastor of the First street church, read the wedding prayer. Two sons, one daughter and to grandchildren were present. About 25 guests were present, and partook of a sumptuous repast.

DISTINGUISHED VISITOR—A man calling himself Napoleon Bonaparte, accosted Chief Clerk Higgins of the Grand Hotel this morning, and asked if Julius Caesar was in. The clerk had hardly recovered from his astonishment when another stranger appeared and took the stranger in charge. The newcomer is a representative of a private asylum in California, and stated to the clerk that his charge has just given him the slip.

WANTS DAMAGES—A suit has just been started against "Cattle Clay" by Mamie M. Wright, for \$500, which the plaintiff alleges is the amount of damage to her household furnishings caused by the defendant who had her house rented.

Pueblo, Nov. 7.—A case which will in general, and to those of Pueblo in particular, has just been decided in the court of appeals, to which it was taken from the Pueblo district court. The case is in favor of Mrs. Lou Turner of Rocky Ford, to whom the district clerk has ordered paid by the district clerk the sum of \$360, which was awarded her in the suit of the Rocky Ford State bank against the Western National bank of this city. The suit arose out of the fact that Mrs. Turner's husband had gambled away that amount of money in this city, and had given his check on the Rocky Ford institution in payment of his loss. The check was cashed by the Western National, but before its arrival at Rocky Ford, payment was stopped by Mrs. Turner, in whose name the money was on deposit. Hence the suit between the bank at Rocky Ford and the one here. The Rocky Ford bank had deposited the money with the court when the suit was begun, and it had lain there until yesterday, when it was ordered turned over to Mrs. Turner.

A VALUABLE WORK—A book agent at Bessemer, named T. J. Gavin, is working an entirely new scheme. He takes an order for a book, delivers it, collects for it, and a little later calls and borrows it to show a neighbor, with whom he has a sale in prospect. He never returns. Already a half-dozen of considerable interest to gamblers dozen victims have reported, and the police are on the lookout for the gentleman.

INFANT TRAVELER—Della Royce, a little girl 5 years of age, arrived on the Rio Grande train from the west at noon today, traveling all alone to her grandmother at Jefferson City, Mo. The little girl said, "I had to come by myself, 'cause papa was too busy."

LEFT FOR MEXICO—The Guggenheims, together with their party of smelter magnates, who were here looking over the plants, left for Monterey, Mex., last night. They are traveling in their two private cars, "Bally Clare" and "Grassmere," and will visit the Mexican capital while on their trip through the southern republic.

HEAVY FINE—Walter Q. Buckingham was fined \$120 in police court today on a vagrancy charge. He had in his possession a lot of cheap jewelry, and is suspected of trying to rob an old man whom he was seen with frequently.

GOVERNMENT GEOGRAPHER—Government Geographer E. M. Douglass was here this morning on his way to Arizona. He is the man who makes the topographical maps for Uncle Sam, and has just been doing such work in Teller and San Juan counties.

QUIT WORK—Three plasterers, four plumbers, four lathers, one carpenter

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We have every facility for promptly and satisfactorily serving out-of-town patrons, through the Mail Order Department of this, the largest Department Store in the great west. Our stocks embrace good goods of most every kind. Wearables for Men, Women and Children of every nature, and all that is needed in home furnishings. Entire stock represents over a million and a half dollars—all new—all up-to-date, all reliable.
Send address for our new Fall and Winter Catalogue.

The Denver Dry Goods Comp'y, DENVER, COLORADO.

and one electrician quit work on the large Whitecomb building yesterday because one non-union plumber was put to work on the job. It is now expected that the building council and trades assembly will endorse the general action of the striking plumbers.

FOOTBALL POPULAR—Football is all the go here now. Both high schools and some others are engaged in the sport. Members of the team exercise on the street of evenings.

JAMES WILLIAMS DEAD—James Williams, a Pueblo man and member of the local lodge of the Elks and Eagles, was yesterday found dead near El Paso, Tex. He had been hunting, was lost in the storm and perished.

W. A. CRAFT DEAD—W. A. Craft was stricken with apoplexy last evening at 5:20 while in the Central block, and died at 6:20 at his home at 219 West Seventh street. At 9:30 this morning an administrator to collect was appointed by the county court. Mr. Craft was an old citizen of Pueblo, well and favorably known, and had at one time been quite wealthy. He leaves three daughters and other relatives in the east.

BOULDER OIL INDUSTRY ON PERMANENT BASIS.

Special to the Gazette.

Boulder, Nov. 8.—Outside of Boulder the impression seems to be that the oil business is dead and that the whole thing was a fake. All that is necessary to prove the incorrectness of this idea is to go through the field and see what is being done at the present time. The stock boom has indeed burst, and the stock speculators and promoters have sought other pastures. But the practical oil men, the men who do the work and develop the field, are staying with it, and are getting good enough results to justify them in putting more money and work into the further development of the field. A tangible proof of this is seen in the new refinery which has just been built by Mr. C. A. Dorn and associates for the treatment of the Boulder oil. It will cost when completed about \$100,000, and will have a capacity of 100 barrels per day at the start, but has been so built that it can be enlarged to 200 barrels per day. The refinery is located on the Gillespie ranch, about two miles from town. The owners expect to make the first run on Tuesday next, a shipment from the McAfee well being the first to go through.

This refinery, right here on the ground is going to mean a great deal to the industry. The art at present, right producing wells with a daily output of about 175 barrels. Most of this is now sent to the United Oil company's refinery at Florence, where it brings about \$20 per barrel. The local concern will pay the companies \$1.50 per barrel for their product, which means quite an increase in profit to the producers.

Mr. W. W. Dege is one of those who have unlimited faith in the stability of the Boulder oil fields. Mr. Dege has just returned from an extended trip through the Pennsylvania oil districts, and states that eastern oil men regard the showing already made here sufficient to establish the local field as a good one. In many eastern fields more wells have been sunk by a single company before getting oil than have been put down here altogether. While in the east Mr. Dege succeeded in inducing eastern capital in a proposition to build another refinery here. Plans in it are being projected, and it is expected that it will be in operation within the next 90 days. The refinery as contemplated will have a capacity of 200 barrels per day, and will cost in the neighborhood of \$375,000. A site has already been secured and actual work will be commenced as soon as possible.

Of the producing wells, Otero has at present the largest output, its daily average being about 65 barrels. It is said that this company has already refined enough upon the oil shipped to pay for its land and entire equipment. In addition to the above-mentioned wells, there are 23 others at which drilling is in progress, and it may be safely said that there is more real work going on and that the outlook is better than at any time since oil was first discovered in Boulder.

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THE POPULAR LINE TO COLORADO SPRINGS, PUEBLO, CRIPPLE CREEK, LEADVILLE, GLENWOOD SPRINGS, ASPEN, GRAND JUNCTION, SALT LAKE CITY, OGDEN, BUTTE, HELENA, SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES, PORTLAND, TACOMA, SEATTLE.

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THROUGH SLEEPING CARS

BETWEEN DENVER AND CRIPPLE CREEK SALT LAKE CITY LEADVILLE OGDEN GLENWOOD SPRINGS PORTLAND GRAND JUNCTION SAN FRANCISCO LOS ANGELES CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS AND SAN FRANCISCO

DINING CARS

Service a la Carte On all through trains.

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ALL THE NEWS FROM ALL THE WORLD

LOCAL

Friday, Nov. 7.
County court denied petition of I. Harry Stratton for an appeal from appointment of the new administrators to collect, and Judge Gunnell, representing Mr. Stratton, later stated that an application will be made to the district court for writ of certiorari.

Annual meeting of the Needlework guild was held yesterday.
The 17th annual convention of the State Y. M. C. A. is being held at the hotel of today's session is given elsewhere.
State officers-elect will practically all attend the big Republican jubilee to be held Saturday night.

Saturday, Nov. 8.
Senator Scott of West Virginia has sent the Gazette a telegram congratulating the Republicans of Colorado on their splendid victory.

N. B. Hames, J. W. Blackwood, David Rees and James L. Lacey, Colorado City gamblers, were yesterday sentenced to 30 days in the county jail and a fine of \$500. Henry Cobb was sentenced to six months in jail with a fine of \$500, for keeping his saloon open on Sunday.

Governor Orman has appointed Dr. Chas. F. Blough of this city as member of the state board of medical examiners to succeed Dr. George W. Lawrence, deceased. Senator Ammons has written a letter of congratulation to Senator-elect Cornforth on his election.

Damage suit of J. P. Clark vs. the Rapid Transit company is in the hands of the jury.

Sunday, November 9.
In spite of the fact that it is Sunday this will be a busy day for Y. M. C. A. workers now in the city.

Crown prince of Spain is due in the city tomorrow morning at 8:30.
Samuel Wilcox, a stone mason, died of heart failure on a train between Pueblo and this city last evening.

Property owners in Lyons, Ariz., Brookside and vicinity held a meeting last evening to discuss the advisability of incorporating a separate town.

By the breaking of a rail on the west bleachers at Washburn field yesterday three boys were injured, two of them seriously.

Monday, November 10.
The alumnae of Colorado college have been at work for the last four weeks and the fair which they will hold on December 5 and 6 promises to be a great success.

Everything is now in readiness for the breaking of ground at the Elks new club house tomorrow night, which will be attended with feasts and wonderful ceremonies.

Gustave Loders and Frank Pixley, respectively composer and librettist of "King Dodo" and "The Burgoonmaster," are now both in the Antlers and may spend some time in the city.

State convention of the Young Men's Christian association, which has been in session in this city since Thursday morning, closed last night.

Local hotel men report a successful meeting of the Rocky Mountain Hotel Men's association in Denver during the past week.

Messrs. Garrett and Carrick have returned from a successful hunting trip in the western part of the state.

The crown prince of Spain is expected to arrive in the city at 10 o'clock this morning and will spend the day sight-seeing.

The Bostonians will present "Robin Hood" at the Opera house tonight.

Denver woman, while picking up coal along the railroad track was struck by a passenger train from Boulder and almost instantly killed.

Monday, Nov. 10.
Continuance in Stratton will case until today was granted by the court and today it will be put over until the January term.

Woman's auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. held a meeting yesterday to make arrangements for the annual Thanksgiving dinner of the association.

It is reported that a band of elk is grazing in the vicinity of Castle Rock.

A movement has been started to have Governor Orman pardon the Colorado City gamblers who are now serving 30-day sentences in the county jail.

Case of Jackson vs. the Street railway has been settled out of court.

Last night's performance of "Robin Hood" at the Opera house was a rare musical treat and in every respect a notable production; "Maid Marian," which is to be sung tonight, is said to be a worthy sequel.

Bill for \$42.25 for flowers furnished at the Stratton funeral was filed yesterday.

Official count of the ballots cast at the election last Tuesday has not yet been totaled, but the figures have not yet been totaled.

Summit house on Pike's Peak closed for the season yesterday.

The so-called "Cheerful Boulevard club," near the baseball park, was raided last night and three more or less prominent young men arrested.

Elks will break ground for their new club house at 11 o'clock tonight.

Report of the baggage master at the Denver and Rio Grande depot shows that over 3,000 more pieces of baggage were handled there during the month of October than were handled during October, 1902.

Last night the city council fixed the tax levy for the city at 10.4 mills.

Crown Prince of Spain expected to arrive about the city and vicinity and attended the opera in the evening; this evening a banquet will be given him at the Antlers.

Tuesday, November 4.
School board decided on a special levy of 5.1 mills. Basketball work will soon be introduced in the schools.

Elks broke ground for their new club house last night.

The official count in this county is practically completed. Miller for attorney general led the ticket, with a plurality of 3,585.

Rummage sale of the Y. W. C. A. was very successful yesterday and continues today with many additions to stock on sale.

Persons opposed to the pardon of the saloon men now in jail from Colorado City, are said to be getting up a petition to Governor Orman asking him not to grant the pardon.

A continuance was taken in the Stratton will case until December 11. Law points will be heard before Judge Orr prior to that time.

Case of Nellie Lewis vs. J. Reid Crowell is on trial to recover \$4,000, alleged to be due her from the settlement made in her breach of promise suit against Sam Strong.

The chrysanthemum show at the Clark greenhouses will be continued during this week. Visitors are welcome.

R. P. Davis says Colorado Springs is in better condition than Pacific coast cities he has just visited.

Marriage of John Dunne and Miss Hannah Maroney took place in this city yesterday, after a courtship of 25 years which began in Australia.

The Bostonians pleased their audience in "Maid Marian" last night, surpassing in some respects "Robin Hood."

A claim for \$170 was filed against the Stratton estate for insurance by W. W. Williamson.

STATE

Friday, Nov. 7.
Charles O. Morgan, a former prominent newspaper man in Denver, died in San Francisco yesterday under circumstances which indicate suicide.

Republicans of Mesa county are making preparations for a great celebration of the result of election.

As indicated by their return, Republicans believe they will have a majority of one on joint ballot in the legislature, even should the Democrats of Arapahoe be seated.

Unofficial returns from the counties of the state indicate that Brooks' plurality will be over 5,000.

Julius Albrecht, clerk of Arapahoe county, was cited for contempt of court in disregarding injunction issued by Judge Johnson.

King's plurality over his "paramount issue" is well above 3,000.

Reports from over the state on the constitutional amendments are incomplete, but enough have been received to show that the Republican platform was fully supported.

Rocky Mountain Hotel Men's association is in session in Denver.

Sam Jordan, a Victor miner, was indicted yesterday in the independence of mind last evening.

Thomas Mann, recently general manager of two mining companies at Boulder, committed suicide at Look Haven, Pa.

W. A. Craft, a pioneer in Pueblo, died yesterday from stroke of apoplexy.

Officers of the American Smelting and Refining company inspected the four smelting plants in Pueblo yesterday and made plans for extensive improvements; new zinc smelter will start operation in December.

Saturday, Nov. 8.
Republicans of Denver will have their election celebration on Monday, November 10. It will be a state affair and Republicans will be in the majority.

Brightside Home for Boys in Denver has been closed.

Obadiah Smith, a pioneer of Loveland, and the oldest Mason in the state, is dead.

By decision of court of appeals Mrs. Lou Turner of Rocky Ford has recovered \$300 on a check given by her husband in payment of a gambling debt in Pueblo.

Official count in Mesa county shows pluralities for Republican candidates ranging from 213 to 241. Bucklin amendment was defeated by majority of 10 votes on section 9 and 14 on section 10.

Sunday, November 9.
Big strike of ore is reported to have been made up-half mile from Silver Cliff. New oil shiner at Boulder will make its first run this day.

State House for dependent children, which has been occupying rental quarters ever since it was established, has now moved into a home of its own in South Denver.

By agreement of counsel on both sides the bribery case in which Tammen, Sadler, Schroeder and Thomas are defendants, hearing of the case was postponed until Monday morning, November 10.

Pueblo and its suburb Saturday night, under the victim being a negro.

Monday, November 10.
Colorado State Sunday school association convenes at Pueblo tomorrow.

Rev. L. E. Brown of Frankfort, Indiana, who has been called to the First Christian church of this city, is expected to arrive this week.

Next state convention of the Young Men's Christian association will be held in Cripple Creek, Colo.

Denver Fire and Police board has decided to purchase \$100,000 worth of new hose and a new fire engine.

David Moffat has gone east to complete arrangements for his new railroad from Denver to Salt Lake City.

Annual State Horticultural convention will be held in Denver next week.

Consolidation of the Colorado state tax is to be attacked in a suit brought in Arapahoe county.

State veterinarian McQuay has gone to Mesa county to investigate death of cattle which has been reported there.

Improvements at Lake Minneka park at Pueblo are destined to make it one of the finest amusement resorts in the state.

Deadlock in the Pueblo city council has apparently been successfully broken.

Henry C. Warrack, a newspaper man well known both in the east and west, and Margarette O'Brien, an actress, were married in Denver yesterday; the marriage is said to have been hastened by the fact that the bride's father, a prominent resident of Phoenix, Ariz., was en route to Denver to stop it.

Tuesday, November 11.
Denver switchmen of the Union Pacific and Colorado and Southern will demand an increase of 26 cents per hour.

G. V. Burton, representing Michigan capital, has secured an option on 20,000 acres in the San Luis valley and farmers from Michigan, Illinois, Indiana and Ohio will settle there.

Auditor Crouther has certified to the various counties the amounts due to the state from taxes.

Secretary Hoy of the C. F. and I. company has issued a formal call for the annual meeting on December 10.

Democratic state senators and senators-elect held a meeting in Denver last night and it is reported that the Republican attempt to throw Democrats out of the lower house by similar action in the senate.

Alva Adams still asserts his confidence in his election as congressman-at-large.

George Allison, an old resident of Bessemer, was found dead in bed of heart failure and alcoholism.

The police are taking steps to protect school children by purifying the water used.

The Colorado State Sunday school convention is in session at Pueblo.

A gold strike of large proportions is reported from Silver Cliff.

W. F. Davis and Ed Minister, president and vice-president of Altman Miners' union, have been arrested charged with assault on C. H. Mickey at the War Eagle mine, Cripple Creek, but both claim they can prove an alibi.

Two men working in the John A. Logan property narrowly escaped death by gas. One was overcome and fell 50 feet, sustaining serious injuries.

Albert Dane, working at the Hull City place, was struck by a piece of steel falling in the slope, and had his skull fractured.

GENERAL

of the seven main lines entering that city have agreed upon the project.

According to a report from Condon, Ore., 300 head of sheep belonging to James Cameron were driven off Sunday, and 155 of them were killed, presumably by cattle-men. There is expense between sheep and cattlemen as a result of the slaughter.

The executive committee of the Baptist Young People's union of America in session, has decided to hold the next annual convention of the society in Atlanta in the second week of July, 1903. The convention will last four days.

Latest election returns indicate election of Republican governor in California by a plurality of about 3,500; his opponent, Lane, states that he will contest the election.

George Vest, Jr., son of Senator Vest of Missouri, was found dead in his room at hotel in Washington yesterday morning; acute gastritis is given as the cause.

Coal strike commissioners have separated for a week's recess and will meet again in two days. Yesterday made a statement explaining the proposed naval maneuvers in the Caribbean sea next month.

Saturday, Nov. 8.
The annual report of Adjutant General Corbin says the restoration of the canteen is desired and urged by the great majority of the officers and men of the army.

Robert D. Hunter, aged 63 years, died at his home yesterday, aged 63 years.

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is the kind used by people who want good coffee, without paying fancy prices for it, and who want



lulu last Monday, is expected to arrive in San Francisco today. On board the Sumner are Major Chaffee and L. E. Wright, vice governor of the Philippines.

A leading Hebrew clergyman of Philadelphia criticizes Secretary Hay's note to the European powers because of the idea of self-protection set forth in the note.

President Roosevelt will leave Washington Tuesday for a bear hunt in Mississippi.

Francis Aurelia, wife of C. O. Shepard the former millionaire railroad contractor, died at her home in St. Paul, Minn., yesterday.

Mr. Campbell, a pioneer railroad builder, who helped build the Southern Pacific and was at one time president of the Salt Lake division of that road, died at Salt Lake yesterday from pneumonia.

The plant of the Keystone Driller company at Beaver Falls, Pa., was destroyed by fire yesterday.

The Daily Mail and the Daily News of London, in their morning throw doubt upon the reality of the reported settlement of the evacuation of Shanghai. The former paper hints that Germany has a secret understanding with China in the matter.

The announcement made by Chief Justice Fuller yesterday that the United States Supreme court would take a recess from next Monday until December 1.

Raymond P. Fournier, M. P., will be called to the Canadian cabinet today to replace the place of Mr. Tupper, who resigned the public works portfolio at the request of the premier.

A special dispatch received in London from Calcutta says that the Indian government has refused the Standard Oil company permission to prospect in the oil fields of Burma.

Monday, Nov. 10.
The cholera has practically disappeared from Egypt. Cairo is quite free from the disease, which is rapidly decreasing in Palestine.

Tuesday, November 11.
The Bolivian government is organizing an expedition to march to Arequipa.

Blanchard, Wellington, New Zealand, says two rafts from the British steamer Elangamite have been picked up, carrying 70 persons.

There is a case of an early settlement of French coal miners' strike.

General Botha has presented a written statement of his plans for the betterment of the Boers.

MINING
Friday, Nov. 7.
Mining stock market yesterday was dull and trading light; several stocks in the mines list made fractional gains.

Par Value Leasing company, operating on the Colorado prairie, is making arrangements to work the mine on a much more extensive scale.

Suit now on trial in Pittsburgh is of particular interest to Colorado Springs people, because the mining page.

The Golden Wedge claim of the Mary Jane company on Raven hill has some good ore in the 200-foot level.

Richard Irwin of Colorado Springs returned yesterday from Custer county and gave interesting information in regard to the conditions of mining properties there.

Reports that Elkhorn mine is to resume work within a few days on larger scale than ever are declared to be without foundation.

John Hays Hammond has telegraphed to the Stratton's Independence company that the mine is again on the up grade.

Saturday, Nov. 8.
Several of the leading stockholders of the Nellie V. company are planning to demand the resignation of the directors to bond the property for \$50,000.

Mining stock market yesterday showed considerable improvement, both in amount of trading and in prices.

Silver cave in the vicinity of the Kirk lease on the Clark D. claim of the Lexington company, which took place the first of the month, the company has taken hold of the property on its own account.

George J. Hammond, the newly appointed consulting engineer of Stratton's C. C. M. and D. company, is making a thorough examination of the property.

Sunday, November 9.
Lessee Knute Nelson on the Moon Anchor mine, has opened up pay ore in several portions of the mine.

Considerable ore is now being saved by the Lessee of the Moon Anchor claim of the New Zealand company, which showed continued strength and some improvement in volume of trading.

James H. Barker returned last evening from the Granite mining district and gives a succinct account of the new life which the once abandoned mining camp is now taking on.

Monday, Nov. 10.
Work on tunnel to drain El Paso property will be started this month and pushed to completion as rapidly as possible.

The Mohican have taken out 10 tons of ore from a shaft only 20 feet deep.

Woods Investment company has let a contract to drive an additional 100 feet in the old May Belle tunnel on the Lawrence tonkine.

Recent strike in 1,150 foot level of the Stratton's Independence is the talk of the mining world at present.

Recent heavy shipments from Pharmacal property have called considerable attention to this old-time favorite.

Special stockholders meeting of the Commonwealth M. and Co. was held yesterday.

Reports received from Summit county indicate a great revival of interest in mining there.

Tuesday, November 11.
The annual report of the state mining inspector of South Dakota on the Black Hills gold production places this at \$7,342,275 for ten months ending November 1, with a total tonnage of 1,621,001 men employed 3,207.

Wright of Wright, Lily and company, after a visit to Idaho Springs reports a bright outlook there in mining.

The new company in charge of the Ophelia tunnel has paid all debts and has a balance of \$100,000 in cash which will be used to push the bore to completion. There is a railroad project in connection with the tunnel project.

No Reasonable Man expects to cure a neglected cold in a day. But time and Allen's Lung Balm will overcome the cold and stave off consumption. Cough will cease and lungs be sound as a new.

Since the first instant, there have been

140 cases of cholera and 132 deaths in all Egypt.

Sir Marcus Samuel was formally installed yesterday as Lord Mayor of London in succession to Sir Joseph Dimsdale; all the quaint ceremonies customary at the induction of a chief magistrate were carried out, including the presentation of the diamond scepter, the sword, the city seal and the purse.

The Imperial Court of Saxony has sentenced four Italians who betrayed to France military secrets regarding the fortress of Metz to varying terms of imprisonment, ranging from nine to 26 months.

On the approach of the Sultan's troops to Tetra, where a pretender has arisen and claimed the throne of Morocco the Sultan's elder brother, the pretender fled and his followers dispersed.

The jury in the trial of Sabani Arara, leader of the Autonomist party in the counties of Spain, who was charged with having sent to President Roosevelt last spring a congratulatory dispatch on the granting of Cuban independence, returned a verdict of not guilty and discharged the prisoner.

The public received the decision of the court with expressions of satisfaction.

Monday, November 10.
The Commonwealth government gunboats Bogota and Chucilo left Panama Saturday on a trip along the coast in search of the revolutionary fleet. It is reported that Captain Marmaduke of the Bogota has received instructions to engage the revolutionists in a decisive battle if he finds it possible to do so.

A rebellion against taxation to meet the indemnity China has to pay to the United States has broken out in the southwestern part of Chili province. Troops have been sent to suppress the disorder.

Cabinet crisis in Spain is imminent. The Commonwealth government is preparing a bill to exclude foreign-owned ships from the Australian coastwise service.

The winter bull fighting season in Mexico opened yesterday; the first fight being attended by a large crowd, including many Americans. Parro, one of the matadors, was seriously injured by the third bull. He received a deep wound in the abdomen and

THE EVENTS OF THE WEEK IN COLORADO SPRINGS...

PRINCE VAJRAVUDH IS SEEING THE SIGHTS

Prince Henry of Prussia did not come to Colorado Springs or to Colorado even, but we are not to be entirely deprived of having royalty in the city this year for His Royal Highness Maha Vajiravudh, crown prince of Siam, arrived in the city yesterday morning over the Rock Island and is now the guest of the city. The royal party with American escorts came in yesterday morning at 8:48 and will remain here until tomorrow morning when they will leave for California, stopping en route only at the Grand Canon of the Colorado in Arizona.

The royal highness is a stranger, though very important bit of royalty. He is important because he is to be the next ruler of a country that is fast becoming one of the leading smaller nations of the globe and one that is fast becoming Europeanized.

The crown prince is strange, first, because he is so uncommunicative. He rarely has anything to say and on the subject of the United States, while he expresses great interest in the country, he is not at all forthcoming on the subject as one would suppose he would be. His royal highness refuses absolutely and point blank to see reporters and representatives of the press and as he speaks mainly in Siamese, it is a hard matter to do any eavesdropping. The prince is strange secondly, because he is scarcely five feet high and walking as he does, he has a size is even more pronounced.

Maha Vajiravudh has about him a large retinue. There are a number of his American friends who are looking out for his welfare. In addition to the prince and his aide-de-camp, Colonel Phya Rajavudh and Captain Luang Saradith, and his private secretary, Mom R. Anuvatra there is the Siamese minister to Washington, Phya Prasirith, a prof. J. H. Gore of the Columbian university. Mr. E. H. Loftus, secretary of the Siamese legation at Washington, H. Y. Darnell, tourist agent of the Pennsylvania, who has been with the prince's party ever since they landed at New York and who is personally conducting the trip for his highness, and has entire charge of the special train; Mr. George Denny of the Associated Press, who has also been with the party since it left New York and R. H. Taylor and C. Wheeler, two secret service men, one or both of whom are always with his royal highness. There is also the full quota of trainmen who usually accompany such parties.

Conductor Patrick E. Enghway, of the Rock Island, have been in charge of the special train. The Rock Island ever since leaving Kansas City, where the party first took the road. The trip from New York to Chicago was made over the Pennsylvania lines, from Chicago to Kansas City over the Chicago & Alton, and from Kansas City here, over the Rock Island. There are also a sleeping car conductor, three porters, three cooks, and four waiters and the steward of the prince's private car Columbia.

The Columbia is the car used by Grover Cleveland when president on his trips and later used by Prince Henry when he made his American tour. The other cars in the special are the diner Walton, the sleeper and drawing room car Hungary, and the combination smoking and baggage car, Atlantic. The train was brought in from Goodland, Kas., by Rock Island engine 1378. All of the coaches are the finest that could be procured for the trip. The woodwork in each is handsomely carved and the interior of the cars represent small palaces.

The Columbia especially, is the most comfortable coach that has ever been seen. Everything inside is cozy and neat and resembles in every respect a small cottage. The Siamese members of the party remain in this car accompanied by one of the secret service men. R. H. Taylor, one of the secret service men, is the successor of William Craig, who was killed by being struck by a trolley car in an accident that came so near resulting fatally for President Roosevelt.

Both of these secret service men in the party have conducted a number of royal personages in their trip through the country.

When the special pulled into the station yesterday morning a large crowd of people were present to behold the royal visitor. When the train came in everybody craned their necks to catch a glimpse of Mr. Vajiravudh, but they did not know the prince's bashfulness. He was then eating breakfast in the diner with the remainder of the party, but the blinds were drawn and the curious of the crowd caused them to climb around over the coaches and inspect the supply lockers underneath the cars.

The men in charge of the commissary department of the trip keeps it all full of the choice tid bits that are likely to satisfy the palate of the distinguished guest. The baggage car also came in for considerable inspection where 76 pieces of baggage are piled up for the party.

When the party had finished eating breakfast, a committee of local citizens, consisting of Dr. E. P. Anderson, Dr. R. Robinson, Duncan Chisholm and C. H. Mellen called and were introduced to the prince. After the usual courtesies were passed, the prince took a drive through Palmer park, then to the Mesa to Glen Eyrie, thence to Manitou through the Garden of the Gods, returning to Colorado Springs in the evening by way of Colorado city.

During the entire day, the prince and his aides were near the royal personage and he was so carefully guarded that no one was able to get near him. The prince and the entire party were delighted with the trip and with the surrounding country. While the prince is so very modest and is not in the habit of saying much, he expressed great delight at the beautiful scenery and the fact that he has visited almost all the scenic points of Europe and the old world, this is a great comfort to Colorado scenery.

The prince is a great admirer of the party's attention and all of them were accompanied. In the evening the prince, accompanied by his aides, Prof. Gore and Mr. Carnell and other members of the party, attended the

PROGRAM FOR TODAY

This morning at 10:30 the prince and his attendants will formally return to the Bank building. The party will call on Mayor Robinson at his office in the Bank building. The party will then call on the Superintendent of the city, His royal highness will make a brief speech to the students and then drive to Cheyenne canon. Lunch will be taken at the Cheyenne Mountain Country club house. In the afternoon the prince will rest, and this evening the banquet will be given at the Hotel. The citizens, Mayor Robinson, and the entire party will be present at the banquet. The guests will be served in the dining room of the hotel under the special supervision of Manager J. H. Darnell. The guests will pay \$6.00 per diem. The dinner will be very informal and no great amount of toast making and speech making will be indulged in. The banquet will begin at 8 o'clock. The prince will leave for the west.

BAND OF ELK REPORTED TO BE IN VICINITY OF CASTLE ROCK

It is reported that a band of elk are grazing in the vicinity of Castle Rock. It is said that they are in the small hills just about three miles west of the town. The hunters who have been hunting them are reported to be plentiful. The elk have been seen a number of times and have been driven down to the higher hills on account of the persistent efforts of the hunters. It is also reported that a herd of antelope are grazing in the vicinity of Denver. They are about 20 miles south of that city and number about 20, nearly all of which are young bulls. It is also reported that a herd of antelope are grazing in the vicinity of Denver. They are about 20 miles south of that city and number about 20, nearly all of which are young bulls.

SAYS COLORADO BOYS MAKE GOOD

Lieutenant J. P. Morton of the United States Navy, is registered at the Antlers. Lieutenant Morton is accompanied by a number of boys who are from Kansas city who are attending the peak with him yesterday.

Lieutenant Morton is in charge of the naval recruiting station of the western coast of the United States. He is accompanied by a number of boys who are from Kansas city who are attending the peak with him yesterday.

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GRANVILLE TELLS F HIS HUNT IN WHITE RIVER COUNTRY

John W. Garrett and Frank Carrick have returned home after spending about six weeks in the White River country hunting deer and elk. Both report an excellent trip and bring back a number of the animals as the law allows them. They made their headquarters at John Goff's camp, Marine Lodge, but made numerous side trips and traveled over a large amount of territory.

"We found that it was a great deal easier proposition," said Mr. Garrett last night speaking about the trip, "to get elk around Marine Lodge than it was over the mountains. The elk are driven away from the vicinity of the camp by the great number of hunting parties that had been there in the early part of the season. As the elk are scattered about after the hunters are driven away, we were able to get a great deal better than the deer. We both got our share of the latter, but it took some hard traveling to do it. Not finding any in the vicinity of Marine Lodge, we went to Trappers lake, about ten miles away, and finding none there, went to Goff's ranch, a distance of 35 miles. The game was not more plentiful here than it was at the lake, however, and we drove to the White river, hunted down it for about 15 miles, and crossed over and hunted along Peace creek where I was finally successful. Going late as we did to take in the elk season, we found the deer all scattered out of their usual haunts and had to travel over a great deal more country to find them. The game is not killed off so much as it is frightened away."

Mr. Garrett got a fine buck weighing about 200 pounds. He is now having it mounted whole at Stainky's. The antlers are very fine and although they are not so rare on account of size, being only nine-pronged, they are very valuable on account of their oddity. At the base the horns are very large and there are five or six rings of brown points around each one of them. The antlers are very rough all over, some of the points being very sharp, and will make a valuable addition to Mr. Garrett's already large collection. Mr. Garrett is now making a collection of the skulls of the different wild animals found in the state and has secured the skulls of the mountain lion, foxes, porcupine, marten, and other animals. While in the White river country he also secured some Indian relics from what is supposed to be the grave of a Colorado chief. Mr. Garrett is a prominent figure in the Meeker massacre. The relics include several of the bones of the Indian's body, a cedar canoe pole that has been buried under the ground for at least 15 years and a piece of a bow, a piece of a spear, and a piece of a knife. There is also a piece of the Indian's blanket, a saddle strap, an arrow head, and a cartridge filler in the collection. The Indian's gun was broken and is now in the hands of Mr. Garrett. The Indian's gun was broken and is now in the hands of Mr. Garrett.

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1901 there was to be raised \$229,067. It may be larger this year, although it may not mean as many dollars and cents of the taxpayers. The exact figures cannot be reached without a careful study of the matter. Naturally the idea is at all times to make the burden lighter upon the taxpayer. The yearly appropriations for the city will be made about February 1. For some time past the finances of the various departments have been running low. For this reason it has been necessary to do a little shuffling about of funds to make up the deficiencies and to adjust matters so the departments can go on to the first of the fiscal year without any trouble. The maintenance funds of the city are in a very low state and it has been necessary to replenish them.

The levy will be of course dependent largely upon the amount to be raised. The city runs behind a year all the time, that is the money to be raised on the next year's levy will be to pay the expenses of this year.

The question was taken up by the finance committee last week and it is quite likely that the city will be recommended to the council will be fixed upon next week, so as to be ready for the next regular meeting.

LAST WILL AND TESTAMENT OF CHAS EUGENE HARMON.

The last will and testament of the late Charles Eugene Harmon was filed in the county court yesterday and letters of administration were granted to Robert C. Harmon. His bond was fixed at \$8,000 upon the estimated valuation of \$4,000 of the estate, and the American Bonding company is the surety.

Charles Eugene Harmon died in this city September 29, 1902. By his will he leaves to his wife, Mrs. H. G. Harmon, all of his interest in the National Mining, Tunnel and Land company. To his brother, Robert C. Harmon of Wilmington, Delaware, he leaves stock in the Uncle Sam Mining and Milling company. To Margaret J. Gill of Colorado Springs he leaves all his furniture and 7,000 shares of Pharmacia Consolidated, and 1,000 shares of Merrimac Consolidated stock. To his sister, Jennie E. Harmon of Wilmington, Delaware, he leaves all the balance of his property after his debts are paid. The witnesses to the will were Eugene Cohen and W. T. Walker, and it is written on ordinary correspondence note paper.

Mr. Harmon appeared in Justice McClelland's court yesterday and swore to a complaint which charged her husband with beating and bruising her. She is a weakly, sickly woman, while Hennessey is quite a robust man. Mr. Harmon was placed in the hands of Deputy Larabee and after inquiry he learned that Hennessey was employed on a switch engine at Roswell. He went after his man in the afternoon and as soon as Hennessey learned that he was in the hands of the law, Larabee failed to be frightened, however, and slapped submissiveness into the man. He is now awaiting trial.

H. S. ROGERS ACCEPTS A POSITION IN ST. JOSEPH

H. S. Rogers, one of the veteran newspaper men of Colorado Springs, leaves today for St. Joseph, Mo., where he is to take the position of night editor on the Evening Telegraph. Mr. Rogers has been in the city for some time and has been very successful in his work. He is a well-known man in the city and has a large following of readers.

MANITOU TAX LEVY 18 MILLS

Charles A. Grant, recorder of the town of Manitou, has transmitted the annual levy for Manitou to the board of county commissioners. It will be 18 mills this year upon an assessed valuation of \$900,000. The board of county commissioners has approved the levy and it will be in effect on January 1, 1903.

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Sick Headache?

Food doesn't digest well? Appetite poor? Bowels constipated? Tongue coated? It's your liver! Ayer's Pills are liver pills; they cure dyspepsia, biliousness.

Small size. All druggists.

Want your mustache or beard a beautiful brown? Use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE FOR WHISKERS.

Small size. All druggists.

ELKDOM BROUGHT ELFDOM TO EARTH LAST NIGHT

If the shade of Hamlet's father had walked abroad in Colorado Springs last night it probably would have taken to the tall timber in dismay, impressed with the fact that as a ghost it was a dead failure. The certain term to which it is properly attributed doomed to walk the night would have ended forthwith. It would have been out-ghosted to a whisper.

Enough ghosts were chasing around hereabouts last night to stock the biggest cemetery in the country. There were all kinds: lean ghosts, fat ghosts, red headed ghosts, bald headed ghosts and ghosts with big feet. It looked as though all the spirits from Spirit-land were out upon a nocturnal migration. Added to this startling array were a few witches and "devils."

From the standpoint of uniqueness the breaking of ground for the Elks' new club house at the southwest corner of Cascade and Bijou certainly was a success. It was probably the most astonishing affair of the kind in the history of that astonishing or anywhere in the country and was carried out in a manner that caused it to lose none of its effectiveness. It was humorous and there was also an element of the impressive. In both respects it came up to the expectations of those who designed it and was a great show for the several hundred spectators who witnessed it.

At about 10:30 a ghostly array commenced to issue forth from the Odd Fellows hall in the McIntyre-Barnett building. Each "ghost" was attired in a sheet with a pillow slip over his head and carried an improvised lantern made out of a tomato can with a candle stuck one from the hallway and in deep silence proceeded down Tejon street to Pike's Peak avenue much to the astonishment of all beholders and to the great alarm of the coach horses standing in front of the Opera house waiting for the conclusion of the show. The chief ghost in the line was Tom Hazlett and he made quite a hit with spectators. There were some in line who did not look exactly impressive as spirits.

Instantly the average ghost, not ordinarily much of a conjuror, began to show through life and even the graceful folds of the sheets could not disguise the fairy forms of some of the ghosts. Others not having been Roman senators and fully cognizant of all the tricks of handling a toga, permitted sundry views of trouser clad legs kicking their way through the atmosphere.

As seen from a distance, however, the line made a decidedly unique appearance. It became fully spread out in a single file on Cascade and looked like a huge glittering serpent as the ghostly figures moved along with their twinkling lights. A delegation of ladies standing in front of the Alta Vista almost lifted the load of silence that hung heavy over the spirits by their comments, but all the ghosts managed to safely run the gauntlet. The head of the line had reached Bijou before the last ghost at the tail had turned Pike's Peak into Cascade.

A large crowd had assembled on the building site at Bijou, overrunning the whole lot, but the arrival of the ghosts caused them to fall back. The bill board on the Cascade side groaned under a weight of men and boys and there a large number of women stood about. A dance at Caledonian hall was almost depopulated for the time.

A tripod cauldron of the style pictured in the old fairy tales had been erected in the middle of the lot and about this the ghosts formed a circle. Back of them stood the crowd and a decidedly effective background for the white-robed figures with their flickering lights. The impressiveness of the preliminaries was rather marred by the comments of the crowd and the giggling of numerous young ladies, who apparently failed to fully appreciate the seriousness of the situation and who passed free criticisms upon the appearance of some staid wives would probably raise a row about as soon as they found out

Written for *The Gazette*
By Frederick F. Cook

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(Copyright, 1902, by Robert Howard Russell.)

"Whin I was a boy, if a king fell out with his folks, no wan knew iv it but th' earls an' markesses an' jooks that overheard the row while they were waitin' on th' table. They didn't say annything but wrote it down in a note book an' published it afther they was dead. Whin th' king passed th' butter plate so high to his wife that it caught her in th' eye, it was a rile secret. Whin his rile spouse pulled his majesty around th' room be th' hair iv th' head, th' tale remained in th' family till it got into histhry. Whin wan iv th' princesses threatened to skip with a jook, th' king touched th' spring iv th' thrap dure an' her rile highness, Augustina Climintina Sofia Maria Mary Ann, wint down among th' coal an' th' potatoes an' niver was heard iv again.

"But nowadays 'tis difrent. Th' window shades is up at th' king's house as well as ivrywhere else. Th' gas is lighted an' we see his majesty stormin' around

"Ye take this here king iv Biljum, Hinmissy. I know all about him f'r Dorney had th' room nex' to him when he was in Europe, an' he heerd him snore! Think iv that! Think iv hearin' a king snore an' meetin' him

"He takes his pleasure before all th' wurrudd. If y go into a hotel annywhere in Europe, Dorney says, y can see him settin' in a rockin' chair smokin' a seggae an' chattin' with th' drummers. 'Who's that ol' la-a-a with th' whiskers?' says Dorney to th' clerk. 'That's ol' Leopold, king iv Biljum,' says th' clerk. 'He's our star boarder,' he says. 'Who's that ol' fool cuttin' up with th' chorus girls at th' vex' table?' says Dorney to th' waiter at th' restaurant. 'It's Leopold, king iv Biljum,' says th' waiter. 'He's in here ivry night. I guess his home life ain't very attractive.' 'Th' king iv Biljum in his automobile ran into a milk cart yisterdah on th' bullyvard,' says th' pa-pers. 'In th' altercation that followed, th' lowly milk man walloped his majesty severely. * * * Th' king iv Biljum went up in an air ship yisterdah an' atherward took dinner with Santos-Dumont, Col. Tom Ochiltree, Tom Sloan, an' Chansey Depoo. * * * Th' king iv Biljum an' Maddynezelle Toorooro, th' Spanish dancin', danced a fandango at th' Caffy de Patee las' night. His majesty paid fr all breckage. * * * Ivry afternoon th' king iv Biljum can be seen on th' bullyvard. Th' statement that th' droop in his right eye is permanent is not correct. * * * Th' king iv Biljum was seen in a smokin' car in the limited train yisterdah, in his shirt sleeves, playin' siven up with a few frinds. Whin th' train stopped fr lunch, his majesty hopped out, at a dish iv baked beans, a section iv grape pie an' a cup iv coffee, an' had a pleasant chat with th' cashier who used to wurruk at th' Palace hotel an' knows him well. It was 'Leep' and 'Mame' with thine

"'Th' thruth is, Hinnessy, that th' kings have got to take a brace. If ye have any kings among yer frinds, tell them I said so. Th' king business is like a poker game. It's been goin' on fr' a long time an' whiniver it put its money in, we lay down thinkin' we was up again' a hand full iv kings an' queens. But th' minyit they'se a show-down, th' bluff is over. Thin we see that th' hand that we were afraid iv is composed intirely iv sivins, sixes an' dooces with maybe wan jack that looks like a king on'y to near-sighted people. A show-down is death to riley. Tell yer frinds to stay in dures an' niver shew their faces at th' window an' maybe we won't get on to them."

"I don't know any kings," said Mr. Hennessy.

"Well, I wudden't try to," said Mr. Dooley. "It wud be all right fr' ye but yer wife mightn't like it."

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THE WEEKLY GAZETTE

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 13.

Published Every Thursday
ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

REPUBLICAN RESPONSIBILITY IN COLORADO.

POLITICAL wisdom and good faith toward the voters of the state point out the only attitude and course that should be assumed by the Republican party, its managers and those whom the people of the state have placed in positions of official responsibility and power.

The Republican triumph was honestly won, and it was won because the Republican party stood for good government and clean politics; and because this attitude was in striking contrast to the record, the position and the methods of the Fusion-Democratic party of this state.

It was won also because the Republican party established its freedom from the control of cliques or bosses and put itself frankly and sincerely in the hands of the people to direct its affairs, to select its candidates and to determine its policies.

The same methods that have brought victory, will secure the fruits of victory and establish the permanent supremacy of the Republican party in this state.

A change of attitude toward the people, a reversion to the Democratic methods that have been repudiated and condemned by the people of Colorado, or to Republican boss or gang rule, will be an invitation to disaster, a repudiation of solemn pledges to the people, and a forerunner of Republican defeat with disastrous consequences from which the party in this state may never recover.

An especial responsibility rests upon the Republican members-elect of the next general assembly. It will devolve upon them, possibly more than upon any others, to redeem the pledges that have been made to the people, and to establish the honor and good faith of the Republican party as the party of clean politics and good government.

Every senator and representative-elect should feel that the honor of the party and of the state is in his personal keeping, and he should be especially careful at this time to guard it against any and all persons who may seek to betray the confidence of the people for their own political or personal advantage.

It is essential to the welfare of the party and of the state that the members of the Fourteenth general assembly should enter upon their work absolutely unpledged to any person for any purpose. If this is done, the people of the state will feel the same confidence that they felt in the members of the Republican state convention, and they will be prepared to endorse the work of the legislature with approval similar to that bestowed upon the Republican platform and the Republican candidates.

One of the first and most important things the legislature will be called to act upon will be the title to office of the members-elect from Arapahoe county.

This question will offer the opportunity which may make or break the fortunes of the Republican party for years to come.

If the contestants make out a case of fraudulent voting or fraudulent returns sufficient to change the result upon legislative members in Arapahoe county THEN BY ALL MEANS THE DEMOCRATIC MEMBERS-ELECT SHOULD BE PROMPTLY UNSEATED. BUT IF THE CONTESTANTS CANNOT SHOW A CLEAR TITLE TO THEIR OWN SEATS BY THE HONEST VOTE OF ARAPAHOE COUNTY, THEN NO REASON OF TEMPORARY PARTY ADVANTAGE SHOULD LEAD THE REPUBLICAN MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE TO THWART THE WILL OF THE ARAPAHOE COUNTY VOTERS.

There must be no wavering of party policy upon a question of such importance to the people of the state.

IF THE DEMOCRATIC TITLE IS BASED UPON CLEAR AND UNMISTAKABLE FRAUD THE REPUBLICANS SHOULD NOT ONLY THROW THE MEMBERS-ELECT OF THAT PARTY UN CEREMONIOUSLY OUT OF THE LEGISLATIVE HALLS BUT THEY SHOULD SEND THE AUTHORS OF SUCH FRAUD TO A LONG-TIME SERVICE IN THE STATE PRISON.

BUT THERE SHOULD BE NO DISFRANCHISEMENT OF LEGAL VOTERS NOR ANY ATTEMPT TO THWART THEIR WILL AS EXPRESSED AT THE POLLS.

Every Republican elected to the legislature from districts outside of Arapahoe county should approach this question in a thoroughly judicial frame of mind and none of them should allow any aspirant for the senate or other person to tie them in promises of any kind prior to the meeting of the legislature in January.

The Gazette urges every Republican member-elect to the Fourteenth general assembly to absolutely refuse to give pledges of any kind to any person prior to the meeting of the legislature.

The future fate of the Republican party in Colorado is now largely in the keeping of the Republican members of the Fourteenth general assembly and they cannot be too cautious about what they promise or what they do.

THE SUPREME POWER IS THE PEOPLE'S WILL.

SMAIL politicians give far more thought to rallying the people to the support of the party than they do to rallying the party to the support of the people.

And yet the latter course is the only sure foundation for permanent political success.

The Republican party in Colorado owes its recent victory to the determination of the people to rebuke the Democratic misgovernment and folly and to intrust the public affairs to the party that has been making such a brilliant record at Washington and in the Republican states.

But it is infinitely of more importance to the Republican party at the present time to keep itself in touch with the people and to remain strictly within the limits of the authority that has been committed to it, than it is to try to seize unwarranted power or to intrench itself against any future tide of public sentiment.

It is far better that the Republican party should lose the legislature and the United States senatorship and a congressman and one or more places on the state ticket, than that any one or all of these prizes should be seized without full authority from the people. The Republican party can afford to get along without these things, relying upon the people to confirm it in whatever measure of power it shows its ability to exercise for their benefit. But it cannot afford to take unjustly or unfairly any gift that has been withheld by the people. To do this would be to put itself on a level with the Democratic gang that has been so thoroughly and overwhelmingly condemned by the people of the state.

If it can be established by reliable evidence that frauds have been committed by anyone, there should be severe punishment both for those who ordered and those who executed such frauds, and no one should be permitted to profit by them.

But the contests in Arapahoe county or elsewhere, if there are to be any contests, should be approached with judicial calm and impartiality, and no consideration of temporary political advantage, either to party or to any individual, should be permitted to interfere with a real and sincere desire to execute and to secure the will of the people as expressed in their honest ballots at the polls.

If the Republican party rises to the level of its present opportunity it need give little anxiety to the political future of this state. But if it fails to meet public expectations, or if it yields itself to selfish bosses or seeks to do anything else than the will of the people, not all the ingenuity of all the politicians will be able to erect a barrier that will secure it from the popular disapproval.

If there is a lesson above all others, that has been taught by the political history of Colorado in the past 10 years, it is that the will of the people is supreme in our public affairs, and no party that does not sincerely believe this and act accordingly will long remain in control of our legislative and executive offices.

A REPUBLICAN CONGRESS.

THE LATEST returns indicate that the next congress will be safely Republican both in the senate and the house of representatives. The people of the United States have again approved the Republican policy of protection and have endorsed the national administration.

There have been the usual number of changes from Democrats to Republicans and vice versa, and of these the Democrats appear to have had somewhat the better.

But on the other hand the Republicans have profited by the new districts created under the twelfth census.

The Fifty-seventh congress included 198 Republican representatives, 153 Democrats and 5 Populists, Silverites and Fusionites.

Of the 385 members of the next house, returns so far indicate the election of 175 Democrats, 207 Republicans, with three districts still in doubt.

The reduction in the Republican majority is less than was expected in an off year, and it is large enough to insure the prompt transaction of the public business and the passage of such legislation as may commend itself to the wisdom of the majority party.

There was even less danger of a loss of Republican control in the senate than there was in the house. The Republican plurality there cannot fall below 10 and it will probably be not less than 12.

The danger that the Republicans would lose control of congress was never a serious one, but it is pleasant to know that the people of the United States have once more passed a vote of confidence in the party of prosperity, and that nothing now stands in the way of a continuance of the successful management of national affairs for at least three years more.

THE NAVAL CAREER FOR BOYS.

THE ANNOUNCEMENT by the navy department of a shortage in the available naval officers is likely to bring a quick remedy in congress acts promptly.

There is certainly no shortage of boys and young men in the United States who have the patriotism and the physical and mental equipment necessary to fit themselves for serving their country as naval officers. All that is necessary for congress to do is to open the doors of the academy at Annapolis and the naval training schools a little wider, and to facilitate the passage of good material from the latter to the former.

The navy has always been an attractive career for American boys, and it is still, but for many years the authorities seemed to be greatly afraid of getting too many officers, and the narrow rules regulating the Annapolis academy seemed to be planned rather to keep young men out of the navy rather than to bring them into it. Now the circumstances are different, and the demand is for more officers. The navy can get them, and just as good ones as were ever provided, but it will necessarily take time.

It takes longer to produce an admiral or even a good gunner than it does a battle ship, and the man is more important than the machine.

Congress should pay prompt attention to the recommendations of the naval authorities, and should set to work to increase the supply of captains and admirals with the same energy with which it has built up the cruisers and battleships of the new navy.

GENERAL CHAFFEE'S RETURN.

MANY MORE SPECTACULAR heroes have returned to the United States than General Adna R. Chaffee, but few have come back with a record of more creditable service.

General Chaffee was the central figure of the campaign in China, where the United States army appeared to such advantage in the field of diplomacy as well as in that of warfare, and it was in direct recognition of his service there that General Chaffee was sent to the Philippines, where he has been of great usefulness in enforcing peace and facilitating the establishment of civil government.

AN UNEQUALLED OPPORTUNITY FOR PROGRESS.

IF THE DEMOCRATIC ticket had been successful at the recent election and if the voters of Colorado had judged it wise to undertake the Bucklin experiment, it would have been the duty of every true friend of the state to have rallied to its support in the effort to minimize the harm of continued Democratic supremacy and the danger of the test of radical theories. And it would have been the duty of newspapers and other sources of public influence to do everything in their power to defend the business interests of the state and to endeavor to counteract political harm by stimulating the industrial progress and the development of natural resources.

There is all the more reason now, when Republican victory is assured, when constitutional reforms greatly demanded by the people have been established and when the state has refused to engage in a dangerous experiment, to employ even a greater amount of energy toward the promotion of our business interests.

Then it would have been necessary to exert our greatest strength to keep ourselves from serious loss.

Now we may be sure that every well-directed effort will surely bring a most generous result.

No better proof of the superiority of Colorado's natural resources could be shown than the fact that we have grown and prospered in spite of the blighting influences of the Fusion regime and in spite of the ever-present danger of worse legislation and policies.

THE PERIOD OF THE NEXT TWO YEARS IS CERTAIN TO BE THE TIME OF THE BEST AND MOST RAPID DEVELOPMENT COLORADO HAS EVER KNOWN.

No man is so well as the one who has just recovered from a serious illness. No community flourishes like the one that has just passed through a period of depression.

No prosperity is so great as that which follows immediately after dull times.

For years the business interests of Colorado have been checked and paralyzed by political errors and unwise legislation.

The repudiation of Fusion Democracy, its methods and its principles is unquestionably the best thing that could happen for the business interests of the state.

The conditions are ripe for a tremendous advance all along the line. Important new railroad enterprises are already under way, others have been announced as probable, and still others will certainly be determined in the near future.

The growth of the beet sugar industry is continuing at a rapid rate, and its success may now be said to be safely assured without regard to any action that may be taken by the Republican majority in congress. If the concession is made to Cuba the Colorado beet growers and beet sugar makers will still be able to find a profitable market for their products. If it is not, the development of our new industry will be all the more rapid.

The undertaking of irrigation works by the national government will direct general attention to the west, and will surely result in large increase of population in Colorado.

Denver and Pueblo, the largest two cities of the state, are already feeling the pulse of reviving industrial activity, and this will rapidly extend to every part of the state.

The period of rapid development in the east, of the organization of immense combinations requiring large sums of money, of intense activity in railway and industrial speculation and investment, of intense activity in manufacturing and trade, seems almost to have reached its climax, and with less opportunity for rapid profit nearby, eastern investors must infallibly turn toward the newer region of the west as the field for their enterprises.

THE COMMUNITY THAT WILL PROFIT MOST BY THESE CONDITIONS IS THE ONE THAT SEES THE OPPORTUNITY MOST CLEARLY AND THAT MOST PROMPTLY AND RESOLUTELY SETS ITSELF TO THE TASK OF MAKING THE MOST OF IT.

THAT COMMUNITY SHOULD BE COLORADO SPRINGS.

No part of the people of Colorado are more wide awake to their surroundings than those who have built the city of Colorado Springs and have made it prosperous under many circumstances of discouragement.

None are more prompt, energetic and tireless in their actions.

None have a better acquaintance or a more effective influence in the circles where acquaintance and influence are most valuable.

The business men of Colorado Springs therefore have an opportunity to do themselves, the city and the state an immense benefit by taking the lead in the forward march of progress, and by directing the course of the tide of prosperity that is ready to flow in upon us.

With a Republican congress assured for at least two years, with President Roosevelt's re-election practically assured, with Republican supremacy in state affairs guaranteed at the hands of careful, conservative and honest executive officers, the time is certainly ripe for a great forward movement in this state.

The well-known character of the people of this city and the record of their past accomplishments are a sufficient guarantee that they will improve their present opportunity.

A "NOTABLE" (?) NEWSPAPER VICTORY.

THE DENVER REPUBLICAN boasts about what a "notable victory" (?) IT WON in the recent campaign. We hadn't thought about it before, but it really was a "NOTABLE victory" for the Republican.

Denver is normally Republican by 10,000 majority, and in the Republican landslide of last Tuesday it should have gone Republican by 20,000, and would have done so had it not been for the bolting of the Republican state platform by the Denver Republican. As it was, the "efforts" of the Denver Republican gave the Democrats a majority of 6,000 in that city.

The chief campaign of the Denver Republican was against the eight-hour law the Rush home-rule bill and the biennial election bill.

All of these measures carried the city of Denver, to which the circulation of the Republican is confined, by 15,000 majority and the state by 50,000.

It really was a "NOTABLE VICTORY" the Denver Republican scored last Tuesday.

The Republican says it got very close to the people, and that it is receiving all kinds of congratulations.

In this statement it got its metaphors slightly mixed.

THE PEOPLE GOT CLOSE TO THE REPUBLICAN, but with ancient eggs, discarded tin cans and every conceivable make of battle axes.

The telegrams of congratulation must have looked like an original telegraphic message chiefly composed of dashes and dots with a plentiful supply of large D's.

All jesting aside the Republicans of the state really owe a debt of gratitude to the Denver Republican, for had it supported the Republican ticket in good faith the judges of election would not yet be through counting the Democratic majority.

A PLEDGE TO THE PEOPLE.

WHATEVER friction there may be between the Democratic senate and the Republican house in the next legislature in regard to various matters, there certainly ought to be none in carrying out in good faith the will of the people as expressed by the passage of the constitutional amendments at the recent election.

At least one of the amendments, that establishing the eight-hour day for mines and smelters, requires legislation by the assembly to give it full effect, and the operation of others might be notably delayed and impeded by the hostility of a Republican legislature and Republican state officials.

In spite of the sensational stories now being circulated by disappointed Democrats, there is no ground for belief that the Republicans will make any mistake of this kind.

The indorsement of the amendments by the Republican state convention was sincere and honest, as is shown by the vote on the amendments in every county of the state, and we have no doubt that Republican officials everywhere will do their full part towards securing and completing the popular will in these matters.

Of course, the amendments must stand the test of proper legal scrutiny. If they are found to be invalid, illegal or inconsistent by the courts, that is no fault of the Republicans, but of the Fusion legislature which passed them in their present form.

But the fate of the party is pledged to the people for the carrying out of these measures, and that pledge must be adequately redeemed. If the home-rule amendment, the biennial elections amendment or any other should be destroyed in a contest before the supreme court, it would become the immediate duty of the Republican members of the legislature to join with Democratic senators and representatives in the passage of a non-partisan substitute that would be free from the objections established against the present measure, and that would finally secure to the people the reforms that they have so long demanded.

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Fifth Floor, Charles Bldg., 15th and Curtis, Denver, Colorado.

A REMARKABLE POLITICAL FORECAST.

IN THE Gazette Campaign edition dated Sunday, October 26, 10 days before the election, the Gazette undertook to present to its readers a forecast of the vote in this state. At that time the general opinion was that the Republicans had at most only a forlorn hope of winning the contest.

Nothing of the kind had ever before been attempted in the state of Colorado, and the Gazette management were probably the only newspaper men in the state who believed that it could be accomplished. But the importance to the Gazette readers and to Republicans generally of knowing exactly what the Republican prospects really were induced this paper to undertake the task.

Letters of inquiry were sent to the chairmen of the county central committees of every county in the state, and these were supplemented by telegrams, with the result that official signed replies were received from 31 out of 54 counties in the state, two of these replies not reaching us in time for publication. These two counties, together with the three remaining ones, were carefully and conservatively estimated, and the results were summed up as follows:

"39 counties report the Republicans will be successful.
"5 counties report that the chances are evenly balanced.
"13 counties report in favor of Democratic success.
"The total Republican pluralities outside of Arapahoe county amount to 14,815.

"The total Democratic pluralities amount to 2,400.
"This is a net Republican plurality for the state outside of Arapahoe county of 12,415."

Unofficial returns have now been received from all of the counties of the state, and nothing further will come in until the statements of the official count are made by the county clerks.

The Gazette said that 38 counties outside of Arapahoe would give Republican pluralities.

The unofficial returns show that 38 counties outside of Arapahoe gave Republican pluralities.

The Gazette said that 13 counties would go Democratic, and that five counties were doubtful.

Eighteen counties, according to the unofficial returns, gave Democratic pluralities, and of these five, and no more, are reported for Democratic pluralities of not more than 100 votes each.

The Gazette said that the net Republican plurality for the state outside of Arapahoe county would be 12,415.

The net Republican plurality for the state outside of Arapahoe county, according to unofficial returns to date, is 12,050.

It was certainly not the fault of the Gazette nor of the Republican county chairmen throughout the state, whose careful, reliable and accurate predictions made this remarkable result possible, if the Gazette readers were not fully informed in advance of what was going to happen.

The quarto-centennial celebration of the opening of the University of Colorado is appointed to be held at Boulder, November 13, 14 and 15, 1902. On the afternoon of the 13th will occur the address before the School of Law, and in the evening the grand concert. On the following day addresses will be delivered before the other professional schools, and on the 14th, President Schurman of Cornell university will deliver an oration. This celebration is justly regarded by the university authorities as the most important event of recent years, and one which is of interest to every citizen of the state.

Gazette Gayeties

THE SURGEON.

Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 25.—When the Southeast Alabama Medical league met this week at Dothan, Dr. L. L. Hill gave an account of how he had sewed up a wound in the heart of Henry Myrick, a 13-year old negro boy. Myrick, who had been stabbed in the heart, was present in apparently good health.—(Press dispatch.)

The surgeon a mighty man is he,
Yea, marvelous is his skill;
And many a life by his keen, true knife
Is saved from a threatening ill;
No horror of awful suffering;
Of agony there is none;
For a fellow sleeps in the Dreamland deep
Till the painful deed is done.

The surgeon a wondrous man is he!
He taketh the dainty brain,
Removes its disease with consummate ease
And putteth it back again;
Perchance you appendicitis bothers
And causing annoying care;
He will take it out and smile, no doubt,
In a manner most debonaire!

He can lop off a limb and give you
A new one to take its place;
Your stomach he'll clean if it's acting mean;
Or give you a brand-new face;
He'll take you apart so neatly
And put you together again;
Oh the surgeon he is decidedly
A marvelous man 'mong men!

Behold now his greatest triumph,
Achievement beyond compare;
To save a life with his trusty knife
There's no risk too great to dare;
For lo! he hath boldly taken
The heart that was pierced and maimed,
He hath sewed and bound till the awful wound
Is healed, and a life's reclaimed.

Well done! To thy name be honor!
But listen, thou surgeon bold:
Though thy skill may heal the wound of steel
Or the path of the bullet cold;
There is yet one wound that never
Will yield to thy touch its pain;
One wound 'gainst which thy most careful stitch,
Thy dressings and salves, are vain!

What aileth thy wondrous cunning?
What use that ye cut and saw?
Can all thy art ease the wounded heart
If a woman shall deal the blow?
Ah, surgeon! When thou canst give us
Some measure to e'en abate
The deep heart-aches that a woman makes,
Then, then we will call thee great!

"Wonder where this sloe is made?"
"Philadelphia, probably."

"Shure, O'm no partisan, Jerry. O! vote fer th' best man."
"An' how c'n yez tell which wus th' best man till afther th' votes
ar-re counted, Dinny?"

"Is there no hope for me?" he asked.
"None whatever, I am engaged to another!"
"Goodness, how you frightened me! I thought it was something
serious!"

"They say," remarked Cholly, "that you can tell a good deal about
a man by the company he keeps."
"That," replied Miss Caustique, "is not always true. I have seen
you with Phyllis a good deal, and she is really a fine girl."

"I understand he always holds his friends."
"Wonder if that's why he is so popular with the girls." J. W. W.

FOR CHRISTMAS

ANY READER of this paper who will send THREE or MORE new subscribers to THE WEEKLY GAZETTE, between now and December 31st, may retain 50c from each PAID SUBSCRIPTION. Price, \$1.00 per year, IN ADVANCE.

WEEKLY GAZETTE, Colorado Springs

LAST NIGHT REPUBLICAN RATIFICATION THE GREATEST POLITICAL TRIUMPH IN TEN YEARS

(Chief: You've lived to see a glorious victory.)
 (Chief: Just hear the thousands roar and cheer more.)
 (Chief: It was a winning fight.)
 (Chief: And a winning for the right.)
 (Chief: You will never see the Democrats any more.)
 (Chief: "I'm sorry.")
 (Chief: If Mr. Kipling requires any apologies, it is welcome to them.)

Covers were laid for love, and a good many stood up.
 Such was the situation at the banquet at the Antlers last night, which banquet was a part of the celebration held from 7 o'clock until the advent of the Sabbath.

It was by all odds the greatest political demonstration ever held in Colorado Springs. From the moment the band tuned up at the hotel at 7 o'clock until the vast throng silently wended its way homeward after the ebbs of the last cheer had died away, there was not a moment that was not filled with action.

Now, a general proposition, a crowd without red fire attachments and the grinding of a brass band is liable to be an uninteresting sort of thing unless—unless the exception is made of the only thing that made it interesting—dominated by enthusiasm. That is exactly the situation last night and the present generation views another such scene in Colorado as much interest, it will be only once every two years after a Republican victory.

For genuine enthusiasm, the crowd last night beat even the band. It almost swamped itself in its utter abandonment to enthusiasm. Director Irvine had his band out but he had to make a pre-arranged political demonstration. In fact, those in charge had not looked for the scene on the streets and was just as much a surprise to them as was to the average observer. It was, however, just what was probably not discovered, but someone with strenuous lungs started to "holler." It was contagious, or rather infectious. In a short time, almost everyone in sight was cheering without reference to anyone else, the ensemble being a veritable bedlam. There appeared to be no particular reason for "hollering" excepting out of pure joy of the soul, which the cause of the celebration had been.

Early in the evening the Antlers band went to the Antlers hotel and stationed itself in the lobby of the hotel where it proceeded to deal out a portion of its repertoire and finally settled down upon a medley including "Hall Columbia," the "Red, White and Blue," and the like. A big crowd gathered about the band and the band and also to get stray glimpses of the new state officers. They were occasionally rewarded in this and they a prolonged cheer would go up. At about 10 o'clock the band moved to the Opera house and went over to the Opera house, being followed by a thousand people. In front of the Opera house again gave an open air concert.

The parade, which was pulled off without a hitch and was a decidedly prompt affair and all the more interesting for that reason. A large crowd of men and boys provided themselves with flags and marched up by the Opera house in double rank, while the crowd cheered them to the echo. A big transparency with the words, "We Didn't Do a Thing to Them—Did We?" was given vociferous attention.

For half an hour the sidewalk and street in front of the Opera house was jam-packed that passage was almost impossible and even the street was crowded. A large crowd of men and boys provided themselves with flags and marched up by the Opera house in double rank, while the crowd cheered them to the echo. A big transparency with the words, "We Didn't Do a Thing to Them—Did We?" was given vociferous attention.

Pueblo contributed a large crowd to the Republican jubilation last night, including many prominent office holders in that county. Among them were Samuel Abbey, chairman of the Republican county central committee, who led his force to victory Tuesday; Oscar C. McNeil, deputy county clerk; E. W. Wickes, recording clerk in the county clerk's office; Representative John K. Kibben; Hon. John R. Gordon, registrar of the federal land office; Nimrod S. Walpole, Indian agent on the Jicarilla reservation and Frank P. Hinkle, undersheriff; W. H. Tate, superintendent of the Pueblo union depot, and numerous others.

The Opera house never held more people than it did last night, and it is doubtful if it ever before held so many. From the footlights to the back wall of the stage were leaders of the great throng, and they were not all there, either there being hundreds of well-known names in the audience itself which extended from the orchestra pit to the very rafters.

Among those on the stage of the theater were: W. Walter Dixon, J. H. Peabody, F. G. Goudy, D. B. Fairley, R. L. Chambers, R. W. Bonnyge, John W. Grass,

good one. What I wanted was a good talker, one that could keep the crowd busy thinking and keep them down and I was told that Mr. Vivian was a regular talker. And now we come to the real secret of Republican success in this campaign. First the close corporation was broken. There was no more consolidation. This took with the people as well as the Republican and not the one from that time to the time of the victory was in doubt. I knew that when we could get next to the hearts of the people we would win. During the first part of the campaign we were without funds. The other side had plenty and used them. I believe that if we had more funds with which to carry on the fight legitimately by getting out the Republican vote, we would have had a majority in Colorado of 25,000. How great must the satisfaction be to the president of the United States when he knows that he will have supporting him in Congress two senators and three congressmen who will stand up for him in place of the yellow curs that have been snapping at his heels. He will find out that Patterson doesn't represent Colorado. This Republican victory also means that every dollar of American money will soon be worth \$125. I wish to say one word in regard to the body candidate on our ticket, Governor Peabody, but is yet counted out in the slums of Denver. It is our purpose to get at once to the frauds that are being practiced there and she shall have her office. I wish to say to you Hon. James H. Peabody, the next governor of Colorado.

When Governor Peabody came forward the demonstration was even more pronounced than it had been the night of the other speakers. The people stood up and yelled and cheered until they were hoarse, while the buzz-saw artist on the stage behind the scenes continued to the music of the organ.

"If one doubts," said Governor Peabody, in opening his speech, "the satisfaction that is voiced by everyone in Colorado over the Republican victory, he has but to travel over the state a little and see the smiles and handshakes that are going on among the people."

It is a wonder that Brooks did not make his majority 32,000 instead of the present figure. The victory in Colorado this fall has been caused mainly by good citizenship. The Republicans have determined to do the people's bidding and they should not be deterred in securing and conducting an honest state government. I assure the people of Colorado, in return for electing me to this responsible position in your state government, that I shall work always for your welfare and on points on which I am not sufficiently conversant myself, I shall have the benefit of competent assistants from El Paso county, Arapahoe county and from the other counties of the state to aid me in looking out for your best interests."

At this point several telegrams were read, among which were messages of regret from successful candidates and prominent Republicans who were unable to be present to see the people's choice. The people of Colorado, in return for electing me to this responsible position in your state government, that I shall work always for your welfare and on points on which I am not sufficiently conversant myself, I shall have the benefit of competent assistants from El Paso county, Arapahoe county and from the other counties of the state to aid me in looking out for your best interests."

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some of whom over 30 years ago helped other states to join the union and the one aided in Making Colorado join the union. Three cheers were proposed for the G. A. R. when the gray-haired soldiers of '61 sang "Marching Thro' Georgia."

Judge Dixon, in response to many requests for his speech, then stepped forward.
 Judge Dixon, Hon. Frank Goudy and Robert Bonnyge made stirring addresses and their speeches were received with the greatest demonstrations that have greeted any political speakers in this city for a long time. They expressed the reason for the defeat of the Democratic leaders as being the incompetency of their administration that have greeted any political speakers in this city for a long time. They expressed the reason for the defeat of the Democratic leaders as being the incompetency of their administration that have greeted any political speakers in this city for a long time.

Upon adjournment of the meeting at the Opera house at 10 o'clock, nearly everyone went direct to the Antlers. The drum corps accompanied the procession, heading it and adding greatly to the enthusiasm of the occasion with its inspiring music.

DR. STOUGH APPOINTED TO THE STATE MEDICAL BOARD
 Dr. McKenna died at his home on West Beach street yesterday morning after a lingering illness of over a year. The deceased was a sufferer from Bright's disease and death was not unexpected. Dr. McKenna was a well-known mining man of this city and was interested for several years in various properties in the Cripple Creek district. At the time of his death the deceased was 45 years old. He leaves a wife but no children.

For information regarding the Sanatorium or Springs, write to
Dr. T. G. Horn,
 COLORADO SPRINGS.
ZIMMERMAN'S CHICAGO BAKERY
 108 South Tejon Street.
 Visitors to Colorado Springs will find at the above place the best and cheapest Restaurant, lunch and bakery in the city.

During the football game at Washburn field yesterday afternoon, George Lucas, Paul West and Tom Hutson, three high school students who were sitting or leaning too heavily on the top rail of the west bleachers were hurled violently to the ground, by the breaking of the rail. Hutson, beyond a severe shaking up, was none the worse for the fall, but Paul West, who was badly bruised about the head and face. He may have received internal injuries. Both were rendered unconscious for some time. Dr. Allen, who was in the crowd, was called to attend them.

SAMUEL WILCOX OF THIS CITY DIED ON TRAIN FROM PUEBLO
 Death was the result of the Rock Island train due here at 8:20 from Pueblo last evening and the grim specter was victor. When the train reached this city, Samuel Wilcox, a stone mason 55 years old, reclined in a chair car a dead man.

On his way to visit his family in this city he was stricken down and his homecoming, instead of being an event of joy, was instead his funeral.
 Mr. Wilcox had been working at his trade as stone mason in Pueblo. He boarded the Rock Island train in that city last evening to come to Colorado Springs to visit his family at 212 South Weber. When the conductor took up his ticket he noticed that Mr. Wilcox appeared to be asleep in the smoking compartment of the chair car and as the train started he noticed that Mr. Wilcox was dead.

The porter did as he was ordered, but refused to continue that he was unable to rouse the man. The conductor himself then went to the car and shook Mr. Wilcox, but almost immediately discovered that he was dead. The coroner was notified when the train reached the depot here and took charge of the remains. He pronounced the cause of death as heart failure and will hold no inquest. The deceased was well known in this city and highly respected. News of his death caused profound regret. He leaves a wife and two sons and two daughters, who live at the family residence on South Weber. Joseph Wilcox, a son, is a popular employee at Jones & Wellington's drug store. No funeral arrangements have yet been announced.

ALDRIDGE TELLS OF THE NEW "NORTHWESTERN" LINE
 The "Northwestern" line was recently resited in Colorado Springs yesterday. E. H. Lamb, the regular traveling agent, and D. W. Aldridge, general agent for the company at Denver, were in the city looking after various matters of interest to the company. The Northwestern line is known all over the country as one having some of the most able and popular railway men in the land and its representatives and the gentlemen who spent yesterday here in the interest of that company are no exception to this rule.

Mr. Aldridge stated that the Northwestern line has experienced a season during the past summer that speaks well for the future of Colorado as a summer resort country. The company has spent thousands of dollars advertising the beauties and the wonders of this section of the country and

WANTED
 Men to learn the Barber Trade. Eight weeks completes. Positions guaranteed. Write for particulars. **MOLER BARBER COLLEGE.** Denver, Colo. or Dallas, Tex.
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 1025 17th St. DENVER, COLO.

The Colorado Springs Sanatorium
 Uses Exclusively the Famous Water of—
The Dr. Horn Mineral Springs
 Colorado Springs, Colo.
 A URIC ACID SOLVENT
 and
 A specific cure for all Kidney troubles and resulting effects such as Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Dropsy, Scatica and Inflammatory Rheumatism and Gout.

ANALYSIS OF WATER BY PROF. GOODALE, of Colorado College.
 Potassium sulphate 1.25
 Sodium sulphate40
 Sodium chloride 1.60
 Sodium carbonate 1.75
 Calcium carbonate 7.32
 Magnesium carbonate38
 Silica62
 Oxide of iron and aluminum47
 Figures given are grains per gallon, (U. S.) Stephen L. Goodale.

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The 5% Gold Bonds
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Great Equitable Life
 OF NEW YORK.
 Are a better Investment than the average Saving Banks account.
 ASSETS \$331,000,000
YOU SAVE AND YOU ARE INSURED.
 For rates and details address,
C. A. STEYN & CO. Manag'rs
 Equitable Building,
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Paint Your Houses
Paper Your Rooms
Frame Your Pictures
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 Samples furnished and MAIL orders receive prompt and careful attention.

Colorado College
 The oldest institution for higher education in the west. Founded at Colorado Springs, 1874.
 Colorado College now offers advantages of the same grade as the best eastern institutions. For information concerning courses of study, rooms and board, physical culture, etc., apply to Wm. F. Stearns, President, or Edward S. Parsons, Dean.
 For information in regard to the Colorado College Conservatory of Music, inquire of George Crampton, Acting Director.
 Those wishing information as to the Courses in Drawing, Painting, Designing, etc., inquire of Louis Soutter, Director of Art Department.

Cutler Academy
 Cutler Academy is the Associated Preparatory School of Colorado College. In which students are prepared for any American College.
M. C. GILE, Principal.

The Patrick Hotel
 AND
Bath Houses
 PAGOSA SPRINGS, COLO.
 HOT MINERAL SPRINGS, conceded to be the LARGEST and BEST in the known world. Sure cure for RHEUMATISM and all BLOOD and SKIN diseases.
 Only hotel run in connection with the Springs. Rates \$12.00 per week including baths.

The Clark Magnetic Mineral Spring
 PUEBLO, COLO.
 These waters have acquired a national reputation for curing Bright's Disease, Diabetes, all forms of Kidney Diseases, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Female Weakness, Blood and Skin Diseases, Lead and Mercurial Poisons. We have just opened our New Sanitary, elegantly furnished, modern conveniences, steam heat, electric lights and bells. Rates: Transient, \$2.00 per day and up; \$10.00 per week and up. Correspondence solicited. Clark & Wolfe, proprietors.

For Mange. Scabbies. Lice. Insects
 Use non-poisonous disinfectant, Kyeomulsion, a cattle and sheep dip; this is effective and safe; can be used cold; sure death to insects of all kinds and animals as a spray for trees and shrubs.
WM. CLARK, Florist,
 Agent for El Paso County.
 Manufactured by the
ANTISEPTIC MANUFACTURING COMPANY.
 722 15th Street, Denver, Colo.

Friends of Gamblers Will Appeal to Governor Orman
 It is understood that a movement is now on foot among prominent residents of Colorado City to have Governor Orman pardon N. B. Barnes, David Reese, J. W. Blackwood, James I. Lacey and Henry Coby who are serving sentences of 30 days in the county jail, the first four for conducting gambling establishments and Coby for keeping his saloon open on Sunday. It was expected that a delegation would see Governor Orman yesterday according to reports. A pardon from the governor is all that can save the men from serving out the full term imposed by Judge Cunningham and it is doubtful if the court would concur in a recommendation for pardon. Those who feel that the pardon should be granted urge it on the ground that the men will have to pay fines of \$500 and costs each, anyway, and that this is sufficient punishment, combined with the fact that they have already served several days in jail.
 Sheriff Gilbert will destroy the gambling paraphernalia turned over to him in accordance with the order of the court tonight. A bonfire will be built the same as when the other property was destroyed and the tables, "layouts," cars, chips, dice, etc., now in the hands of the sheriff will be consigned to the flames.

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**United States and Australasia Furnish Considerably
More Than Half the World's Supply of Gold
---United States and Mexico Furnish
Two-Thirds the Supply of Silver.**

| COUNTRY— | Gold. | Commercial Value. | Imports. | Exports. |
|---------------------|---------------|-------------------|-------------|--------------|
| United States | \$78,688,700 | \$33,152,500 | \$5,471,889 | \$67,583,303 |
| Mexico | 10,284,800 | 1,503,900 | 1,695,958 | 9,713,583 |
| Canada | 24,128,000 | 3,146,000 | 36,751,855 | 7,686,753 |
| Africa | 9,080,500 | | 4,374,800 | 27,484,800 |
| Australasia | 76,880,300 | 7,829,800 | 20,000 | 550,610 |
| Russia | 22,850,000 | 84,200 | 14,677,489 | 11,971,574 |
| Austria-Hungary | 1,124,700 | 2,118,000 | 82,708,158 | 27,955,000 |
| Germany | 59,800 | 99,600 | 1,870,878 | 875,952 |
| Norway | | 32,400 | 61,228,228 | 12,378,000 |
| Sweden | 41,700 | 450,800 | 104,060,588 | 67,964,000 |
| Italy | 355,300 | 1,911,200 | 29,605,409 | 26,086,059 |
| Spain | 8,600 | 1,300 | 14,994 | 2,067,640 |
| Greece | | 692,800 | 5,308,563 | 6,720,582 |
| Turkey | 24,600 | | 1,290 | 2,490,737 |
| Finland | 1,300 | | 9,653,500 | 9,653,500 |
| France | | 4,700 | 4,207,055 | 691,608 |
| Great Britain | 376,300 | 133,000 | 516,386 | 456,000 |
| Argentina | 29,000 | 6,152,600 | 2,861,480 | 79,700 |
| Bolivia | 119,600 | 6,152,600 | 18,407,332 | 4,000,000 |
| Chile | 1,067,200 | 5,584,100 | 4,459,565 | 3,470,237 |
| Colombia | 2,081,600 | 1,128,000 | 1,322,287 | 1,383,009 |
| Ecuador | 110,000 | 4,600 | | |
| Brazil | 2,776,400 | | | |
| Venezuela | 28,000 | | | |
| Guiana (British) | 1,771,600 | | | |
| Guiana (Dutch) | 405,400 | | | |
| Guiana (French) | 2,000,000 | | | |
| Peru | 1,329,200 | 3,360,500 | | |
| Uruguay | 31,700 | 600 | | |
| Central America | 600 | 520,000 | | |
| Japan | 1,201,600 | 1,027,800 | | |
| China | 9,901,600 | | | |
| Korea | 4,500,000 | | | |
| India (British) | 9,385,000 | | | |
| Ind. Indies (Dutch) | 851,700 | 48,000 | | |
| Ind. Indies (Dutch) | 435,000 | | | |
| Totals | \$263,374,700 | \$104,399,200 | | |

| | | |
|----------------------------|------------|------------|
| Canada | 242,215 | 2,138,355 |
| Costa Rica | | 47,948 |
| Denmark | | |
| Dutch Guiana | 52,560 | 28,097 |
| Ecuador | | |
| Egypt | 576,037 | 60,972 |
| Federal States of Malaysia | 18,865,433 | 27,119,990 |
| Germany | 11,063,574 | 3,432,222 |
| Great Britain | 4,479,587 | 6,981,087 |
| India | 61,141,061 | 58,540,438 |
| Indonesia | 30,885,187 | 15,494,233 |
| Japan | 1,480,707 | 1,388,339 |
| Korea | 18,621,321 | 18,621,321 |
| Mexico | 450,557 | 100,473 |
| Nicaragua | 2,379,875 | 50,609,806 |
| Norway | 3,278,008 | 889,857 |
| Peru | 50,600 | 50,620 |
| Sri Lanka | 197,264 | |
| Taiwan | 98,628 | |
| Thailand | 762,207 | 186,914 |
| Sweden | 83,062 | |
| Switzerland | 8,429,956 | 2,278,441 |
| Turkey | 4,818,854 | 1,906,390 |
| U.S.A. | 4,818,854 | 148,211 |
| Hong-kong | 6,623,616 | |
| Straits Settlements | 13,767,004 | 167,333 |
| East Africa | 608,510 | 32,222 |
| Arabia | 617,226 | 266,809 |
| Poland | 201,250 | 1,164,477 |
| Persia | 324,257 | 236,108 |
| Turkey | 889,462 | |
| Australasia (net) | | 6,989,862 |

| | |
|---------------------|-----------|
| Belgium | 1,900.00 |
| Great Britain | 17,000.00 |
| India | 5,000.00 |
| France | 40,400.00 |
| Germany | 41,700.00 |
| Italy | 3,600.00 |
| Japan | 1,700.00 |
| Netherlands | 5,800.00 |
| Denmark | 2,300.00 |
| Roumania | 1,800.00 |
| Sweden | 1,800.00 |
| Switzerland | 2,500.00 |

The only countries showing a loss during the last year are Norway, \$1,600,000, and Russia, \$9,700,000.

TOM HORN IS SENTENCED TO BE HANGED IN JANUARY

Cheyenne, Wyo., Nov. 12.— Judge Scott today denied the motion for a new trial for Tom Horn, the cattleman's detective, who was sentenced to the gallows of Willie Nickell, a boy, at Iron Mountain and sentenced him to be hanged on January 9, next.

Special to the Gazette.

Denver, Nov. 12.—It is a matter of interest to all candidates for elective offices, that the state law requires them to file with the secretary of state within 30 days after election, an affidavit certifying as to the true amount of their campaign expenses. A great many candidates appear to be in ignorance of the law on this subject, as some of them merely send letters stating the amount of their expenses, or say that they do not remember the amounts.

The penalty attached for failing to comply with the law, is \$1,000 fine, or imprisonment from one to five years, or both. In case of the election of the candidate, he is liable to a fine of \$100. Either one or all of these three penalties may be inflicted. Secretary Mills is anxious that this matter be given publicity as it is the duty of the secretary of candidates do not understand it.

By Associated Press.
Manila, Nov. 12.—Cholera made its appearance yesterday among the men of a detachment of the Fifth infantry which is stationed here. Seven men have already died and a number of others are seriously ill.

The detachment of the Fifth infantry in question has been placed on guard along the Maraguiña river, whence Manila receives its water supply, as a precautionary device to protect the stream from possible pollution. The cholera developed while the men were on this duty.

It was believed that cholera had already disappeared from Manila and its reappearance has created feelings of apprehension.

**R. Kain Who Fought Under Dewey at Manila
Killed by Revolutionists--George Walker and
Seaman Named Clarke Wounded--Rebel
Party Was Later Annihilated by
American Gunner.**

A man named R. Kain has been mentioned in press dispatches as being one of the crew of the Bogota. It was also ascertained that Kain fought under Dewey at the battle of Manila. Gunner J. Cross of the Bogota hailed from Cedar Rapids, Ia. He is only 17 years of age.

discernable as the revolutionists were dispersed in ambush close to the beach. When the boats were pulled ahead the second time the rebels opened fire on them, killing the ship's armorer, Richard Kane of Washington and wounding George Walker, who was shot through the legs. A seaman named Clarke and Lieut. Vasquez were also wounded, but not seriously. The Bogota and Chucito then opened fire on the enemy and killed every man in sight. One shot fired at a group of enemy rebels who were most actively engaged in shooting at the boats' crews, killed three of them.

Gunner Cross of the Bogota thinks that from 40 to 50 rebels were killed. One of the schooners, the Helvetia, loaded with rice, was captured, but the first shot at the second schooner

Houen, France, Nov. 12.—The fire which broke out at the Chateau d'Eau, the seat of the Duke of Orleans, yesterday evening practically destroyed that building. Only one wing, the chapel, and some of the art treasures were saved. The destruction of the chateau was caused by fire in one of the chimneys which was at first unnoticed. The fire spread to the great height of the building, the water was insufficient to permit of reaching the flames and the chateau soon became a vast furnace. The greatest of the art treasures of the art treasures were saved, but they were not entirely successful. Many objects of great value were destroyed, including two-thirds of the library of 2,500 volumes. Among the art treasures were a statue of Princess Marie of Prussia, a statue of Princess Marie of Prussia, a statue of Princess Marie of Prussia. This was presented to the late Duke of Orleans on the occasion of his marriage in 1838, by the city of Paris.

The official count is now complete. All that remains is the copying of the figures into the abstract books and the signing of the sheets by the justices. The Clerk will be in charge of this. The sheets will be certified to by the Secretary of State Mills and the work connected with the election in this county will be over.

The Republicans carried the county. The early returns showed this and the official count confirms the early returns. More than that, the Republicans carried the county by a plurality of 10 votes over the Democrats for state and congressional candidates. No clerical changes were made from the early returns. Yesterday, in checking over the poll books once more, the clerks found that the election clerk in precinct 12 at Mantou had made a mistake of 10 in the vote for Alva Adams for congressman. In turning over from one page to another they had carried 58 votes for Adams instead of 48. The error corrected and Mr. Adams was given 10 more votes in the official count, which reduced Mr. Brooks' plurality to 3,024.

Through a mistake in the footings the candidates for congress were deprived of the honor of leading the tickets in the county. The honor is his as his plurality over Ammons was 3,362 and he polled the highest vote.

The largest vote cast for a single office was for governor. The total for the five candidates for this office was 11,985. The vote for Congressman Ammons came in at 11,640. The clerk considers the vote for congressman as 11,000. Out of this total Mr. Long pulled out a majority of 3,085 over his only opponent, Mr. Morratt.

The prohibitionists have reason to regret, manifested at the showing made, as Stark, for congress, received 478 votes against 469 for Hazlett, the Prohibition candidate. Lister, the other prohibitionist, received 469 votes against 469 votes. Rhelnhardt, for governor, was but 10 votes behind Provost, getting 466 votes. The Populists made a bad showing, not averaging 100 votes in the county.

The full official returns of the vote cast in the county for all candidates and for the amendments, including many of the minor candidates, will be ready in a few days. The pluralities of the regents and representatives cannot be given as they did not run individually against other individuals, as did the candidates for the other offices.

[illegible]

LATE TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

SUSPENSION OF THREE HAWAIIAN OFFICIALS

(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)

Honolulu, Nov. 1.—James H. Boyd, territorial superintendent of public works, has been suspended from office by Governor Dole and arrested on a warrant charging him with the embezzlement of \$50,000. The ousting of Boyd makes vacant a third important territorial office and has involved Governor Dole in another legal tangle as to his powers of suspension of officials.

Boyd was in San Francisco when his chief clerk, B. H. Wright, was arrested on account of alleged embezzlements aggregating over \$8,000 and when Treasurer Wright was accused with absconding with \$18,000 of public money and Auditor Austin was suspended under grave charges. Boyd returned here on October 22 and was handed a letter from the governor notifying him that he was suspended from office and that he was to be removed from the territory. Boyd was highly unsatisfied and asked for an immediate resignation. The superintendent's reply was a statement that he would resume charge of his office.

As in the case of Auditor Austin, Governor Dole placed the police on guard to keep Boyd out of his office. Boyd appeared at the capitol building and attempted to enter his office. An officer kept him out and later he was arrested and taken to the capitol. There was a violent struggle in the corridor of the building and then Boyd gave up. He will ask the courts for a writ of mandamus to compel the governor to reinstate him to his office. Boyd is claiming that the governor has no power to suspend him without the consent of the senate.

The public works department is the most important under the territorial government. It has large contracts and employs many persons. The departmental difficulties leave the administration in great embarrassment, owing to the doubt as to Governor Dole's power to suspend an official. It is understood that the governor has laid the situation before President Roosevelt and may receive some instructions as to how to proceed. In the meantime the secretary is in charge of the department of public works.

Tanbara Giasaburo, a Japanese, who was found guilty in the United States court of the murder on the high seas of Captain Hanks, was sentenced by Judge Fred J. Wood, has been sentenced to death in the federal court here.

The firm of H. Hackfeld & Co. has been found guilty in the federal court of failing and neglecting to return to Japan three Japanese immigrants who came here on contract laborers. Judge Eate imposed a fine of \$300 in each case.

The supreme court has rendered a decision reversing Judge Little of Hilo, in the effect that the territorial law imposing a tax on the sale of land is unconstitutional. Judge Little held that the territory had no power to impose a tax, but the supreme court declares that the organization act gives the territory that power.

United States Attorney Breckons has begun suit to condemn the schooner Julia F. Whalen, in which Captain Rosehill recently made his trip to Manila. He is in the hope of getting the island away from the captain. Captain Peacock, the owner of the schooner, is the defendant in the action and he is charged with having sworn that he is an American citizen, in order to get American mail privileges. Fugita has been apprehended and held for murder.

Last night saw the end of the last week of the most earnestly contested political campaign of the year. There are practically only two parties in the field, the Home Rulers, headed by Delegate to Congress Wilcox, who is a candidate for re-election and is endorsed by the Democrats, and the Republicans, headed by C. L. Kulaniano for delegate to congress.

Insects imported here from Mexico for the purpose of having them attack the lantana, which is a most destructive weed here, have been almost entirely reported to be doing what was expected of them on the island of Maui. They have attacked some large tracts that are overrun with lantana and are killing the weed. Lantana covers thousands of acres in Hawaii and is almost ineradicable, except at very heavy cost. Prof. Koebel, the Hawaiian government entomologist, is now in Mexico collecting insects.

On the list of grand jurors drawn for the November term of the first circuit court is the name of Chinese, Ho Fun, said to be the first of his race to serve on an American grand jury. He is a clerk in a local bank. There is also a Chinese on the trial jury for the term.

A shocking tragedy, supposed to have been the result of incendiarism, occurred here last Wednesday evening, when the home of Mrs. E. J. Jackson, a woman who was burned to death, was burned to the ground and his wife and 15-year-old daughter perished in the flames, while another daughter, Mrs. Nigel Jackson, was so severely burned that she died a few hours after being taken to the hospital. The fire was thought to have been incendiary, and Nigel Jackson, husband of the victim, is in custody under suspicion of having committed the deed. Jackson had just discovered that his wife was in the room. He had been in the room in the morning. Mrs. Friel and her daughter Etta, were seen at a window just as the fire was at its height with another younger daughter. The firemen arrived at about 10 o'clock in the morning. Mrs. Friel and her daughter Etta, were seen at a window just as the fire was at its height with another younger daughter.

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and the finished product yet the conditions of transportation made the two rates about equal.

W. B. Biddle, freight traffic manager of the Santa Fe road, who was the next witness, took issue with President Stickney in regard to rates on live stock. He stated that the rates established by his company on packing house products are the same as those of the Great Western road, while on live stock it is only 12 cents compared with 23 1/2 as charged by the Great Western line.

A. C. Bird, third vice president of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road, who testified yesterday, went on the stand again today. Mr. Bird declared that rates are governed largely by market conditions. In reply to a question he asserted that the rates on packing house products do not injure the public generally and that they bring the greatest good to the greatest number.

General Freight Agent F. D. Boyd of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific road, Vice President Darius Miller of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy road and General Freight Agent Johnson of the Wisconsin Central road were on the stand for a short time, but their testimony did not differ materially from that of the previous witnesses.

Secretary Thompson of the Chicago Live Stock exchange, went on the stand shortly before the time for adjournment and submitted several statements comparing rates enforced by various roads. He will give additional testimony tomorrow.

FIVE PERSONS INJURED IN COLLISION AT KANSAS CITY

(By Associated Press Exclusively to the Gazette in Colorado Springs.)

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 8.—A trolley car on the Broadway line got away from the motorman today and crashed into another car that had stopped to discharge passengers a block ahead and at the bottom of a hill. Both cars were damaged and five persons were injured, one fatally.

J. L. Collier, commercial agent of Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern railway, hit back and hurt, seriously.

J. Gresham, conductor of runaway car.

O. C. Stechner, motorman runaway car.

J. A. Curtin, conductor of second car.

E. Hulin, motorman of second car.

Mr. Collier was on his way to take a train for St. Louis, where he was to attend a railway meeting.

This is the second car within a week to be wrecked at this point, two people having been killed and six injured in an accident a week ago.

YELLOWSTONE BEARS ARE DANGEROUS ONLY WHEN TAME

(By Associated Press Exclusively to the Gazette in Colorado Springs.)

Washington, Nov. 8.—The annual report of the acting superintendent of the Yellowstone national park predicts that there will be large increases in every species of large game there throughout the season. It says that the bears are tame and are kept in a perfectly wild state, but are fed and petted by loss of human beings, cause damage to property and are dangerous to those who trifle with them. It is suggested that the blackcock and the capercaille, game birds of northern Europe, be introduced into the park. Only two forest fires of any size occurred during the year and neither caused great damage. It is recommended that the Yellowstone be enlarged to a four-foot or squadron post and be garrisoned by the troops of two different regiments.

The grand total of all visitors to the park during the season was 13,433.

ELECTRIC CAR AND RAILWAY TRAIN COLLIDED AT CROSSING

(By Associated Press Exclusively to the Gazette in Colorado Springs.)

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 8.—Nine persons were badly injured today in a collision between an electric car and a train at the crossing of the East St. Louis and Suburban Electric railway at the Terminal Railway Belt crossing. Six others escaped with slight bruises. The most seriously injured: Mrs. Catherine Monken, scalp wound and neck cut, seriously.

Mrs. Eliza Voelkel, scalp wound and shoulder dislocated.

Gus Monken, severe scalp wound.

Irma Monken, arm injured.

Frank McCannagh, rib fractured and nose broken.

Mrs. Robert Hayes, head and limb hurt.

Miss Lulu Sattig, arm and back hurt.

Miss Sophie Weir, bruises.

IMPROVEMENT FOR PUEBLO SMELTERS

(By Associated Press.)

Pueblo, Colo., Nov. 6.—The Guggenheim brothers together with President W. N. West of the American Smelting & Refining company, Harry Payne Whitney, General George Field and Edgar L. Newhouse today inspected the four smelting plants in Pueblo and made plans and estimates for extensive and costly improvements.

They stated that the new zinc smelter now in course of construction and a very large concern, will start operation at half its capacity in December, employing 200 men, and will be in full operation by spring.

The great smoke-stacks of this smelter are now visible from all over the country.

As to the Philadelphia smelter, most of which has lately been idle, Simon Guggenheim stated positively that it is not to be dismantled or abandoned but that the suspension is due to "one trouble," and that the works, after remodeling and enlargement, will employ more men than before.

The other two smelters, the Pueblo and the Colorado, are in full operation.

THE SUICIDE OF CHAS. O. ZEIGENFUS

(By Associated Press.)

San Francisco, Nov. 6.—Charles O. Zeigenfus, editor and part owner of the Manila American, a newspaperman once widely known in the United States, ended his life today by turning on the gas in his room. He recently came from Manila and offered his newspaper for sale, saying he could not live in that climate. He had been very ill. He had been city editor of many western papers.

Francisco, was well known in Denver newspaper circles. He was a contemporary of the famous coterie of newspaper writers which included Field, Royacker, Skiff, Arkina and other brilliant men.

Charles O. Zeigenfus was born in Bethlehem, Pa., and did his first newspaper work on the Philadelphia Press. He came to Colorado in the spring of 1880 with Jack Haverly, the minstrel manager, as editor of a paper to boom the new town of Gunnison. In the fall of that year he came to Denver and became managing editor of the Denver Republican. A year later he made a record as a successful organizer as chairman of the Republican county committee. In 1882 he went to Butte, Mont., and the following year in the employ of the New York World, he conducted one of the most successful expeditions to study the resources of Alaska. On his return he became connected with the San Francisco Chronicle as its managing editor and for several years he was identified with the press of California, managing papers at San Diego, Fresno and other points. For some months he edited a paper in Honolulu and when the Americans took possession of the Philippine islands he established the American. He returned to the United States three months ago on account of ill health.

The divorced wife of Zeigenfus is now a resident of Denver.

CONGRATULATIONS FROM WEST VIRGINIA

(By Associated Press.)

By Associated Press. Wheeling, W. Va., Nov. 5, 1902. Colorado Springs Gazette, Colorado Springs.

Republicans of West Virginia send greeting to the brethren in Colorado and congratulate them on their splendid victory.

N. B. Scott.

RETURNS FROM COLORADO HAVE REACHED MICHIGAN

(By Associated Press.)

Houghton, Mich., Nov. 7.—Residents of Hancock and Houghton were greatly alarmed by a high wind which occurred at 8:40 o'clock. Houses were rocked and windows rattled as if an earthquake had occurred. Investigation in all directions failed to discover the cause of the shock.

LITTLEFIELD TO FIGHT FOR THE SENATORSHIP

(By Associated Press.)

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 7.—Congressman Charles E. Littlefield of Maine stated today that he was going home to begin his fight for the speakership of the next house of representatives. He believes he will be elected, but he will not enter the action of the Republican caucus may be, he will be content.

APPARENT COLLAPSE OF THE REVOLUTION

(By Associated Press.)

By Victoria, Venezuela, Nov. 7.—News has been received here concerning the retreat of the revolutionary forces. It is to the effect that on the night of November 4 the revolutionists withdrew from their positions near Victoria. The latest report because they were without ammunition. The fact that the rebels lacked cartridges caused a disagreement between General Matos and General Rolando, which was followed by the retreat of the revolutionists. The fact that the shortage of ammunition was the fault of General Matos and that if the success of the revolution was endangered by this condition General Matos alone was responsible. He said that the rebels were without cartridges, and that the rebels were without cartridges, and that the rebels were without cartridges.

POSITION ABOLISHED

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, Nov. 7.—The postmaster-general has ordered that the position of postoffice physician be abolished in all postoffices in cities having a population of 10,000 or more. There are about a dozen cities in this class where such positions exist and a number of postmasters reported that the position was not necessary. It is expected that this action will save the government about \$10,000 a year.

THE ANNUAL REPORT OF ADJUTANT GENERAL CORBIN

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, Nov. 6.—The annual report of Adjutant General Corbin of the army deals with every feature of the army and begins with a statement showing that the army is to be reduced by December 1 to 60,000 men of whom about 2,877 belong to the staff departments.

The report shows that during the fiscal year 35 officers were killed in action or died of wounds and disease; 21 resigned and 63 retired. Of the enlisted men 1,277 were killed or died of wounds and disease; 35,806 were discharged on the expiration of service; 5,498 were discharged for disability or dismissed by order of court martial; 4,507 deserted, two were missing and 203 retired.

General Corbin, in calling attention to his former recommendation that the rate of pay for military attaches abroad should be increased, suggests that retired officers of high rank might be selected for this service. While the number of attaches has been decreased the service has improved because of the reciprocal relations that have been established with the war departments of several governments where officers are stationed.

General Corbin discusses the various schools of the army and points out the advantages which will accrue through them.

In reviewing the reports of officers who participated in the army and navy maneuvers last September, General Corbin says that much valuable information was acquired. He says:

"The maneuvers have proved that the rank and file of our army can be trained in the most efficient manner; that apparently impossible tasks can be accomplished under the most adverse conditions and that there is an immeasurable gulf between practice and theory. The lessons learned by both officers and men were of more practical value than years of ordinary garrison routine and instructions."

He strongly recommends that similar exercises be conducted annually and be made to embrace each year a new theater of operations, so that the benefit may be shared by two different garrisons in the several fields of defense. General Corbin adds:

"The conviction expressed by the commanding general in charge of the land defenses that every officer and enlisted man should understand the principles of the National Guard, took part in the maneuvers and the splendid manner in which the naval part of the program has been conducted whereby the confidence in and affection for the sister service ever constant have been renewed and emphasized by this exceedingly agreeable association in prosecuting professional work of great importance to the nation, voices a sentiment heartily concurred in by the army."

The adjutant general has obtained the number and kind of arms in the hands of the National guard in the several states, and finds less than 4,000 United States magazine rifles in their possession.

WASHINGTON MYSTERY HAS POSSIBLY BEEN SOLVED

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, Nov. 7.—Richard Cole, a colored porter 29 years old, was arrested today and committed to jail to wait action of the grand jury on the charge of committing the assault on Mrs. Gilbert Dennis, a well known dressmaker who was killed in this city over 10 months ago. Mrs. Dennis died from her injuries about a fortnight ago without recovering sufficiently to talk rationally. Julius Van Brakle, colored, formerly proprietor of the Brunswick hotel, testified that he saw Cole in the city in March. Cole had said something to him to the effect that Mrs. Dennis was dead, and also had said that he had been in the city over 10 months ago. Cole made statements regarding the reason why he did not care to visit the sick woman, among other things that Mrs. Dennis might say something which would open the investigation.

Detective Harting who has been working on the case ever since the crime was committed, testified that Cole is the only person among those whom he investigated who wavered in his statements. Cole, who also testified before the coroner's jury, denied making the assault and protested that he had assisted the authorities. He also denied using the language attributed to him by Van Brakle.

DELUSION OF A YOUNG DOUKHOBER WOMAN

(By Associated Press.)

Winning, Man., Nov. 7.—At Yonkton, a young Doukober woman, an attractive appearing woman, dressed in white, with cotton with white canvas shoes and proclaimed herself the Virgin Mary. Many of the Doukober believe her story and she may cause trouble if her advice is in the wrong direction.

FIGURES ON THE COST OF RURAL DELIVERY

(By Associated Press.)

Washington, Nov. 7.—The annual gross cost of a complete rural free delivery service throughout the United States will approximate \$24,000,000 according to the annual report which was submitted to the postmaster General Wynne today received from August W. Machen, general superintendent of the service. The remaining 700,000 square miles not now covered by rural free delivery service, according to the report, would cost \$2,000,000 to \$2,500,000 or 27,000 carriers in addition to those now employed, making the entire force of carriers, when the extension of the service is completed within the next three years, 40,000. After this extension is completed, the annual rate increase in the appropriations is expected not to exceed 8 or 9 per cent, the rate maintained in the other branches of the postal services. To extend the service 12,000 routes a year would cost \$2,000,000. The increase of desertsions and of trials for infractions of discipline is, by those best informed, attributed to the abolition of the former privileges of the exchange.

In conclusion he says: "The instruction of our men in vocal music would be a step in the direction of contentment and better discipline. Every regiment should have its marching song. Frequent practice in singing, particularly during the long winter evenings, would do much to make the men satisfied to remain in quarters and away from the baneful effects of the barrooms that exist in too great numbers in the vicinity of our military posts. These barrooms are under the protection of the license laws of the several states and are beyond the control of the military authority."

NO TRACE FOUND OF MAN LOST IN MONTANA

(By Associated Press.)

Butte, Mont., Nov. 9.—A special from Kallispell to the Miner says: "We have been looking for developments in the Egan search. The reward of \$1,000 has attracted more men into the district, but no Egan. Another party left Columbia Falls this morning for Kallispell to look for Egan. It is now almost seven days. It is now almost impossible to get through the country except on snow shoes and parties who have gone into the South Fork country have been compelled to use them. Which party has been looking for Egan is anxiously awaited. One went up to the cabin on Pyramid Peak and another into the South Fork country. It will be at least three days before they can make their report. Dr. Houston part of the day, returning to Butte tonight. He has given up all hope of Egan being alive. Houston said that the last words of Egan were: 'I am going off here and look for me.'"

CABINET CRISIS IN SPAIN IS IMMINENT

(By Associated Press.)

Madrid, Nov. 9.—As a result of a prolonged cabinet council, which was held to discuss the recent attacks made upon the government by leaders of the opposition an official note issued today says that the ministers are ready to place their portfolios at the disposal of Premier Sagasta and that if this step is necessary, and that they have unanimously decided to give the premier full powers to act as he considers best in the interests of his country and parliament. The note was such that an audience with King Alfonso tomorrow at noon. It is believed that a crisis and the reconstruction of the ministry are imminent.

CHAFFEE'S RETURN FROM THE PHILIPPINES

(By Associated Press.)

San Francisco, Calif., Nov. 10.—The United States transport Sumner arrived in port this afternoon from the Philippines after a most stormy and perilous passage. Shortly after leaving Yokohama the vessel encountered one of those terrific storms peculiar to Asiatic waters—the typhoon. Boats were smashed, portions of the rigging carried away and during the height of the storm a launch was torn from its moorings and struck Mrs. Chaffee's stateroom with terrific force, so greatly prostrating that lady, who was ill when she boarded the vessel. For hours the staunch vessel was in the gale, but careful seamanship kept her steady until the storm broke and the weather cleared down to permit her being made ship-shape once again.

On board the transport were General A. R. Chaffee and wife, Vice Governor of the Philippines, commission and Mrs. Wright. General Chaffee's staff, Captain J. R. Lindsey, Lieutenant R. B. Carper, Major J. L. Phillips, Major William H. Arthur, Judge James H. Blount of the Philippine insular government, Lieutenant Colonel James T. Kerr and wife and a large number of officers' wives returning home.

General Chaffee has been absent from this country for over three years, during which time duty called him to the Philippines and to China. His services to the Philippines, his devotion to the cause of the people of those territories, his knowledge of Asiatic waters—the typhoon. Boats were smashed, portions of the rigging carried away and during the height of the storm a launch was torn from its moorings and struck Mrs. Chaffee's stateroom with terrific force, so greatly prostrating that lady, who was ill when she boarded the vessel. For hours the staunch vessel was in the gale, but careful seamanship kept her steady until the storm broke and the weather cleared down to permit her being made ship-shape once again.

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Reliable

THE GAZETTE'S SPECIAL STATE NEWS SERVICE

Complete

GOVERNOR PROCLAIMS DAY OF THANKSGIVING

Special to the Gazette.
Denver, Nov. 7.—Governor Orman today issued the following proclamation:
"State of Colorado. Executive Chamber, Denver.
"PROCLAMATION—THANKSGIVING DAY.
"In accordance with that sacred and time-honored custom which has prevailed since the Pilgrim Fathers set apart a day of thanksgiving and prayer to God, the Father, for his care and blessing, and pursuant to the proclamation of the president of the United States, I, James B. Orman, governor of the state of Colorado, by virtue of the authority in me vested, do proclaim and recommend the observance of
"THURSDAY, THE TWENTY-SEVENTH DAY OF THIS NOVEMBER,
as a day of thanksgiving to God for his numerous blessings and great kindness to us as a people and a nation.
"We have much for which to praise and thank God, and should show forth our gratitude to him for his mercies. He has given us bountiful harvests, has kept us in peace and safety, has kept famine and pestilence from our shores, and given us great material prosperity in all lines of industry.
"Let us therefore render unto him our heartfelt praise and grateful acknowledgment for his many blessings by convening in our respective homes and churches, praising and worshipping him, in accordance with the dictates of our consciences, not forgetting that while we have been especially blessed, others may be in trouble and distress. Recognizing therefore that our prosperity greatly adds to our responsibility for their welfare and happiness, we should endeavor to do something that will make the world brighter and better, and for the upliftment of our fellow man. May all our acts be characterized by Christian charity and love.
"In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of the state to be affixed.
"Done at the city of Denver, this 7th day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and twenty-seventh.
[SEAL]
James B. Orman
"By the Governor. Attest:
David A. Mills, Secretary of State."

Denver, Nov. 8.—The state home for neglected and dependent children, which ever since its organization has been occupying rented quarters, moved into what is known as the Field property in South Denver today. The board of control of the home purchased the property for \$30,000 cash. The home is surrounded by 40 acres of land, most of which is under water. The home is a well-constructed stone residence of 15 rooms, and but few alterations were necessary to adapt it to its new use. Aside from the residence, there are three large tent cottages, one of which will be used for the dormitory for boys, one for the emergency hospital and one as a school room. The home now contains 115 children.

INCORPORATED—Among the articles of incorporation filed with the secretary of state today were papers for the Aporecidea Mines company of Colorado Springs. The company is incorporated for \$1,000,000 and the following are its directors: Grant B. Schley, Bertrand E. Taylor, Frank G. Peck, Irving W. Bonbright, George M. Harnan, George W. Elhiney, F. W. Stehr.

CRUSHED TO DEATH—A. V. Zenor, a Burlington switchman, was killed in the Burlington yards in this city last night. He was caught between a moving box car and a freight platform. Every bone in his body was broken. Zenor lived at the Sherman house, 1749 Nineteenth street. His home was said to be in Stuart, Iowa.

SHOT WHILE SCUFFLING—Theodore Dozet was shot by his friend, Bud Maslikos, during a friendly scuffle at their home on Fourteenth street last evening. Both men were said to have been under the influence of liquor.

BOARD OF PARDONS—The state board of pardons recommended two sentences last evening, both pardons recommended for commutation were for those serving minor sentences.

FAMOUS SONG WRITER—Rev. E. S. Ufford, the gospel evangelist, and the author of the hymn "Throw Out the Old," is spending a few days in this city while on a tour around the world. He will preach at the Capitol Hill Baptist church tomorrow morning.

WENT TO CELEBRATE—Chairman Fairley, Secretary Vivian and a large number of other Republicans left this city at 1:15 this afternoon for Colorado Springs, where they will participate in the Republican ratification meeting at that city tonight.

SUES FOR LOST BRAIN—Merritt F. Fritts has brought suit against F. M. Machin for \$50,000 damages. He sustained the loss of a small amount of gray matter from his brain through an accident which he alleges was caused by the carelessness of one of the employees of the company. This will probably be the first time that a jury has been asked to fix the value on a portion of a man's brain.

HEARING POSTPONED—A report from Golden says: "By agreement of counsel on both sides in the bribery case, in which Tamm, Sadler, Schroeder and Thomas are defendants, the hearing of the second plea in abatement was postponed until Monday morning, November 17."

TELLER'S ESCAPE—U. S. Senator Henry M. Teller narrowly escaped what might have been a serious accident at Seventeenth and Stout streets this afternoon. He stepped out an eastbound street car, not noticing that a westbound car was immediately behind him. He grabbed the senator and pulled him back to the foot board of the eastbound car in time to avoid the accident. The young man failed to give his name.

FRANCHISES GRANTED—The board of supervisors has passed a bill granting the Tramway company franchises to lay tracks along 34th and 35th streets, and also from 4th to Cook's addition, and also from 4th to Downing through the Myrtle Hill addition.

CRIPPLE CREEK
Cripple Creek, Nov. 8.—This afternoon at 4 o'clock Mayor Crane pulled the whistle of the Enterprise Gold Mining company for its first time. The occasion was the starting of the first shaft in work on Dan Hanley's mine which will work under the streets and alleys of the city of Cripple Creek. A great number of prominent mining and business men were present, and after the

immediate construction of the line. The official party left for Victor at the conclusion of the conference here.

SECURED JUDGMENT—Murdock L. McLeod secured judgment for \$2,000 in the district court today from the Metropolitan Mining and Milling company. The suit was based on a mining contract.

SUIT STARTED—A suit for \$3,000 is under way before Judge Seeds in the district court today. It is the suit of James Doyle failed to pay him that sum for services performed in a mining contract.

NARROW ESCAPE—Bob Critchfield, working on the Hull City Placer mine, fell about 60 feet down a slope from the ninth level today. Mr. Critchfield had just started down a ladder, when in some way he let loose of the rung, falling backwards to the slope. As the men who were working with him, hurried down after him, they fully expected to find him dead, but instead, found him not hurt very badly. He was bruised around the head and shoulders, but was not seriously injured. He was immediately removed to the Sisters hospital in this city, and tonight is resting easily. Mr. Critchfield is a single man, about 35 years of age, and resides in Goldfield.

BRANDY VERDICT—The coroner's jury impaneled to investigate the cause of the death of Fred Brabrandt on the Hull City Placer mine, returned its verdict this afternoon. After one witness had been examined, the jury went to Elton to get the testimony of P. W. Estep, who was injured at the same time that deceased was killed. After testifying to the facts of the case, he brought in the following verdict: "We, the jury, find that the deceased, Fred L. Brabrandt, came to his death on Nov. 3 at 3:20 o'clock, while employed on the lease of Cripple Creek and the Independence Consolidated Town and Mining company, in the north slope of the ninth level, by a falling rock, while in the line of duty, and working under the orders of that company, F. A. Blakeley, foreman."

ELECTION BET—In payment of an election bet, W. H. Fletcher, former colored minstrel, attired in white duck from head to foot, except white gloves, and dressed in white, paraded Bennett avenue from Third to Fifth street this afternoon to the tune "I Wish My Color Would Fade." Fletcher backed Stimson in a bet with Vick Weissburg. Crowds greeted the man with enthusiasm all along the line.

WHOLEN RECOVERED—Phillip Whalen has at last been discharged from the Sisters hospital as his recovery from a fracture of the jaw and other serious injuries in a cave-in at the Last Dollar mine, a couple of weeks ago.

SEVERELY INJURED—Burt Pratte was severely injured today by falling off a ladder on the Anna May Wells claim near the War Eagle on Bull Hill. Mr. Pratte was climbing out of a prospect hole about 20 feet deep when suddenly he lost his hold and fell backwards to the bottom. The ambulance from this city brought him to his home on E street. His back is severely sprained and his body is generally bruised.

OFFICIAL COUNTY OF THE MESA COUNTY VOTE
Special to the Gazette.
Cripple Creek, Colo., Nov. 7.—County Clerk Mann finished the official count today for Mesa county. Brooks has a majority over Adams of 288, Hogg 213 over Bell, Peabody 213 over Stimson, Haggett over Annear 364, Crowe over Hogg 364, and over Carlie 364. Homborg over Insley 422, Brandt over Grenfell 256, De Long over Whiting 372, Hoyt over Nolan 262. The Bucklin amendment did not carry in Mesa county. For section nine 502 votes for and 974 against.

Cripple Creek, Nov. 8.—The suit for damages of Owen Bennett versus the Consolidated Mining company, filed on August 12 of this year, was heard this evening by Judge Cunningham. This case will be remembered, that on April 8 on the above property an order was given to lower Mr. Bennett, who was on the cross bars to the eighth level. The cross bars were out to stop the cage, but by some mistake of the engineer, he tried to jam the cage through the bars, resulting in breaking Bennett's leg in two places, and alleged permanent injury to the foot. From this accident, defendant sued for \$10,000 damages, and tonight the case was dismissed, as it had been settled out of court for \$1,000.

WARNE'S CASE—The case of Warne versus Joel Winchester, tried before Judge Cunningham about a month ago, and taken under advisement, was finally heard this afternoon in the district court. Judge Cunningham ruled in favor of Winchester, holding that no mining partnership existed, and dissolving the injunction that prevented the transfer of 100,000 shares of Doctor Jack Pot stock to Winchester.

JUDGE SALISBURY INJURED—Judge Salisbury was injured yesterday by falling down steps in the district court room to the sidewalk. Slipping on the top step, he was caught before he had reached the bottom. The judge received several bad bruises about the shoulders, and his left side was considerably bruised up. Today he is resting easily, and hardly seems any the worse for his mishap.

CALLS UPON STATE MINE INSPECTOR
Cripple Creek, Nov. 9.—A mine inspector has called upon the mine inspector to examine the Hull City Placer, by directing a letter to one of the local papers today, he says, in the local paper.

DIED FROM CANCER—Lillian May, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Morehead, residing at El Paso and Eighth streets of this city, died last night from cancer. Deceased was 32 years of age and single. No arrangements have been made for the funeral yet.

Cripple Creek, Nov. 7.—Directors and officers of the Short Line arrived here at 10:30 this morning, and were met at the station by a committee of city citizens and officials. They viewed Myers and Bennett avenues, but did not decide which street will be used in running the extension of their electric line. They are now looking for a station site on Bennett avenue. It is believed that only a brief period will elapse until the city has a street car system that is proportion to the population. Business second to none in the state. Business men are taking much interest in the project, and many expressed hope for

VICTOR
Victor, Nov. 6.—Sam Jordan, aged 50 and married, was instantly killed at about 8:30 tonight in the Independence mine. Mr. Jordan fell 60 feet in the slope of the fourth level, frightfully fracturing his skull, indicating that he must have fallen head foremost. One of the workers, who was working with him at this time, cannot understand how the accident happened, as he said they both had safe footing where they were working. Deceased leaves a wife and one stepson, who reside on South Fourth street in Victor.

MARRIED IN KANSAS—J. M. Simmons, manager of the Colorado Trading & Transfer company, was married last night at Manhattan, Kan., to Miss Edith Lantz, daughter of Professor Lantz of the State Agricultural college of that state. Mr. Simmons left a few days ago and would not say what his destination was, and it is a great surprise to his many friends in this city.

DIED OF CROUP—The two-and-a-half-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. O. J. Tweed, who reside near the Taylor & Brunton sampler, died this morning of membranous croup. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon from the residence. Interment will be made at Sunnyside cemetery.

FELL DOWN STAIRS—Mrs. R. H. Atchison, residing at 212 S. Third street, was seriously injured this morning by falling head foremost down a long flight of stairs, breaking her arm and badly bruising her right temple. Mrs. Atchison is a very large woman, and it is wonderful, the doctor says, that the fall did not kill her.

MARRIED—W. R. Cox of Goldfield and Miss Burns of Independence were married this afternoon by Justice Corbin in this city.

CLAIMS PROPERTY—In a suit for the attachment of some furniture of John Ketelson vs. Rose A. Doyle, Mrs. Ada Atkins of Cripple Creek intervened in the proceedings of the trial, claiming all the property that Ketelson was suing for was a former chattel mortgage. Mrs. Doyle was named a rooming house and rented from Ketelson but seems to have given Mrs. Atkins a chattel mortgage on all the furniture before Mr. Ketelson sued for his rent. The case was set for Saturday afternoon.

VERDICT EXONERATES THE MINING COMPANY
Victor, Nov. 7.—The coroner's jury impaneled to investigate the death of Samuel Jordan, who was killed last night by falling 60 feet down a slope in the Independence mine, brought in the following verdict this afternoon: "We, the jury, find that the deceased, Samuel Jordan, came to his death last night while employed on the Stratton's Independence mine, and attribute the accident to carelessness on the part of the victim, hereby exonerating the management from any responsibility."

NEW LINE—Engineers for the C. S. & C. D. railway began work today going over the ground by which the high line electric between here and Cripple Creek will have a new entrance into Victor via Goldfield. Information received from an official of the road reveals the fact that the present electric high line between Dyer and Victor, which comes around Battle mountain, will be abandoned. The present steam line coming around Bull Hill, past the Hull City Placer, will be modified for use of electric power, and in this way the people of Goldfield and Independence will have means of electric transit to both cities. It is also understood that the low line track will be run down Victor avenue to Third street and up Third to Diamond avenue, and in this way there will be a common station for all of the Short Line roads, instead of three, as there are now.

EASTERN STAR—The members of the Eastern Star gave a unique show at their last night, the show of an 1814 entertainment. Old games and old entables were enjoyed.

RELIEF CORPS—The Ladies Relief corps met this evening at 2 o'clock in Engineers hall. A large number of the ladies were present, and some very important business was transacted.

CRITICALLY ILL—Miss Neva Williams, who has been quite sick with typhoid fever at her home on South Third street, is reported in a very critical condition today, and fears for her recovery are entertained.

MRS. BABCOCK ILL—The mother of the Babcock children, the second of whom was buried yesterday within a week, is seriously ill as a result of the care, worry and grief she has experienced in the care of her family.

WOMAN'S CLUB—The general meeting of the Woman's club will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock. The subject of the day will be "Short Talks on American Revolutionary Statesmen," by Mrs. Keating. Several young ladies who have the musical program in charge, promise some very entertaining numbers.

PUEBLO
Pueblo, Nov. 8.—Dick Payne, a young negro, was shot and instantly killed at 7:30 tonight by Clara Humphrey, a half-breed Indian and half negro. The shooting took place in the back of Arthur Bart's saloon, only half a block from where William Lawrence shot Goldstein a few weeks ago, and about the same time in the evening. It seems that the woman had been supporting Payne very largely, and this evening when she met him, asked for some money which she claims he owed her for clothing. They disagreed over \$1.65, and some bad language followed. On both sides the fight was hot, and the woman was near, and brought out a 38-caliber Harrington & Richards revolver, which she discharged three times. The first shot struck the ground near the man's feet, the second of the man in the calf of the leg, and the third in the left breast, passing through his heart. Detective Wilson happened to be within a few feet of the shooting, and the murdered man fell against the detective. Detective Day and Deputy Sheriff Guy were soon on the scene and the three men had the woman in the city jail inside of 10 minutes. When she was brought in, the operator proceeded to make out the facts as usual for prisoners, and when he inquired what the charge was, the woman said, "It is murder all right, I killed him." Payne has been a resident of Pueblo a number of years, and the woman was formerly living in San Francisco.

UNUSUAL CASE—In the district court today Attorney K. M. Laurie of Denver asked for a writ of Habeas

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The Denver Dry Goods Comp'y,
DENVER, COLORADO.

and one electrician quit work on the large Whitcomb building yesterday because one non-union plumber was put to work on the job. It is now expected that the building council and trades assembly will endorse the general action of the striking plumbers.

FOOTBALL POPULAR—Football is all the go here now. Both high schools and some others are engaged in the sport. Members of the team exercise on the street of evenings.

JAMES WILLIAMS DEAD—James Williams, a Pueblo man and member of the local lodge of Red Men and Eagles, was yesterday found dead near El Paso, Tex. He had been hunting, was lost in the storm and perished.

W. A. CRAFT DEAD—W. A. Craft was stricken with apoplexy last evening at 5:30 while in the Central block, and died at 8:30 at his home at 210 West Severely ill, he leaves three daughters and one son, who are all in the employ of the stock to collect was appointed by the county court. Mr. Craft was an old citizen of Pueblo, well and favorably known, and had at one time been quite wealthy. He leaves three daughters and other relatives in the past.

BOULDER OIL INDUSTRY ON PERMANENT BASIS.
Special to the Gazette.
Boulder, Nov. 8.—Outside of Boulder the impression seems to be that the oil business is dead and that the whole thing was a fake. All that is necessary to prove the incorrectness of this idea is to go through the field and see what is being done at the present time. The stock boom has indeed burst, and the stock speculators and promoters have sought other pastures. But the practical oil men, the men who do the work and develop the field, are staying with it, and are getting good enough results to justify them in putting more money and work into the further development of the field.
A tangible proof of this is seen in the new refinery which has just been built by Mr. C. A. Dorn and associates for the treatment of the Boulder oil. It will cost when completed about \$100,000, and will have a capacity of 40 barrels per day at the start, but has been so built that it can be enlarged as the increased production warrants. It is located on the Gillespie ranch, about two miles from town. The owners expect to make the first run on Tuesday next, a shipment from the McAfee well being the first to go through.
This refinery right here on the ground is going to mean a great deal to the industry. There are at present eight producing wells with a daily output of about 175 barrels. Most of this is now sent to the United Oil company's refinery at Florence, where it is brought about 500 miles. The local concern will pay the companies \$1.50 per barrel for their product, which means quite an increase in profit to the producers.
Mr. W. W. Dogge is one of those who have unlimited faith in the stability of the Boulder oil fields. Mr. Dogge has just returned from an extended trip through the Pennsylvania oil districts, and states that eastern oil men regard the showing already made here sufficient to establish the local field as a good one. In many eastern fields the wells have been sunk by a single company before getting oil than have been put down here altogether. While in the east Mr. Dogge succeeded in interesting eastern capital in a proposition to build another refinery here. Plans for it are now being perfected and it is expected that it will be in operation within the next 30 days. The refinery as contemplated will have a capacity of 200 barrels per day, and will cost in the neighborhood of \$375,000. A site has already been secured and actual work will be commenced as soon as possible.
Of the producing wells, Otero has at present the largest output, its daily average being about 65 barrels. It is said that this company has already realized enough upon the oil shipped to pay for its land and entire equipment. In addition to the above-mentioned wells, there are 23 others at which drilling is in progress, and it may be safely said that there is more real work going on and that the outlook is better than at any time since oil was first discovered in Boulder.

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| S. H. BABCOCK, Asst. Gen. Traffic Manager, Salt Lake City, Utah | S. K. HOOPER, Gen. Pass and Ticket Agent, Denver, Colo. |

PAGE FOR WOMEN

EDITED BY Ella Celeste Adams



HARK! Hark to mellow strains afar!
The gentle winds soft orchestra:
In valley and in hilltop see,
A gorgeous, wondrous pageantry,
Bright banners regally unfold,
As lavish Autumn spends her gold,
While from the crimson poppies rings
The jubilee glad robin sings.
"The time is here for right good cheer,
It is the Falling of the Year!"

O dearer joys than summer hath
The golden side of aftermath,
When Nature's robes are soft and skies
In splendor of the rainbow's dyes,
And through the radiance mountains
Stand
Like palaces of Fairy Land,
Whence comes of the thresher's fall,
The golden wheat and the golden grain,
Call sharp and clear, or wood and mere,
Behold the Falling of the Year!"

How sweet the breath of homing kinc,
The home of the purple vine,
The orchard, where the golden light
With new-mown meadow's luscious scent,
The fragrance of the tolling wain
Beneath its load of ripened grain,
While brighter glows the blazing hearth
And quicker flows the wine and cheer,
Of hearth grown dear amid the cheer,
That crowns the Falling of the Year!"

ALTHOUGH the grandmother
may not live summer days
together, her outward signs
have so changed that she is
very different from what she
once was. The woman of 50, and
several grandmothers, may be
little like the former idea as she
changes.

Thirty years ago a woman of 50
was never expected to do much outside
her home or dress in an up-to-date fashion.
Now, if she professes she will follow the
mode of the day, she may look as
young as her own natural conditions
and the dressmakers will allow her
to appear; and too, without attracting
undue attention.

A woman of 50 may now dress like
the woman of 30 if she chooses and
not violate the best standards of taste.
If her hair be without a suspicion of
silver threads and her figure slim, no
one can determine her age. She may
even dye her hair, without criticism, un-
less it be from other women envious
because by so doing a youthful appear-
ance is kept up.

So the woman of 50 is not classed
among the aged any more. Middle age
has the privileges of youth and is at
liberty to keep itself as attractive as
possible. Because a certain number of
years have been accumulated and one
is a grandmother, they are not for-
bidden to think of their appearance fur-
ther than to attend to the coquettish
trimming of their hair, bonnets and
keeping their black silk gowns free from
wrinkles. This fact is still a surprise
to us, for it is certain that a woman
20 years ago that the women of 50 could
ever look as they do today or would
be able to dress with the propriety and
taste they do today. So, this new idea
is being extended to women even older,
and with just as much success.

Yet, by those of her own sex the new
woman of 50 is subjected to sharp criti-
cism. Even by those really "new wom-
en," too. One says: "Women were
harder when they were less youthful
looking at 50."

"There may be greater satisfaction
among women of a certain age that
they look younger now than they were
able to attain several years ago, but
they are no happier than they were for
that reason. There are more dissatis-
fied, discontented-looking women of 50
now-a-days than there ever were in the
past."

"I think it is largely due to the fact
that their new dress and their new
place in the world do not in the least
agree with their ages. It is not the
least use for a woman to look like 40
or younger when she is compelled to
act still as she would at her real age."

"It is this incongruity between the
woman's looks and the way she is com-
pelled to act that makes her unhappy
and discontented with her lot. She
looks in the glass and sees that she is
doubtless be thought at least 10 years
younger than she really is. That causes
her to feel as if she would like to act
more in accordance with the age she
would like to be."

"But that is out of the question in a
majority of cases and she is compelled
to reconcile herself as best she can to
the difference between her looks and
her aspirations. So, while the woman
of 50 may be more youthful looking than
she was in the old days she is not nearly
so happy."

However, just as long as the men
keep up the practice of asking in regard
to women, "Is she young? Is she pretty,
is she stylish?"—instead of "Is she
amiable, is she intelligent and well edu-
cated?"—women will continue the
search for the fountain of perpetual
youth and beauty, and who can blame
them. Still, faster and faster, and a mas-
culine writer in the London Ladies' Pic-
torial says:

"It is when she has passed the fourth
decade that a woman is now said to
be most dangerous to the susceptibility
of the other sex. Her face may have
lines that 'sweet and 20' regards with
dismay, her figure may be fuller than
'sweet 17' deems graceful; it may even
be that art has to step in where nature
fails in the matter of hair and complex-
ion, but it is manner which tells. In
carriage, in interest, in thought, the wo-
man of 40 at the present day is as
young as her daughter less than half
her years; but her mind is better bal-
anced, her judgments are clearer."

grandmother who drives them to the
candy shop and treats them to choco-
lates and Scotch kisses. In their small
minds, far better is the corn in the
pannier with molasses taffy made at
home than ice cream and marrows glaze
from the confectioner.

The modern child may have many ad-
vantages, but he will still envy his an-
cestors who in childhood watched the
mothers baking as it cooled in the
cauldron, the firelight making shadows
as their grandmother told them tales
of the primitive days, of bears and In-
dians and wars.

The best man is not the man that gets
the things, but the man that has them,
the man that does not consider our suc-
cess, but our attempts. If we want to
please God we need not accomplish,
we need only endeavor. Therefore the
endeavor after the noblest thing, and
that, as our lesson tells us, is love.

No good thing you can get for your-
self is to be compared with forgetting
about it in your care for others. All
good things are for you, but you must
of good things for other folks. If, then,
you seek good things for yourself, you
will never find them.

A certain wise man had friends.
One of them coveted the gift of paint-
ing, and the greatest treasure he had
with him another for his misdeeds. An-
other of them coveted the gift of oratory,
and vast throngs yielded them-
selves to the spell of his words. A
fourth coveted the gift of the poet, and
his songs thrilled a great nation to
nobility and daring. A fifth coveted
the gift of the inventor, and his artful
contrivances benefited millions of mil-
lions of homes. A sixth coveted the
gift of mastery over men, and behold,
armies and kings bent to his will.

But the wise man coveted none of
these things for yet his mind was filled
with one another for his misdeeds. An-
other of them coveted the gift of oratory,
and vast throngs yielded them-
selves to the spell of his words. A
fourth coveted the gift of the poet, and
his songs thrilled a great nation to
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the gift of the inventor, and his artful
contrivances benefited millions of mil-
lions of homes. A sixth coveted the
gift of mastery over men, and behold,
armies and kings bent to his will.

So the woman of 50 is not classed
among the aged any more. Middle age
has the privileges of youth and is at
liberty to keep itself as attractive as
possible. Because a certain number of
years have been accumulated and one
is a grandmother, they are not for-
bidden to think of their appearance fur-
ther than to attend to the coquettish
trimming of their hair, bonnets and
keeping their black silk gowns free from
wrinkles. This fact is still a surprise
to us, for it is certain that a woman
20 years ago that the women of 50 could
ever look as they do today or would
be able to dress with the propriety and
taste they do today. So, this new idea
is being extended to women even older,
and with just as much success.

Yet, by those of her own sex the new
woman of 50 is subjected to sharp criti-
cism. Even by those really "new wom-
en," too. One says: "Women were
harder when they were less youthful
looking at 50."

"There may be greater satisfaction
among women of a certain age that
they look younger now than they were
able to attain several years ago, but
they are no happier than they were for
that reason. There are more dissatis-
fied, discontented-looking women of 50
now-a-days than there ever were in the
past."

"I think it is largely due to the fact
that their new dress and their new
place in the world do not in the least
agree with their ages. It is not the
least use for a woman to look like 40
or younger when she is compelled to
act still as she would at her real age."

"It is this incongruity between the
woman's looks and the way she is com-
pelled to act that makes her unhappy
and discontented with her lot. She
looks in the glass and sees that she is
doubtless be thought at least 10 years
younger than she really is. That causes
her to feel as if she would like to act
more in accordance with the age she
would like to be."

"But that is out of the question in a
majority of cases and she is compelled
to reconcile herself as best she can to
the difference between her looks and
her aspirations. So, while the woman
of 50 may be more youthful looking than
she was in the old days she is not nearly
so happy."

However, just as long as the men
keep up the practice of asking in regard
to women, "Is she young? Is she pretty,
is she stylish?"—instead of "Is she
amiable, is she intelligent and well edu-
cated?"—women will continue the
search for the fountain of perpetual
youth and beauty, and who can blame
them. Still, faster and faster, and a mas-
culine writer in the London Ladies' Pic-
torial says:

"It is when she has passed the fourth
decade that a woman is now said to
be most dangerous to the susceptibility
of the other sex. Her face may have
lines that 'sweet and 20' regards with
dismay, her figure may be fuller than
'sweet 17' deems graceful; it may even
be that art has to step in where nature
fails in the matter of hair and complex-
ion, but it is manner which tells. In
carriage, in interest, in thought, the wo-
man of 40 at the present day is as
young as her daughter less than half
her years; but her mind is better bal-
anced, her judgments are clearer."

The status of the grandmother of the
past was fixed and immovable. Hav-
ing once acquired the title she was
allowed no other. Her individuality as
a woman, wife and mother was lost, and
she was ever afterward recognized as
one who should set aside all personal
ambition and dedicate herself to the
care of her children's children. Today,
we have grandmothers of that type,
secure in the doctrine of individual
rights, the grandmother of modern
times declines to sacrifice her life to
the demands of others. Her life is
her own, she argues; she has raised
her own children, and now is her
time for rest; her daughter must attend
to the rising generation.

But from the children's standpoint
the passing of the grandmother is a
calamity. They will read the stories
of the past, and will long for the ten-
der hearts and willing hands that gave
themselves in service. Perhaps the
hearts are just as tender today, but
the hands are engaged in other work,
and children minds have an odd way
of looking for actions rather than mo-
tives.

The children want the grandmother
whose kitchen is a fairland of spice
odors and forbidden sweets, not the
one who is a stern disciplinarian, not the

tion, which, with all due respect to
Mr. Waterson, is better described as
"human" than "masculine."

"The truth is that the world has been
so busy trying to snub the serious wo-
man and chivy her back to her 'sphere,'
are she destroy the face by mad ap-
ples of thinking or learning speaking,
voting, working or practicing profes-
sions and otherwise deporting her-
selves sanely and soberly, that it has just
been to perceive that the light woman,
remaining strictly within the purview
of orthodox femininity and practicing
only the old craft of feminine charm,
has calmly burst every bound and
fractured every law laid down for her.

"She has not asked for liberty; li-
cense is good enough for her."

"She is challenging the world today
with: 'What are you going to do about
it?' And what, indeed? She has been
ultra feminine in her demands; she has
not endeavored to 'unsex herself' by
volting nor in any way to walk in the
"masculine procession."

"The world is just waking up to the
stultification of the situation, looking
about it and wondering 'where it is at.'
"This stupefaction and confusion Mr.
Waterson shares and voices when he
paints for you a society nestled cov-
ered by Messianism, and attributes its evils
to the baleful short-haired, eye-glassed
new woman who wants to walk in the
"masculine procession."

"Mr. Waterson is right when he says
that 'back of all this moral problem
stands a great national and economic
problem.' He is wrong when he regards
the 'indifference of the guild of lux-
ury and wealth' to the common rights
of labor as 'full of evil auguries.' Econ-
omic wrongs and social abuses, like the
reign of license, are but swelling that
they may burst and afterward recon-
struct on new lines."

"Does anyone believe that the mighty
cornering of all commodities and indus-
try can continue as it is or commerce
return to where it was? Combination
will swell and swell until it passes into
something different from what we have
known. There may be chaos, suffer-
ing, loss. There generally is in social
changes, but they are going on just
the same and on lines which none
of us can categorically predicate."

"Meantime, such utterances as Mr.
Waterson's should be profoundly sug-
gestive to us in the observation of such
social changes, which to him 'who hat-
es to see' furnish the material for the
enchanted fairy tales of latter-day
dramatists."

FASHIONS FOR LITTLE FOLKS

FASHIONS for little folks follow
oddly after those adopted by
their mammas, says the New
York Tribune Paris letter. One
sees gowns and cloaks for small
maiden, trimmed with broad and pas-
sionately elaborate with buttons,
and made with fanciful little sleeves,
slashed and trimmed. Cloaks, too,
have reversible fronts to be worn
thrown open to show "fancy" and
trimmed linings. Everything for little
girls is made excessively short and to
flare at the bottom, a fact that makes
the cut of the underclothes most im-
portant. Little cumbric petticoats have
some inches rows of starched ruf-
fles running to the waist behind and
little pantaloons are trimmed with
full, flaring ruffles, cut very short.
There are some useful skirts made of a
kind of fine white mohair. These keep
clean longer than the white linen and
hold the little skirts well out. They
can be made dainty with fagoting and
fine trimming in the way of rows of
baby ribbon and hand work.

Red is a favorite color for the school
or every-day frock, and some modish
red frocks are trimmed with black.
One for a girl of nine has yoke and
cuffs and a deep border on the skirt
made of rows of black braid joined by
rows of fagoting. This over the red
cloth is most effective. There is a
fitted belt stitched with black. A red
frock for a younger child is laid in
wide box pleats. The box pleats are
tucked to the yoke, where the tucking
finishes with black silk ornaments.
There is a low fitted belt, and below the
pleats are tucked again for a space of
a few inches and trimmed with more
ornaments. The sleeves are arranged in
the same way.

This will be a season of flowers for
the hair, and new and charming effects
in the way of wreaths and of single
blossoms to tuck back of the ear are
daily shown by the smart shops.

From Paris comes the leading novelty
—the coronation wreath, made of small
ivy leaves, perfect in their imitation
of the real English ivy, and edged with
silver spangles like a rim of dew. Some
are edged with gold. The wreaths are
made in small bunches of the leaves,
ending in a spray of single leaves that
fall upon the hair, as though fresh
gathered from the garden and placed
there.

Another leading novelty is the pond
lily, and this comes in all the natural
sizes and colors, as well as in silver,
gold and jet spangles, with natural
colored leaves and stems. Jet Easter

CONCERNING FASHIONS

lilies are also leaders in style, and these
consist of one open flower, with a bud,
and a green stem, with a small spray
of green foliage, usually maidenhair
fern. Sometimes the lily forms the cen-
ter of a small wreath. Most lovely are
the light blue and pink lilies, just like
those that float in our ponds, only
made of spangles in the color of the
flower. The pond lily wreaths are made
with a single open flower in front, and
partly open flowers and buds falling
away from it, all lying upon a water
lily stem, with a few natural colored
leaves between. The leaves, of course,
are dwarfed in size.

Very charming are the clusters of
small white or colored morning glories,
set amid green leaves and ending in
small sprays. The flowers are sprin-
gled with jeweled or spangled dew-
drops and have jewels in the center.
Du Barry wreaths are so much in
vogue that all manner of materials are
made up into the Du Barry headdress.

These half wreaths are of flowers and
leaves, of platted grass, with bunches
of the grass on each side, and the back
of satin ribbon, with or without floral
effects, and of platted ribbon that
passes around the back of the hair, and
ends upon each side of the head in
jaunty little bunches and knots.

Laurel crowns are a popular now as
they were in the days of ancient Rome.
These vie in point of popularity with
the frosted leaves of holly and oak,
sprinkled with the pearly mistletoe ber-
ries. Holly berries glow amid green or
frosted leaves in the Du Barry wreath,
or in the simple wreath worn in front,
and not around the back of the hair.
Little bows of red velvet, less than
half an inch in width, are used to tie
the back of mistletoe and holly wreaths
and give a pretty touch of color to
them.—(Paris Fashion Letter.)

In what direction fashions for the hair
will lead, one cannot, as yet, be cer-
tain. For some time the hanging curl
has been worn by some leaders who are
of style. As the coronation sev-
eral perusses wore the single curl fall-
ing on the left shoulder. It is, of course,
in harmony with the picturesque Louis
Seize frock. In the early part of the
Victorian era the curl had a great
vogue. Portraits of the Empress
Eugenie and of Queen Alexandra, at
the time of her marriage, show both
wearing the picturesque curl. The
Empress Eugenie is depicted with the
introduction of the hanging curl, just
as Mrs. James Brown Potter is sup-
posed to have brought in the downward
swooping forehead puff.

A Woman's Invention.

AMONG the most interesting fea-
tures of the women's depart-
ment at the Mechanics fair, re-
cently held in Boston, Mass., is
the exhibit of women's labor-
saving household inventions. The Wo-
men's Educational and Industrial union
offered a prize of \$50 for the best device
of this kind invented by a woman.
One is a "scientific bread machine,"
which will mix the dough in 10 minutes
of bread in three minutes, saving labor,
flour and money by perfect accuracy.
It was brought to the fair at the spe-
cial request of Mrs. Ellen H. Richards.
One of these machines, of a larger size,
has just been bought by the government for
use in the navy.

The history of this machine is un-
usual. Its inventor, Mrs. Lydia Coale
Sharpless, is a Quaker lady of an old
Philadelphia family. Her grandfather
was one of the founders of the Phila-
delphia library. Her grandmother, a re-
markable woman, of the presence and
great executive ability, was for 50
years the elder (i. e. the highest officer)
of the trustees, meeting of the Philadel-
phia library. Her grandmother was one of
the Johnsons, the old lawbook publishers
of Philadelphia. Her son and daughter
are both of them college graduates. The
son is doing fine work in chemistry.
Cyrus Chambers, a graduate of the
University of Pennsylvania, makes a specialty of mathematics and
physics.

Mrs. Sharpless was led to this inven-
tion in her efforts to make the most
perfectly digestible bread for her hus-
band, who was suffering from Bright's
disease. He had always been a stu-
dent, and had very fine instruments,
so that she had facilities for research.
She experimented under the microscope,
and found that the particles of damp
flour mixed under pressure, gave less
expansion than when mixed without
pressure.

Common bread is forbidden in many
cases of rheumatism. Bright's dis-
ease, because it contains starch that
has not been perfectly converted into
sugar-of-starch, or dextrose. Until
they have undergone this transforma-
tion and burst their cells, the particles
of starch cannot be digested. The more
fully the starch has undergone this
process, the more digestible the bread.

When a beam of polarized light is
passed through a thin slice of bread,
and examined with the microscope, it
shows a starry cross is seen wherever
an unburst particle of starch exists in
the bread. When the polarized light is
thus passed through any ordinary
bread, the slice is seen thickly cen-
tered over with these starry crosses.
It has long been a cause of wonder
why the coarse, sour black bread of the
German peasants can be digested by
people who cannot assimilate any other
kind. This bread is allowed to remain
for 48 hours, till the yeast plant attains
its full growth and dies. It turns sour,
and the acid bursts the particles of
starch. When polarized light is passed
through a slice of this black bread,
there is a starry cross, except in feed-
ing flour has been used in making the
loaves, to keep it from sticking to the
hands. Hence this bread is digestible;
but it is too disagreeable to eat. It is
tasteful for our people to eat it. All our
nice bread contains a large quantity of
unburst particles of starch. By Mrs.
Sharpless' new process, the particles
of starch are all burst and transformed
into dextrose, so that when the polar-
ized light is passed through a slice, not
a single cross is seen. At the same
time the bread is ideally light and
sweet.

The peculiarity of the bread machine
is that it mixes the ingredients for the
bread without pressure. At the bottom
there is a receptacle into which the
prescribed quantity of milk and water
is put, and at the top a sieve into which
the flour is measured. Between are
two rollers, set spirally with knives.
By turning the handle the two rollers
are made to revolve, the knives "inter-
digitating," and striking the flour and
water lightly with their sharp edges
without pressure. In three minutes it
is perfectly mixed, and can be fed into
the bread machine. A thermometer at the
side marks the right temperature. When
the bread is risen, it can be put into
the pans without using any more flour to
keep it from sticking to the hands, as
when mixed with lightly from a sticky
form a sticky paste, as it does when
kneaded under pressure.

Mrs. Sharpless, with the help of her
daughter, the student of mathematics,
made both the model of her invention,
and the working machine. The model
was made of pasteboard. The daughter
cut out the pasteboard and the mother
sewed it together. Then Mrs. Sharp-
less sent for her friend Cyrus Cham-
bers, of Philadelphia, the inventor of
the great but machines and the holder
of other valuable patents. At the
sight of her model, he laughed till he
almost fell off his chair. He said: "Any-
body might know that that was a wo-
man's model, made of pasteboard and
sewed together. He took it away with
him. The next morning he came back
and said: 'I have more respect for
women than I had before. That model
works beautifully. But you surely did
not do the machine of the kind you
sent me.' "No," answered Mrs. Sharpless.
"I owe that to my college girl." Later,
when he put this rough model before
the board of patent lawyers, they too
were convulsed with laughter. Mr.
Chambers said: "You may trust me, gen-
tlemen, but I seldom have an amateur
model that works out so perfectly."

Then the professors in the chemical
department of the University of Penn-
sylvania, went over Mrs. Sharpless'
work step by step, and now mark the
hundred slides illustrating the re-
sults of their investigation. On October
15, Professor F. D. Ives, the inventor of
the binocular microscope, exhibited the
bread machine at the Franklin Insti-
tute, which was founded in Philadel-
phia by Benjamin Franklin, a century
ago to advance the work of mechanics
and science. Besides scientists, many
practical millers were present, and the
owners of the old orthodox Priests
meeting on Twelfth street turned out
almost to a man. Polarized light was
passed through a multitude of samples
of other bread and in every case the
crosses betrayed the presence of un-
burst particles of starch, with the
bread made by the new process was
wholly free from them.

At the close Mr. Cyrus Chambers
said, in a voice broken by emotion:
"When Mrs. Sharpless told me of this, I
only half believed in it, but I thought
that if true it would be very valuable,
I put it to the severest test, and we
have found it to be even better than she
supposed. She thought that by her
new process she could get from 12 to 25
per cent more nourishment out of the
flour, but we have proved that she gets
almost 50 per cent more!"

At this exhibition, when the picture
of the first rough pasteboard model was
thrown on the screen, Mr. Chambers
said: "I know the holes in the holes in
the sieve with a damning need!" It
was a fact.

When the invention was shown to
President McAllister of the Drexel In-
stitute, he said: "Why, Mrs. Sharpless,
you know what you have done.
You have done something that the
technologists have been working on for
years without success. You must tell
women about this new process." She
answered: "Professor McAllister, I
seldom make above a whisper in my
life." He said: "You have done some-
thing that the technologists have been
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Written for *The Gazette*
By Frederick F. Cook

YALTY

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Magazine for October.

Are you, perhaps, gliding gently down
the stream of life into the post meri-
dian shadows, and do you long, occa-
sionally, to forget a birthday? Are
there not dozens of "truth-bawlers" to
arise early and give you away from the
houseposts?

Miss Quiddunc (watching poultry)—
How is it you've got four roosters and
only one hen?

Miss Forty—Because I don't intend
that poor hen shall suffer all her life
as I have for companionship.

Rolling Stock on the Natal Railways
 "All our material has been obtained from British manufacturers," said Sir David Hunter, in a recent interview.
 "It is rather an interesting fact that the railway system of Natal is equipped in every particular with motive power and rolling stock of British manufacture. We have never tried American locomotives; we have adhered to our own types, which have always been followed out in a progressive spirit. The original engines on our railway system were 25 tons weight and were

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able of conveying over the steepest grade only 30 tons of paying load. The latest development is the 'Reid' engine, which, weighing 69 tons, has 10 large wheels, carries three and one-half tons of fuel, and conveys over the steepest grade 120 tons of paying load. With us in Natal, however, it is a matter of prejudice, or even of sentiment, but simply that we as practical railway men have thought it better to advance along the lines of our existing types of engines, and we have thereby achieved splendid results in this highly achieved splendid results in this industry. We put out tenders in the hands

place, the agent general he invites tenders in. Now and again, it is ordered engines direct and previously supplied but these have been expensive. There is nothing peculiar way." (Inter David Hunter in The gazette for November, 1884.)

May Take a Hand.—The city of Chicago, Ill., has an opinion of introducing a bill into congress to protect the interests of the public in labor conflicts like the present coal strike. The bill is to empower the government in such cases to authorize the attorney general to appoint a receiver for the property, until he can continue the business until laborers and mine owners can come to terms by arbitration, or otherwise wise.

Simultaneously with this comes a pamphlet from a prominent member of the Suffolk, Mass., bar, arguing for a common law basis that, when property owners use their property as

to create a public interest in its administration, the public has a constitutional right to participate in the management under certain conditions. In support of this, he cites the opinion of Chief Justice Waite:

"Property becomes clothed with a public interest when used in a manner to make it of public consequence and affect the community at large. When, therefore, one devotes his property to a use in which the public has an interest, he, in effect, grants to the public an interest in that use, and must submit to be controlled by the public for

the common good, interest he has therein.

All this shows opinion is taking if corporations in defiance of public theory that "God, dom," has put their hands. The prevalent notion sure to assert its effectiveness, is the finite wisdom." In this matter to be proce to exorcis

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THE WEEKLY GAZETTE

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 13.

Published Every Thursday
ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

REPUBLICAN RESPONSIBILITY IN COLORADO.

POLITICAL wisdom and good faith toward the voters of the state point out the only attitude and course that should be assumed by the Republican party, its managers and those whom the people of the state have placed in positions of official responsibility and power.

The Republican triumph was honestly won, and it was won because the Republican party stood for good government and clean politics; and because this attitude was in striking contrast to the record, the position and the methods of the Fusion-Democratic party of this state.

It was won also because the Republican party established its freedom from the control of cliques or bosses and put itself frankly and sincerely in the hands of the people to direct its affairs, to select its candidates and to determine its policies.

The same methods that have brought victory, will secure the fruits of victory and establish the permanent supremacy of the Republican party in this state.

A change of attitude toward the people, a reversion to the Democratic methods that have been repudiated and condemned by the people of Colorado, or to Republican boss or gang rule, will be an invitation to disaster, a repudiation of solemn pledges to the people, and a forerunner of Republican defeat with disastrous consequences from which the party in this state may never recover.

An especial responsibility rests upon the Republican members-elect of the next general assembly. It will devolve upon them, possibly more than upon any others, to redeem the pledges that have been made to the people, and to establish the honor and good faith of the Republican party as the party of clean politics and good government.

Every senator and representative-elect should feel that the honor of the party and of the state is in his personal keeping, and he should be especially careful at this time to guard it against any and all persons who may seek to betray the confidence of the people for their own political or personal advantage.

It is essential to the welfare of the party and of the state that the members of the Fourteenth general assembly should enter upon their work absolutely unpledged to any person for any purpose. If this is done, the people of the state will feel the same confidence that they felt in the members of the Republican state convention, and they will be prepared to endorse the work of the legislature with approval similar to that bestowed upon the Republican platform and the Republican candidates.

One of the first and most important things the legislature will be called to act upon will be the title to office of the members-elect from Arapahoe county.

This question will offer the opportunity which may make or break the fortunes of the Republican party for years to come.

If the contestants make out a case of fraudulent voting or fraudulent returns sufficient to change the result upon legislative members in Arapahoe county THEN BY ALL MEANS THE DEMOCRATIC MEMBERS-ELECT SHOULD BE PROMPTLY UNSEATED. BUT IF THE CONTESTANTS CANNOT SHOW A CLEAR TITLE TO THEIR OWN SEATS BY THE HONEST VOTE OF ARAPAHOE COUNTY, THEN NO REASON OF TEMPORARY PARTY ADVANTAGE SHOULD LEAD THE REPUBLICAN MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATURE TO THWART THE WILL OF THE ARAPAHOE COUNTY VOTERS.

There must be no wavering of party policy upon a question of such importance to the people of the state.

IF THE DEMOCRATIC TITLE IS BASED UPON CLEAR AND UNMISTAKABLE FRAUD THE REPUBLICANS SHOULD NOT ONLY THROW THE MEMBERS-ELECT OF THAT PARTY UNCEMERONIOUSLY OUT OF THE LEGISLATIVE HALLS BUT THEY SHOULD SEND THE AUTHORS OF SUCH FRAUD TO A LONG-TIME SERVICE IN THE STATE PRISON.

BUT THERE SHOULD BE NO DISFRANCHISEMENT OF LEGAL VOTERS NOR ANY ATTEMPT TO THWART THEIR WILL AS EXPRESSED AT THE POLLS.

Every Republican elected to the legislature from districts outside of Arapahoe county should approach this question in a thoroughly judicial frame of mind and none of them should allow any aspirant for the senate or other person to tie them in promises of any kind prior to the meeting of the legislature in January.

The Gazette urges every Republican member-elect to the Fourteenth general assembly to absolutely refuse to give pledges of any kind to any person prior to the meeting of the legislature.

The future fate of the Republican party in Colorado is now largely in the keeping of the Republican members of the Fourteenth general assembly and they cannot be too cautious about what they promise or what they do.

THE SUPREME POWER IS THE PEOPLE'S WILL.

SMALL politicians give far more thought to rallying the people to the support of the party than they do to rallying the party to the support of the people.

And yet the latter course, is the only sure foundation for permanent political success.

The Republican party in Colorado owes its recent victory to the determination of the people to rebuke the Democratic misgovernment and folly and to intrust the public affairs to the party that has been making such a brilliant record at Washington and in the Republican states.

But it is infinitely of more importance to the Republican party at the present time to keep itself in touch with the people and to remain strictly within the limits of the authority that has been committed to it, than it is to try to seize unwarranted power or to trench itself against any future tide of public sentiment.

It is far better that the Republican party should lose the legislature and the United States senatorship and a congressman and one or more places on the state ticket, than that any one or all of these prizes should be seized without full authority from the people. The Republican party can afford to get along without these things, relying upon the people to confirm it in whatever measure of power it shows its ability to exercise for their benefit. But it cannot afford to take unjustly or unfairly any gift that has been withheld by the people. To do this would be to put itself on a level with the Democratic gang that has been so thoroughly and overwhelmingly condemned by the people of the state.

If it can be established by reliable evidence that frauds have been committed by anyone there should be severe punishment both for those who ordered and those who executed such frauds, and no one should be permitted to profit by them.

But the contests in Arapahoe county or elsewhere, if there are to be any contests, should be approached with judicial calm and impartiality, and no consideration of temporary political advantage, either to party or to any individual, should be permitted to interfere with a real and sincere desire to execute and to secure the will of the people as expressed in their honest ballots at the polls.

If the Republican party rises to the level of its present opportunity it need give little anxiety to the political future of this state. But if it fails to meet public expectations, or if it yields itself to selfish bosses or seeks to do anything else than the will of the people, not all the ingenuity of all the politicians will be able to erect a barrier that will secure it from the popular disapproval.

If there is a lesson above all others that has been taught by the political history of Colorado in the past 10 years, it is that the will of the people is supreme in our public affairs, and no party that does not sincerely believe this and act accordingly will long remain in control of our legislative and executive offices.

A REPUBLICAN CONGRESS.

THE LATEST returns indicate that the next congress will be safely Republican both in the senate and the house of representatives. The people of the United States have again approved the Republican policy of protection and have endorsed the national administration.

There have been the usual number of changes from Democrats to Republicans and vice versa, and of these the Democrats appear to have had somewhat the better.

But on the other hand the Republicans have profited by the new districts created under the twelfth census.

The Fifty-seventh congress included 198 Republican representatives, 153 Democrats and 5 Populists, Silverites and Fusionists.

Of the 286 members of the next house, returns so far indicate the election of 176 Democrats, 207 Republicans, with three districts still in doubt.

The reduction in the Republican majority is less than was expected in an off year, and it is large enough to insure the prompt transaction of the public business and the passage of such legislation as may commend itself to the wisdom of the majority party.

There was even less danger of a loss of Republican control in the senate than there was in the house. The Republican plurality there cannot fall below 10 and it will probably be not less than 12.

The danger that the Republicans would lose control of congress was never a serious one, but it is pleasant to know that the people of the United States have once more passed a vote of confidence in the party of prosperity, and that nothing now stands in the way of a continuance of the successful management of national affairs for at least three years more.

THE NAVAL CAREER FOR BOYS.

THE ANNOUNCEMENT by the navy department of a shortage in the available naval officers is likely to bring a quick remedy if congress acts promptly. There is certainly no shortage of boys and young men in the United States who have the patriotism and the physical and mental equipment necessary to fit themselves for serving their country as naval officers. All that is necessary for congress to do is to open the doors of the academy at Annapolis and the naval training schools a little wider, and to facilitate the passage of good material from the latter to the former.

The navy has always been an attractive career for American boys, and it is still, but for many years the authorities seemed to be greatly afraid of getting too many officers, and the narrow rules regulating the Annapolis academy seemed to be planned rather to keep young men out of the navy rather than to bring them into it. Now the circumstances are different, and the demand is for more officers. The navy can get them, and just as good ones as were ever provided, but it will necessarily take time.

It takes longer to produce an admiral or even a good gunner than it does a battle ship, and the man is more important than the machine.

Congress should pay prompt attention to the recommendations of the naval authorities, and should set to work to increase the supply of captains and admirals with the same energy with which it has built up the cruisers and battleships of the new navy.

GENERAL CHAFFEE'S RETURN.

MANY MORE SPECTACULAR heroes have returned to the United States than General Adna R. Chaffee, but few have come back with a record of more creditable service.

General Chaffee was the central figure of the campaign in China, where the United States army appeared to such advantage in the field of diplomacy as well as in that of warfare, and it was in direct recognition of his service there that General Chaffee was sent to the Philippines, where he has been of great usefulness in enforcing peace and facilitating the establishment of civil government.

AN UNEQUALLED OPPORTUNITY FOR PROGRESS.

IF THE DEMOCRATIC ticket had been successful at the recent election and if the voters of Colorado had judged it wise to undertake the Bucklin experiment, it would have been the duty of every true friend of the state to have rallied to its support in the effort to minimize the harm of continued Democratic supremacy and the danger of the test of radical theories. And it would have been the duty of newspapers and other sources of public influence to do everything in their power to defend the business interests of the state and to endeavor to counteract political harm by stimulating the industrial progress and the development of natural resources.

There is all the more reason now, when Republican victory is assured, when constitutional reforms greatly demanded by the people have been established and when the state has refused to engage in a dangerous experiment, to employ even a greater amount of energy toward the promotion of our business interests.

Then it would have been necessary to exert our greatest strength to keep ourselves from serious loss.

Now we may be sure that every well-directed effort will surely bring a most generous result.

No better proof of the superiority of Colorado's natural resources could be shown than the fact that we have grown and prospered in spite of the blighting influences of the Fusion regime and in spite of the ever-present danger of worse legislation and policies.

THE PERIOD OF THE NEXT TWO YEARS IS CERTAIN TO BE THE TIME OF THE BEST AND MOST RAPID DEVELOPMENT COLORADO HAS EVER KNOWN.

No man is so well as the one who has just recovered from a serious illness. No community flourishes like the one that has just passed through a period of depression.

No prosperity is so great as that which follows immediately after dull times.

For years the business interests of Colorado have been checked and paralyzed by political errors and unwise legislation.

The repudiation of Fusion Democracy, its methods and its principles is unquestionably the best thing that could happen for the business interests of the state.

The conditions are ripe for a tremendous advance all along the line.

Important new railroad enterprises are already under way, others have been announced as probable, and still others will certainly be determined in the near future.

The growth of the beet sugar industry is continuing at a rapid rate, and its success may now be said to be safely assured without regard to any action that may be taken by the Republican majority in congress. If the concession is made to Cuba the Colorado beet growers and beet sugar makers will still be able to find a profitable market for their products. If it is not, the development of our new industry will be all the more rapid.

The undertaking of irrigation works by the national government will direct general attention to the west, and will surely result in large increase of population in Colorado.

Denver and Pueblo, the largest two cities of the state, are already feeling the pulse of reviving industrial activity, and this will rapidly extend to every part of the state.

The period of rapid development in the east, of the organization of immense combinations requiring large sums of money, of intense activity in railway and industrial speculation and investment, of intense activity in manufacturing and trade, seems almost to have reached its climax, and with less opportunity for rapid profit nearby, eastern investors must infallibly turn toward the newer region of the west as the field for their enterprises.

THE COMMUNITY THAT WILL PROFIT MOST BY THESE CONDITIONS IS THE ONE THAT SEES THE OPPORTUNITY MOST CLEARLY AND THAT MOST PROMPTLY AND RESOLUTELY SETS ITSELF TO THE TASK OF MAKING THE MOST OF IT.

THAT COMMUNITY SHOULD BE COLORADO SPRINGS.

No part of the people of Colorado are more wide awake to their surroundings than those who have built the city of Colorado Springs and have made it prosperous under many circumstances of discouragement.

None are more prompt, energetic and tireless in their actions.

None have a better acquaintance or a more effective influence in the circles where acquaintance and influence are most valuable.

The business men of Colorado Springs therefore have an opportunity to do themselves, the city and the state an immense benefit by taking the lead in the forward march of progress, and by directing the course of the tide of prosperity that is ready to flow in upon us.

With a Republican congress assured for at least two years, with President Roosevelt's re-election practically assured, with Republican supremacy in state affairs guaranteed at the hands of careful, conservative and honest executive officers, the time is certainly ripe for a great forward movement in this state.

The well-known character of the people of this city and the record of their past accomplishments are a sufficient guarantee that they will improve their present opportunity.

A "NOTABLE" (?) NEWSPAPER VICTORY.

THE DENVER REPUBLICAN boasts about what a "notable victory" (?) it won in the recent campaign. We hadn't thought about it before, but it really was a "NOTABLE" victory for the Republican.

Denver is normally Republican by 10,000 majority, and in the Republican landslide of last Tuesday it should have gone Republican by 20,000, and would have done so had it not been for the bolting of the Republican state platform by the Denver Republican. As it was, the "efforts" of the Denver Republican gave the Democrats a majority of 6,000 in that city.

The chief campaign of the Denver Republican was against the eight-hour law the Rush home-rule bill and the biennial election bill.

All of these measures carried the city of Denver, to which the circulation of the Republican is confined, by 15,000 majority and the state by 50,000.

It really was a "NOTABLE VICTORY" the Denver Republican scored last Tuesday.

The Republican says it got very close to the people, and that it is receiving all kinds of congratulations.

In this statement it got its metaphors slightly mixed.

THE PEOPLE GOT CLOSE TO THE REPUBLICAN, but with ancient eggs, discarded tin cans and every conceivable make of battle axes.

The telegrams of congratulation must have looked like an original telegraphic message chiefly composed of dashes and dots with a plentiful supply of large D's.

All jesting aside the Republicans of the state really owe a debt of gratitude to the Denver Republican, for had it supported the Republican ticket in good faith the judges of election would not yet be through counting the Democratic majority.

A PLEDGE TO THE PEOPLE.

WHATEVER friction there may be between the Democratic senate and the Republican house in the next legislature in regard to various matters, there certainly ought to be none in carrying out in good faith the will of the people as expressed by the passage of the constitutional amendments at the recent election.

At least one of the amendments, that establishing the eight-hour day for mines and smelters, requires legislation by the assembly to give it full effect, and the operation of others might be notably delayed and impeded by the hostility of a Republican legislature and Republican state officials.

In spite of the sensational stories now being circulated by disappointed Democrats, there is no ground for belief that the Republicans will make any mistake of this kind.

The indorsement of the amendments by the Republican state convention was sincere and honest, as is shown by the vote on the amendments in every county of the state, and we have no doubt that Republican officials everywhere will do their full part towards securing and completing the popular will in these matters.

Of course, the amendments must stand the test of proper legal scrutiny. If they are found to be invalid, illegal or inconsistent by the courts, that is no fault of the Republicans, but of the Fusion legislature which passed them in their present form.

But the fate of the party is pledged to the people for the carrying out of these measures, and that pledge must be adequately redeemed. If the home-rule amendment, the biennial elections amendment or any other should be destroyed in a contest before the supreme court, it would become the immediate duty of the Republican members of the legislature to join with Democratic senators and representatives in the passage of a non-partisan substitute that would be free from the objections established against the present measure, and that would finally secure to the people the reforms that they have so long demanded.

Modern School of Business.

Only first-class Business College in the west. Has best of everything—

Guarantees positions to its graduates. Departments—Short-hand and Typewriting, Bookkeeping and Banking, Telegraphy, Academic, Elocution, Penmanship, Actual business methods, Individual instruction. Endorsed by leading business men of Denver. Summer term open June 8. Fall term, September 1, 1902. Write or call for particulars. New catalogue free.

A. M. KEARNS, Prin., Fifth Floor, Charles Bldg., 15th and Curtis, Denver, Colorado.

A REMARKABLE POLITICAL FORECAST.

IN THE Gazette Campaign edition dated Sunday, October 26, 10 days before the election, the Gazette undertook to present to its readers a forecast of the vote in this state. At that time the general opinion was that the Republicans had at most only a forlorn hope of winning the contest.

Nothing of the kind had ever before been attempted in the state of Colorado, and the Gazette management were probably the only newspaper men in the state who believed that it could be accomplished. But the importance to the Gazette readers and to Republicans generally of knowing exactly what the Republican prospects really were induced this paper to undertake the task.

Letters of inquiry were sent to the chairmen of the county central committees of every county in the state, and these were supplemented by telegrams, with the result that official signed replies were received from 51 out of 54 counties in the state, two of these replies not reaching us in time for publication. These two counties, together with the three remaining ones, were carefully and conservatively estimated, and the results were summed up as follows:

"39 counties report the Republicans will be successful.

"5 counties report that the chances are evenly balanced.

"13 counties report in favor of Democratic success.

"The total Republican pluralities outside of Arapahoe county amount to 14,815.

"The total Democratic pluralities amount to 2,400.

"This is a net Republican plurality for the state outside of Arapahoe county of 12,415."

Unofficial returns have now been received from all of the counties of the state, and nothing further will come in until the statements of the official count are made by the county clerks.

The Gazette said that 38 counties outside of Arapahoe would give Republican pluralities.

The unofficial returns show that 38 counties outside of Arapahoe gave Republican pluralities.

The Gazette said that 13 counties would go Democratic, and that five counties were doubtful.

Eighteen counties, according to the unofficial returns, gave Democratic pluralities, and of these five, and no more, are reported for Democratic pluralities of not more than 100 votes each.

The Gazette said that the net Republican plurality for the state outside of Arapahoe county would be 12,415.

The net Republican plurality for the state outside of Arapahoe county, according to unofficial returns to date, is 12,050.

It was certainly not the fault of the Gazette nor of the Republican county chairmen throughout the state, whose careful, reliable and accurate predictions made this remarkable result possible, if the Gazette readers were not fully informed in advance of what was going to happen.

The quarto-centennial celebration of the opening of the University of Colorado is appointed to be held at Boulder, November 13, 14 and 15, 1902. On the afternoon of the 13th will occur the address before the School of Law, and in the evening the grand concert. On the following day addresses will be delivered before the other professional schools, and on the 14th, President Schurman of Cornell university will deliver an oration. This celebration is justly regarded by the university authorities as the most important event of recent years, and one which is of interest to every citizen of the state.

Gazette Gayeties

THE SURGEON.

Montgomery, Ala., Oct. 25.—When the Southeast Alabama Medical league met this week at Dothan, Dr. L. L. Hill gave an account of how he had sewed up a wound in the heart of Henry Myrick, a 13-year old negro boy. Myrick, who had been stabbed in the heart, was present in apparently good health.—(Press dispatch.)

The surgeon a mighty man is he,
Yea, marvelous is his skill;
And many a life by his keen, true knife
Is saved from a threatening ill;
No horror of awful suffering;
Of agony there is none;
For a fellow sleeps in the Dreamland deep
Till the painful deed is done.

The surgeon a wondrous man is he!
He taketh the dainty brain,
Removes its disease with consummate ease
And putteth it back again!
Perchance your appendix bothers
And causeth annoying care;
He will take it out and smile, no doubt,
In a manner most debonnaire!

He can lop off a limb and give you
A new one to take its place;
Your stomach he'll clean if it's acting mean;
Or give you a brand-new face;
He'll take you apart so neatly
And put you together again;
Oh the surgeon he is decidedly
A marvelous man 'mong men!

Behold now his greatest triumph,
Achievement beyond compare!
To save a life with his trusty knife
There's no risk too great to dare!
For lo! he hath boldly taken
The heart that was pierced and maimed,
He hath sewed and bound till the awful wound
Is healed, and a life's reclaimed.

Well done! To thy name be honor!
But listen, then surgeon bold!
Though thy skill may heal the wound of steel
Or the path of the bullet cold;
There is yet one wound that never
Will yield to thy touch its pain;
One wound 'gainst which thy most careful stitch,
Thy dressings and salves, are vain!

What aileth thy wondrous cunning?
What use that ye cut and saw?
Can all thy art ease the wounded heart
If a woman shall deal the blow?
Ah, surgeon! When thou canst give us
Some measure to e'en abate
The deep heart-aches that a woman makes,
Then, then we will call thee great!

"Wonder where this slice is made?"
"Philadelphia, probably."

"Shure, O'm no partisan, Jerry. O! vote for th' best man."

"An' how 'n yez tell which was th' best man till after th' votes are counted, Dinny?"

"Is there no hope for me?" he asked.
"None whatever; I am engaged to another!"
"Goodness, how you frightened me! I thought it was something serious!"

"They say," remarked Cholly, "that you can tell a good deal about a man by the company he keeps."

"That," replied Miss Castiglione, "is not always true. I have seen you with Phyllis a good deal, and she is really a fine girl."

"I understand he always holds his friends."

"Wonder if that's why he is so popular with the girls."

J. W. W.

lively, poison oak, poison shumac and poison plants will also be shown, each properly placarded that the visitor may know them.

Fibre plants, such as flax, hemp, cotton, jute, sisal, will be shown, together with the products from them at various stages.

12. A school garden, such as is now in some of the eastern states, in constructing public school parks in the city, is to be maintained, showing not only the decorative plants such as dahlias, asters, hollyhocks, but also garden staples such as radishes, cabbage, nips, and cauliflower, will have a place here.

Mr. Spillman believes that 10 acres will be sufficient for all these purposes. He himself will have charge of all grasses and forage plants. The department of the other exhibits will be worked out by their heads of departments. A. Carleton will have charge of the cereals. V. K. Chestnut will have charge of the fruit plants. L. H. Dewey will have charge of the fibre plants.

Dr. B. T. Galloway, the chief of the Bureau of Plant Industry, and his assistant, A. F. Woods, will be in charge of the exhibit.

FOR CHRISTMAS

ANY READER of this paper who will send THREE or MORE NEW subscribers to THE WEEKLY GAZETTE, between now and December 31st, may retain 50c from each PAID SUBSCRIPTION. Price, \$1.00 per year, IN ADVANCE.

WEEKLY GAZETTE, Colorado Springs

LAST NIGHT REPUBLICAN RATIFICATION THE GREATEST POLITICAL TRIUMPH IN TEN YEARS

Cheer! For you've lived to see a glorious victory.
Cheer! Just hear the thousands roar (one cheer more).
Oh, it was a winning fight.
And a winning for the right.
You will never see the Democrats any more.
(If Mr. Kipling requires any apologies he is welcome to them.)

Covers were laid for 1,000, and a good many stood up.
Such was the situation at the banquet at the Antlers last night, which banquet was a part of the celebration held from 7 o'clock until the advent of the Sabbath.

It was by all odds the greatest political demonstration ever held in Colorado Springs. From the moment the band tuned up at the hotel at 7 o'clock until the very end of the celebration, the waywardness of the celebration was the last cheer had died away, there was not a moment that was not filled with action.

Now, as a general proposition, a crowd without red fire in its enthusiasm and the grinding of a brass band is liable to be an uninteresting sort of thing unless—not the exception—it is completely dominated by enthusiasm. That was exactly the situation last night and if the present generation views another scene in Colorado as much interest, it will be only once every two years after a Republican victory.

For genuine enthusiasm the crowd last night beat even the band. It almost swamped itself in its utter abandonment to enthusiasm. Director Irvine had his hand but that was about the only thing that made it look like a pre-arranged political demonstration. In fact, these in charge had not looked for the scene on the streets and it was just as much a surprise to them as it was to the average observer.

Someone, just who will probably not be discovered, but someone with strenuous lungs started to "holler." It was contagious, or rather infectious. In a very short time almost everyone in sight was cheering without reference to anyone else. The ensemble being a veritable bedlam. There appeared to be no particular reason for "hollering" excepting out of pure joy of the soul, which must have been the cause.

Early in the evening the Midland hotel went to the Antlers hotel and stationed itself in the lobby of the hotel where it proceeded to deal out music of the stirring variety. It went through a portion of its repertoire and finally settled down upon a medley including "The Star-Spangled Banner," "The Blue," and the like. A big crowd gathered in front of the hotel to hear the band and also to get stray glimpses of the new state officers. They were occasionally rewarded in this and then a passed crowd would go in. At about 9 o'clock the band swung down Pike's Peak avenue and went over to the Opera house, being followed by a throng of people. In front of the Opera house it again gave an open air concert.

The parade, which was pulled off without the least hitch, was decidedly impromptu affair and all the more interesting for that reason. A large crowd of men and boys provided themselves with flags and marched up Tejon street to the Opera house in double rank, while the crowd on the sidewalks, the echo of the words, "We Didn't Do a Thing to Them—Did We?" was given vociferous attention.

For half an hour the sidewalk and street in front of the Opera house were packed that passed by almost impossible and even the street cars had to stop for a time. It was one of the largest crowds which has been on the streets for a long time and forsooth, while the crowd was moving, long before the meeting began.

There were a large number of strangers in the city, every town in this section of the state contributing a number of visitors. Big delegations came from Pueblo, Denver and other cities. Colorado City came over in force, there being several hundred in the delegation from that place. It was formed at the Elks' office and was led by a number of prominent Republicans, including Hon. J. B. Stephens, Postmaster Morgan, F. F. Schrieber, W. P. Epperson and others. Every man carried a new broom emblematic of the clean sweep, and they made a decided hit with the crowd when they reached Colorado Springs.

Pueblo contributed a large crowd to the Republican jollification last night, including many prominent office holders of that county. Among them were Samuel Abbey, chairman of the Republican county central committee, who led his forces to victory Tuesday; Oscar J. McNeil, deputy county clerk; W. A. Wicks, recording clerk in the county clerk's office; Representative-elect John K. Shireman; Hon. John R. Gordon, register of the federal land office; Nimrod S. Walpole, Indian agent on the Jicarilla reservation and Frank P. Hawke, undersheriff; W. H. Tate, superintendent of the Pueblo union depot, and numerous others.

The Opera house never held more people than were in it last night, and it is doubtful if it ever before held so many. From the footlights to the back wall of the stage were leaders of the party and they were not all there, either, there being hundreds of well-known faces in the audience which extended from the orchestra pit to the very rafters.

Among those on the stage of the theater were: N. Walter Dixon, J. H. Peabody, F. A. Goudy, D. B. Fairley, R. L. Chambers, J. B. Stephens, John W. Grass, Anna M. Brandt, W. A. Platt, C. W. Dolph, F. B. Brooks, W. A. Haggott, N. C. Miller, John Campbell, J. R. Robinson, John Vivian, Henry McAllister, Sir, Henry McAllister, J. L. Aiken, Irving Howbert, Sherman Bell, P. O. Hanford, C. W. Fairley, A. L. Humphreys, Mrs. Eldridge, Joseph W. Milson, A. C. Dutcher, W. S. Boynton, L. C. Davis, D. F. Law, Arthur Cornforth, J. A. Himebaugh, E. R. Clark, W. H. McIntyre, L. H. Rouse, W. C. Robinson, C. A. Pollen, Alex. Strachan, John Dietrich, Walter L. Wilder, C. E. Noble, J. C. Stephens, Otis Remick, John A. Holmberg, P. Barnes, Counselor Steiman, F. Castello, E. T. Ensign, Attorney Jaffa.

The Opera house was bedecked with American flags, there being dozens mingled with the green of the potted plants and palms used in the decorations, while the large number of veterans of the civil war, who were present, also had their large flag. Chairman R. L. Chambers, Chairman Fairley, Secretary John Vivian of the state committee, and Governor-elect Peabody were with the light on the front row on the stage, Congressman-elect Brooks being seated just to the left and back of Mr. Peabody. From the moment the first of the distinguished members of the gathering put in an appearance, until the close of the meeting, there was cheering and tooting of horns, snuffing of various noise-making devices, and one continual venting of enthusiasm.

Chairman R. L. Chambers opened the meeting with a few appropriate words. Mr. Chambers expressed himself as being very gratified over the results of the campaign and over the attendance at the meeting last evening. In fact, these in charge had not looked for the scene on the streets and it was just as much a surprise to them as it was to the average observer.

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good one. What I wanted was a crowd talker, one that could keep the crowd busy thinking and keep them down and I was told that Mr. Vivian was a regular parrot. And now we come to the real secret of Republican success in this campaign. First the close corporation was broken. There was no more consolidation. This took with the people as well as the Republicans and never once from that time to the time of the victory was it in doubt. I knew that when we could get next to the hearts of the people we would win. During the first part of the campaign we were without funds. The other side had plenty and used them. I believe that if we had had the funds with which to carry on the fight legitimately by getting the Republican voters, we would have had a majority in Colorado of 25,000. How great must the satisfaction be of the president of the United States when he knows that he will have supporting him in Congress two senators and three congressmen who will stand up for him in place of the yellow curs that have been snapping at his heels. He will find out that this Republican doesn't represent Colorado. This Republican victory means that every dollar of American money will soon be worth \$1.25. I wish to say one word in regard to the lady candidate on our ticket, one who has been instrumental in leading the feminine vote of Colorado to support the right party and who has rightfully won her election by a majority of 10,000, but is yet counted out in the slums of Denver. It is our purpose to get at once to the frauds that are being practiced there and she shall have her office. I wish now to introduce to you Hon. James H. Peabody, the next governor of Colorado.

When Governor Peabody came forward the demonstration was even more pronounced than it had been in the case of the other speakers. The people stood up and yelled and cheered until they were hoarse, while the buzz-saw artists on the stage behind the scenes copied tribute to the man who had just been elected.

"If one doubts," said Governor Peabody, in opening his speech, "the satisfaction that is voiced by everyone in Colorado over the Republican victory, let us travel over the state a little and see the smiles and handshakes that are going on among the people."

"It is a wonder that Brooks did not make his majority 22,000 instead of the present figure. The victory in Colorado was a real one. The victory was determined to win and was determined that they should not be disappointed in securing and assuring the people of Colorado in return for electing me to this responsible position in your state government, that I shall work always for your welfare and, on points on which I am not sufficiently conversant with the details, I shall have competent assistants from El Paso county, Arapahoe county and from the other counties of the state to aid me in looking out for your best interests."

At this point several telegrams were read, among which were messages of regret from successful candidates and prominent Republicans who were unable to be present and who sent their congratulations to the people of El Paso county and of Colorado over the cause that brought about the meeting. Fink's complete orchestra also discoursed some very pleasing music during the short intermissions between speeches. All this patriotic fervor and enthusiasm could think of were played, all of which brought forth applause. "Yankee Doodle" and all the old-time favorites came in for their share. "Dixie" was played over and over again. The orchestra, under the direction of Judge Dixon, played masterfully and it for another round of "Dixie." The joke on the judge was just as well appreciated as his speech, which came later.

Mrs. Anna M. Brandt came next. Mrs. Brandt stated that, although she was counted out, she did not let that stand in her way in cheering for the Republican victory. "Although my fate rests with the county clerk of Arapahoe county, and you know what that means," said Mrs. Brandt, "I am glad that Colorado is in the sunlight, and I have sacrificed all personal and individual ambitions for the good of the state. I wish to thank the people of Colorado for the support accorded me during the campaign. I wish to thank the people of Colorado Springs and the people of El Paso county. I would rather have their support than to be elected in the slums of Denver."

Attorney General Miller was then called to the front of the stage. Mr. Miller expressed his great regret that the election of Mrs. Brandt should be contested. "I have been with Mrs. Brandt a great deal during the campaign and at each political meeting she always had some story and interesting tale that were supporting this and that. The people of this state will see that she is given her rights in spite of the frauds that are being so grossly practiced in Arapahoe county. I have seen these frauds practiced openly in Denver and know to a certainty that from one house there in which 50 people could not live without serious danger to their health, over 200 people were registered and voted. I have talked with the people that were supposed to be the voters and many of them did not make any pretense of concealing the frauds that were being carried on. And a great deal of it was got up for the purpose of electing Mrs. Brandt. Colorado must stand up for her honest government. No credit must be given to the many other counties of the state that helped to elect an honest governor and stood up for an honest government, San Juan, Huerfano and the San Luis valley counties as well as the others."

Chairman Chambers then proposed that the Grand Army veterans, so many of whom were among the audience, join together in singing some patriotic song for the assembly. "These veterans,"

some of whom over 30 years ago helped other states to join the union and the year aided in making Colorado join the union." Three cheers were proposed for the G. A. R., when the gray-haired soldiers of '61 sang "Marching Thro' Georgia."

Judge Dixon, in response to many requests for his speech, then stepped forward. Judge Dixon, Hon. Frank Goudy and Robert Brynner made stirring addresses and their speeches were received with the greatest demonstrations that have greeted any political speakers in this city for a long time. They expressed the reason for the defeat of the Democratic leaders as being the gross incompetence that their administration had shown in this state, the great popularity of Theodore Roosevelt, and last but not least, the great integrity of the candidates themselves. They cautioned the Republican party in Colorado from being too confident and stated that they must begin work immediately to prepare for the campaign of 1904, which is almost upon us, and which must result in "the new" being replaced in the White house chair.

Upon adjournment of the meeting at the Opera house at 10 o'clock, nearly everyone went direct to the Antlers. The drum corps accompanied the procession, heading it and adding greatly to the enthusiasm of the occasion with its inspiring music.

Manager Marucchi and Sheriff Gilbert had worked together in the most perfect mutual understanding that has been known in this city. The master of ceremonies, Sheriff Gilbert, knew what he wanted and Manager Marucchi knew how to provide it, and this is the whole story. There were covered seats in the main dining room for 500 persons, and nearly 100 more crowded in, rather than go to the other dining room, because they wished to be within seeing, as well as hearing, distance of the speakers. It was probably the biggest crowd that the Home Dairy ever had all at once.

When the inner man had been satisfied, Mr. L. N. Stevens, toastmaster, pointed Dr. Charles P. Stough of this city to membership in the state board of medical examiners. This appointment is to fill the vacancy in the board occasioned by the death of Dr. George W. Law. One of this city, who was a member of the board for several years.

During the football game at Washburn field yesterday afternoon, George Lucas, Paul West and Tom Hutson, three high school students who were sitting or leaning too heavily on the top rail of the bleachers, were hurled violently to the ground, by the breaking of the rail. Hutson, beyond a severe shaking up, was none the worse for the fall, but the other two boys fared badly. West had his nose broken and his head hurt and was also severely bruised about the head. Lucas struck the ground on his neck and was also badly bruised about the head and face. He may have received some internal injuries, but he remained unconscious for some time. Dr. Allen, who was in the crowd, was called to attend them.

Death of J. C. McKenna. J. C. McKenna died at his home on West Bijou street yesterday morning, after a lingering illness of over a year. The deceased was a sufferer from Bright's disease and death was not unexpected. Mr. McKenna was a well-known mining man of this city and was interested for several years in various properties in the Cripple Creek district. At the time of his death the deceased was 55 years old. He leaves a wife but no children.

DR. STOUGH APPOINTED TO THE STATE MEDICAL BOARD. Governor Orman yesterday appointed Dr. Charles P. Stough of this city to membership in the state board of medical examiners. This appointment is to fill the vacancy in the board occasioned by the death of Dr. George W. Law. One of this city, who was a member of the board for several years.

THREE SPECTATORS FELL FROM THE BLEACHERS. During the football game at Washburn field yesterday afternoon, George Lucas, Paul West and Tom Hutson, three high school students who were sitting or leaning too heavily on the top rail of the bleachers, were hurled violently to the ground, by the breaking of the rail. Hutson, beyond a severe shaking up, was none the worse for the fall, but the other two boys fared badly. West had his nose broken and his head hurt and was also severely bruised about the head. Lucas struck the ground on his neck and was also badly bruised about the head and face. He may have received some internal injuries, but he remained unconscious for some time. Dr. Allen, who was in the crowd, was called to attend them.

SAMUEL WILCOX OF THIS CITY DIED ON TRAIN FROM PUEBLO. Death was postmaster for the Rock Island train due here at 8:20 from Pueblo last evening and the grim specter was victor. When the train reached this city, Samuel Wilcox, a stone mason 55 years old, reclined in a chair car a dead man.

On his way to visit his family in this city he was stricken down and his home coming, instead of being an event of joy, was instead his funeral. Mr. Wilcox had been working at his trade as stone mason in Pueblo. He boarded the Rock Island train in that city last evening to come to Colorado Springs to visit his family at 217 South Tejon street. The conductor took up his ticket, he noticed that Mr. Wilcox appeared to be asleep in the smoking compartment of the chair car and as the ticket reader Colorado Springs he told the porter to wake him up when pulling into the yards here.

The porter did as he was ordered, but reported to the conductor that he was unable to rouse the man. The conductor himself then went to the car and shook Mr. Wilcox, but almost immediately discovered that he was dead. Coroner Law was notified when the train reached the depot here and took charge of the remains. He pronounced the cause of death as heart failure and will hold an inquest. The deceased was well known in this city and highly respected. News of his death caused profound regret. He leaves a wife and two sons and two daughters, who live at the family residence on South Weber. The family resided on South Weber. Joseph Wilcox, a son, is a popular employee at Jones & Wellington's drug store. No funeral arrangements have yet been announced.

WANTED. Men to learn the Barber Trade. Eight weeks completes. Positions guaranteed. Write for particulars. MOORE BARBER COLLEGE, Denver, Colo. or Dallas, Tex.

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ANALYSIS OF WATER BY PROF. GOODALE, of Colorado College. Potassium sulphate 1.25 Sodium sulphate 1.40 Sodium chloride 1.90 Sodium carbonate 1.75 Calcium carbonate 7.32 Magnesium carbonate 3.38 Silica62 Oxide of iron and aluminum47 Figures given are grains per gallon. (U. S.) Stephen L. Goodale.

For information regarding the Sanatorium or Springs, write to Dr. T. G. Horn, COLORADO SPRINGS.

ZIMMERMAN'S CHICAGO BAKERY. 109 South Tejon Street. Visitors to Colorado Springs will find at the above place the best and cheapest Restaurant, lunch and bakery in the city.

THE: Knight-Campbell Music Co. 113 N. Tejon St. COLORADO SPRINGS. Best Pianos at lowest prices. Special bargains for out of town customers. Write us for particulars as to makes, sales, prices and terms. Catalogues free.

For Mange, Scabbies, Lice, Insects. Use non-poisonous disinfectant, Kri-Omulsion, a castle and cheap; this is effective and safe; can be used cold; sure death to insects of all kinds and excels as a spray for trees and shrubs.

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CHEAP RATES TO TEXAS. Via the popular Colorado & Southern railway, the Texas Short Line. Call at city office, 15 North Tejon street, for particulars.

Friends of Gamblers Will Appeal to Governor Orman. It is understood that a movement is now on foot among prominent residents of Colorado City to have Governor Orman pardon N. B. Hames, David Reese, J. W. Blackwood, James I. Lacey and Henry Coby who are serving sentences of 30 days in the county jail, the first four for conducting gambling establishments and Coby for keeping his saloon open on Sunday. It was expected that a delegation would see Governor Orman yesterday according to reports. A pardon from the governor is all that can save the men from serving out the full time imposed by Judge Cunningham and it is doubtful if the court would concur in a recommendation for pardon. Those who feel that the pardon should be granted urge it on the ground that the men will have to pay fines of \$500 and costs each, anyway, and that this is sufficient punishment, combined with the fact that they have already served several days in jail.

Sheriff Gilbert will destroy the gambling paraphernalia turned over to him in accordance with the order of the court tonight. A bonfire will be built the same as when the other property was destroyed and the tables, "layouts," cars, chips, dice, etc., now in the hands of the sheriff will be consigned to the flames.

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Paint Your Houses Paper Your Rooms Frame Your Pictures. SEND ORDERS TO OR CALL ON Brown Wall Paper & Paint Company 212 North Tejon Street, COLORADO SPRINGS. Samples furnished and MAIL orders receive prompt and careful attention.

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The Patrick Hotel. AND Bath Houses. PACOSA SPRINGS, COLO. HOT MINERAL SPRINGS, conceded to be the LARGEST and BEST in the known world. Sure cure for RHEUMATISM and all BLOOD and SKIN diseases. Only hotel run in connection with the Springs. Rates \$12.00 per week including baths.

The Clark Magnetic Mineral Spring. These waters have acquired a national reputation for curing Bright's Disease, Diabetes, all forms of Kidney Diseases, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Female Weakness, Blood and Skin Diseases, Leucorrhea, Mercurial Poisons. We have just opened our New Sanitarium, elegantly furnished, modern conveniences, steam heat, electric lights and bells. Rates: Transient, \$2.00 per day and up; \$10.00 per week and up. Correspondence solicited. Clark & Wolfe, proprietors.

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Sheriff Gilbert will destroy the gambling paraphernalia turned over to him in accordance with the order of the court tonight. A bonfire will be built the same as when the other property was destroyed and the tables, "layouts," cars, chips, dice, etc., now in the hands of the sheriff will be consigned to the flames.

THE 5% Gold Bonds of the Great Equitable Life OF NEW YORK. Are a better Investment than the average Saving Banks account. ASSETS \$331,000,000 YOU SAVE AND YOU ARE INSURED. For rates and details address, C. A. STEYN & CO., Manager's Equitable Building, DENVER, COLORADO.

Paint Your Houses Paper Your Rooms Frame Your Pictures. SEND ORDERS TO OR CALL ON Brown Wall Paper & Paint Company 212 North Tejon Street, COLORADO SPRINGS. Samples furnished and MAIL orders receive prompt and careful attention.

Colorado College. The oldest institution for higher education in the West. Founded at Colorado Springs, 1874. Colorado College now offers advantages of the same grade as the best eastern institutions. For information concerning courses of study, rooms and board, physical culture, etc., apply to Wm. F. Slocum, President, or Edward E. Parsons, Dean. For information in regard to the Colorado College Conservatory of Music, inquire of George Crampton, Acting Director. Those wishing information as to the courses in Drawing, Painting, Designing, etc., inquire of Louis Soutter, Director of Art Department.

For Mange, Scabbies, Lice, Insects. Use non-poisonous disinfectant, Kri-Omulsion, a castle and cheap; this is effective and safe; can be used cold; sure death to insects of all kinds and excels as a spray for trees and shrubs.

W. M. CLARK, Florist, Agent for El Paso County. Manufactured by the ANTISEPTIC MANUFACTURING COMPANY, 722 15th Street, Denver, Colo.

NEWS OF EL PASO COUNTY TOWNS

MONUMENT

Mr. W. D. Watts spent Sunday with his family at Elbert.

Dick Millwright made a trip to Colorado Springs Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. De Witt Quereau and the little son Edwin of Victor, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Will Pring last week.

Mr. Bassett of Calhan, spent a few days last week with Mrs. D. Guire.

Mr. John Bishop and family came down from Denver last week for a visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Bishop at Table Rock. Mr. Bishop was threatened with typhoid fever.

Mrs. J. E. Williams and sons, of Peyton, were guests at the Higby home over Sunday.

Mr. H. McCallister and wife of Colorado Springs, were visitors in Monument on Sunday.

Mr. James Brown had the misfortune to be thrown from his wagon Saturday morning, breaking his collar bone. He was driving to town with a load of grain when his team became frightened, causing the accident.

Mr. George Glen finished building his new home at Monument one day last week.

Mr. White of Pemberton spent a few days last week in Monument.

The Woman's association will meet at the home of Mrs. Saylor on Thursday afternoon, November 13.

The regular business meeting of the W. C. T. U. was held at the home of Mrs. Chandler last Thursday afternoon with nine members present. It was voted to appoint a committee of three to arrange for the winter. The committee appointed by the chair were Mesdames Gittings, Barrows and McConnell.

William G. Williams of Colorado Springs visited friends in Monument one day last week.

Mrs. Cora Schilling of Colorado Springs came Friday for a few days' visit with her brother, Mr. Kirk Stoddard.

Mr. Arnold, formerly a resident of the divide, but now of Glendale, Colo., spent a few days last week with old friends here.

Dr. Kupp, Rev. Bell, F. W. Bell, Henry Lambcock and J. Geiger, attended the Republican banquet at the Antlers hotel Saturday evening.

Mr. Edgar Wise and family went to Calhan Sunday for a short stay on his ranch.

Mr. A. Peterson left Friday for Salt Lake, where he will have work with the Western Union Telegraph company.

The teachers of this part of the county held a teachers' association here Friday evening. The school room was well filled with teachers, parents and children. County Superintendent Collins opened the meeting with a few introductory remarks. Mr. Smith read a paper entitled "The Course of Study in Our Common Schools," which was extremely interesting. Mr. McDonald of Husted, took for his subject "History," and thoroughly convinced his audience that it was one of the most important in the curriculum.

The "Educational Theory," was the title of Mr. Collins' paper, which he did full justice. Prof. Heller, principal of the Fountain school, made a few remarks followed by papers by Mr. Nelson on "Fundamental Considerations in Education," a few select songs were rendered by the pupils of the Monument school, assisted by Mr. Nelson and Miss Gwinn.

Mrs. Melvin and children of Colorado Springs, were the guests of Mrs. Lamar last week.

Mrs. Jessie Barrows was called to Cripple Creek Thursday.

Mr. George Copeland of Calhan was buried in the Monument cemetery on Thursday afternoon. Mr. Copeland was formerly a resident of this place and is a brother of Mr. John Copeland.

Mrs. Jessie Barrows was called to Denver Saturday by the illness of her cousin.

A surprise party was given at the home of Wesley Galley in honor of J. A. Prock. Mrs. Galley's son, Thursday evening. About twenty guests were present to help him celebrate his birthday. Dancing was the amusement of the evening, at the close of which refreshments were served by the hostess.

The committee have arranged for a debate Thursday night, November 20. The question is: "Resolved that loyalty to party should be considered by the voters to be of greater importance than character of personal ability of the candidates." Messrs. Madrox and Bell are the leaders.

Mr. Kirk Stoddard and Miss Agnes Brown were married in Colorado Springs Sunday. Both the bride and groom are well known here, having spent their early life in the divide. Their many friends were in wishing that their married life may be as bright as their wedding day.

Mrs. E. Meyers made a trip to Colorado Springs Monday.

Mr. J. W. Pring of Colorado Springs, was in town Monday.

Mrs. McConnell and little daughter, went to Colorado Springs Tuesday for a few days' visit.

Mr. Jacobs, the D. and R. G. agent at Palmer Lake, is taking a vacation. While he is away Mr. Hadermann has charge of the office there.

Miss Sarah Wilson finished her six weeks' term at the Palmer school Friday. Miss Wilson began teaching at Table Rock Monday morning.

Mrs. Matson of Salina, Kan., who has been taking X-ray and ultra-violet light treatment for cancer of the throat, returned to her home in Salina after a two-months' stay, having been greatly benefited from the treatment.

WATCHES COLORADO SPRINGS MINING STOCK EXCHANGE

We carry a large stock of gold, gold-filled and silver watches of all standard makes.

All kinds of Diamond and Plain RINGS

All the newest things in jewelry and silverware. If your watch is stopped, bring it to us.

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JEWELER AND OPTICIAN

105 Pike's Peak Ave., Colorado Springs.

ENTRUSSED OVER PORTLAND

Special to the Gazette.

Cripple Creek, Nov. 12.—President Burns of the great Portland property is in town tonight. During the day he took a peep through his big bonanza and he is now more than ever convinced that he has secured a rich mine. He has been here for some time, and he is now more than ever convinced that he has secured a rich mine. He has been here for some time, and he is now more than ever convinced that he has secured a rich mine.

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Colorado Springs, Nov. 12.—The mining stock market this morning was a repetition of yesterday's. The volume of trading was light and prices were about the same. While there were no gains or losses there was a noticeable weakness and such advances as were made were of a fractional character. In the mines list Gould and Lexington made fractional gains and Portland advanced one cent on a deal of 200 shares. Pharmacist was a fraction lower.

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